

sena's minister, Rājat. — **bhavana**, n. N. of a temple built by M°, ib.

मोरिका morikā, f. a side-door, postern-gate, Gal.; N. of a poetess, Cat.

मोर्वणीकर morvāṇī-kara, m. N. of Narahari-dikshita, Cat.

मोष mosha, m. ($\sqrt{2}$. mush) a robber, thief, plunderer, BhP.; Git.; robbery, theft, stealing, plundering, Mn.; Var. &c. (also ā, f., L.); anything robbed or stolen, stolen property, Mn. ix, 278. — **krit**, mfn. proclaiming or predicting a theft, VarBrS. **Moshābhidarsana**, n. seeing or witnessing a robbery, Mn. ix, 274.

Moshaka, m. a thief, robber, L.

Moshana, mfn. (ifc.) robbing, plundering, carrying off, BhP.; n. the act of robbing &c., Nir.; defrauding, embezzling, Kull. on Mn. viii, 400.

Moshayitnu, m. (fr. Caus.) a Brāhmaṇ, L.; the Indian cuckoo, L.

Moshtri, m. a robber, thief, L.

Moshya, mfn. liable to be stolen, Vas.

मोह móha, m. ($\sqrt{1}$. muh; ifc. f. ā) loss of consciousness, bewilderment, perplexity, distraction, infatuation, delusion, error, folly, AV. &c. &c. (moham $\sqrt{brū}$, to say anything that leads to error; moham $\sqrt{yā}$, to fall into error; mohāt, ind. through folly or ignorance); fainting, stupefaction, a swoon, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; (in phil.) darkness or delusion of mind (preventing the discernment of truth and leading men to believe in the reality of worldly objects); (with Buddhists) ignorance (one of the three roots of vice, Dharmas. 139); a magical art employed to bewilder an enemy (= mohana), Cat.; wonder, amazement, L.; Infatuation personified (as the offspring of Brahmā), VP. — **kalila**, n. thicket or snare of illusion, Bhag.; spirituous liquor, L. — **kārin**, m. Caryota Urens, L. — **cūḍottara** or **°ra-sāstra**, n. N. of wk. — **jāla**, n. net of illusion, mundane fascination, Yājñ.; MBh. — **nidrā**, f. 'sleep of infatuation,' thoughtless confidence, ŚāṅgP. — **parāyana**, mfn(ā)n. thoroughly stupefied, Kum. — **parimuktā**, f. N. of a Gandharva maid, Kāraṇḍ. — **pāśa**, m. the snare of (worldly) illusion, MW. — **mantra**, m. a spell or charm causing infatuation or delusion, Kathās. — **maya**, mfn(ā)n. consisting of infatuation or delusion, Kāv. — **mudgara**, m. 'hammer of ignorance or infatuation,' N. of two wks. — **rāja-parājaya**, m. N. of a drama. — **rātri**, f. 'night of bewilderment,' the n° when the world is to be destroyed, BrahmavP. — **vat**, mfn. filled with infatuation, MBh.; Sāmkhyak., Sch. — **sāstra**, n. false doctrine, KūrmaP. — **sūlottara**, n. N. of wk. **Mohātmaka**, mfn. causing delusion, Up. **Mohāntā**, m. deep bewilderment of mind, ŚBr. **Mohāndha-sūrya**, m. a partic. medicament, Rasendrac. **Mohōpanishad**, f. N. of wk. **Mohōpamā**, f. 'delusion-comparison,' (in rhet.) a comp° which leads to confusing the subject and object of comparison (e.g. 'regarding thy face, O dear one, as the moon, I run after the moon as if it were thy face'), Kāvyād.

Mohaka, mfn. bewildering, infatuating, causing ignorance or folly, MW.

Mohana, mfn(ā)n. depriving of consciousness, bewildering, confusing, perplexing, leading astray, infatuating, MBh.; R. &c.; m. the thorn-apple, L.; N. of Śiva, R.; N. of one of the 5 arrows of the god of love, Vet.; of various other authors and men, Kathās.; Śukas.; Cat.; (ā), f. the flower of a sort of jasmine, L.; Trigonella Corniculata, L.; (ī), f. Portulaca Quadrifida, L.; a partic. illusion or delusion, Sarvad.; a partic. incantation, Kathās.; N. of an Apsaras, Pañcar.; of a female demon (daughter of Garbha-hantri), MārkP.; of one of the nine Śaktis of Vishṇu, L.; n. the being deluded or infatuated, delusion, infatuation, embarrassment, mistake, Nir.; Bhag.; Git.; stupor, being stupefied, Suśr.; sexual intercourse, Kāv.; Sāh.; the act of perplexing, puzzling, bewildering, R.; Git.; MārkP.; any means employed for bewildering others, Daś.; temptation, seduction, W.; a magical charm used to bewilder an enemy; the formula used in that process (esp. the hymns AV. iii, 1, 2), Kauś.; N. of a town, MBh. — **canda**, m. N. of a man, MW. — **dāsa**, m. N. of two authors, Cat. — **prakṛiti**, m. N. of a pupil of Śāmkarācārya, Śāmkar. — **bhoga**, m. a partic. kind of sweetmeat, L. — **latā**, f. a plant which has the power of fascinating, MW. — **lāla**, m. N. of an

author, Cat. — **vallikā** (Suśr.) or **vallī** (Npr.), f. a species of plant. — **sapta-sati**, f. N. of a poem. **Mohanāstra**, n. N. of one of the 5 arrows of the god of love, Kathās.; a weapon which stupefies or fascinates the person against whom it is directed, MW.

Mohanaka, m. the month Caitra, L.; (īkā), f. a species of plant, Suśr.

Mohaniya, mfn. 'to be deluded,' resulting from illusion or error or infatuation, MBh.; producing delusion, bewildering, puzzling, ib.; Sarvad.

Mohama, m. a partic. personification, SāmavBr. **Mohayitri**, mfn. one who bewilders or perplexes, MBh.

Mohita, mfn. stupefied, bewildered, infatuated, deluded (often in comp., e.g. kāma-m°, infatuated by love), MBh.; R. &c.

Mohin, mfn. deluding, confusing, perplexing, illusive, MBh.; R. &c.; (īnī), f. a fascinating woman, MW. (cf. RTL. 65, n. 1); the flower of a species of jasmine, L.; N. of an Apsaras, Pañcar.; of a daughter of Rukmāngada, VP.; °ni-mantra, m., -rāja-sahasra-nāmāvalī, f. N. of wks.

Móhuka, mfn. falling into confusion, TS.

मौक mauka, m. patr. fr. mūka, ĀśvSr.

मौकलि maukali, m. a raven, L. (cf. maukuli; maudgali).

Maukalya, m. a Vaidehaka who sews and dyes clothes (also called a Rāmaka), L.

मौकुन्द maukunda, mfn. relating to Mukunda i.e. Vishṇu, Pañcar.

मौकुलि maukuli, m. a crow, Uttarar. (cf. maukali).

मौक्तिक mauktika, mfn. (fr. mukti) striving after final emancipation, Pañcat.; m. (only in MBh.) n. (fr. muktā; comp. f. ā) a pearl (properly 'a collection of p's'), MBh.; Kāv. &c. — **gumphikā**, f. a female stringer of p's, Kāshik. — **tandula**, m. a kind of white Yāvanāla, L. — **dāman**, n. a string of p's, L.; a kind of metre, Col. — **prasavā**, f. a pearl muscle, L. (cf. muktā-prasū). — **maya**, mfn(ī)n. consisting of pearls, Śringār. — **māraṇa**, n. N. of a subject treated of in the Dhātu-ratna-inālā, Cat. — **mālā**, f. a pearl necklace, L.; a species of metre, Col. — **ratna**, n. a pearl gem, pearl (-tā, f.), Rājat. — **sukti**, f. a pearl oyster, L. — **sara**, m. a string of p's, Nalac.; Uttarar. **Mauktikābha**, mfn. like p's, MW. **Mauktikāvali** (Kir.) or **lī** (Kathās.), f. a pearl necklace. **Mauktikā-hāra**, m. id., Mālatīm.

मौक्य maukyā, n. (fr. mūka) dumbness, speechlessness, Mn. xi, 51.

मौक्ष mauksha, n. (fr. moksha) N. of a Sāman, Lāty.

Maukshika, mfn. relating to the release of a planet (from eclipse) or to the end of an ecl°, Sūryas.

मौख maukha, mfn. (fr. mukha) relating to the mouth, oral (n. [?] a fault or defect connected with the mouth), Hariv.; based on oral instruction, Pat.

Maukhika, mfn. (fr. mukha), L.

Maukhyā, n. precedence, pre-eminence, Hit. (w.r.)

मौखर maukhara, m. (fr. mukhara) N. of a family or race, Hcar.

Maukhari, m. a patr., Vās., Introd.

Maukhari, f. = next, MW.

Maukharya, n. talkativeness, garrulity, Pañcar.; scurrility, defamation, abusiveness, calumny, MW.; (ā), f. of maukhari above, Pān. iv, 1, 79, Sch.

मौध maugdha (w. r., Sāh.; Uttarar.) or maugdhyā (ib.; Kathās. &c.), n. (fr. mugdha), simplicity, innocence, inexperience, a feminine grace (asking a lover to tell what is already known); charm, beauty, MW.

मौघ्य maughya, n. (fr. mogha) vanity, unprofitableness, uselessness, BhP.

मौच mauca, n. (fr. mocca) the fruit of the banana or plantain tree, Suśr.

मौजवत maujavatā, mfn. coming from or produced on the mountain Müja-vat, RV.; Nir.; m. (said to be) a patr. of Aksha (author of RV. x, 34).

मौञ्ज mauñjā, mfn(ī)n. (fr. muñja) made of Muñja-grass or its fibres, TS. &c. &c.; resembling

Muñja-grass or living on it, RV. i, 191, 3; m. a blade of Muñja-grass, MW.; N. of a village of the Bāhikas, L.; (ī), f. see below. — **vivāna**, mfn. twisted or fabricated out of Muñja-grass, ĀpSr.

Mauñjaka, m. blades of Muñja-grass, VarBrS. (v. l. muñjaka).

Mauñjakāyana, m. a patr., Pravar.

Mauñjavata, mf(ī)n. coming from the mountain Muñja-vat, Siddh. on Pān. iv, 4, 110.

Mauñjāyana, m. patr. fr. muñja, g. nadādi; N. of a man, MBh.; pl. N. of a warlike family, g. dāmany-ādi; (ī), f. a princess of the Mauñjāyanas, g. śārṅgaravāddī. °niya, m. a prince of the Mauñjāyanas, g. dāmany-ādi.

Mauñjin, mfn. girt with or wearing a girdle of Muñja-grass, Hariv. (cf. nāga-m°).

Mauñji-bandhana, n. = mauñji-bandhana, Mn. ii, 169, 171; Yājñ. i, 39.

Mauñjī, f. (scil. mekhala, m. c. also mauñji) a Brāhmaṇ's girdle or cord made of a triple string of Muñja-grass; any girdle, MBh.; Kāv. &c. — **tri-nākhya**, m. Muñja-grass, L. — **dhara**, mfn. wearing or carrying Muñja-grass, MBh. — **nibandhana**, n. the binding on of the girdle of Muñja-grass or of the sacred cord, Mn. ii, 27. — **pattrā**, f. Eleusine Indica, L. — **bandhana**, n. = -nibandhana; °na-cihnta, mfn. distinguished by the binding of the Muñja girdle, Mn. ii, 170.

Mauñjīya, mfn. made of Muñja-grass, BhavP.

Mauñjya, m. a partic. personification, Gaut.

मौडी maudī, f. coarse ground meal, L.

मौढ़ maudhya, m. (fr. mūḍha) patr., g. kurv-ādī; n. stupidity, ignorance, folly, MBh.; Kāv. &c.; swoon, stupor, L.

मौडिनिकाय mauñdi-nikāya, m. (mauñdi fr. muñda) a proper N., Pān. vi, 2, 94, Sch.

Maundika, n. shaving, L.

Maundyā, n. shaving the head, tonsure, baldness, Mn.; MBh. &c.

मौच्र mauutra, n. (fr. mūtra) a quantity of urine, GṛŚrS. (cf. a-mautra-dhauta).

Mautra-kričchrika, mf(ī)n. (fr. mūtra kričhra) resembling strangury, Car.

मौद mauda, m. pl. (fr. muda) N. of a school, Pān. iv, 2, 66, Sch.; sg. a pupil of this school (see maudaka). — **paippalāda**, m. pl., g. kārta-kau-japādī. — **hāyana**, m. a patr. (also pl.), Saṃskārak.

I. **Maudaka**, n. a partic. version of a sacred text adopted by Mauda, Pat.

मौदक 2. **maudaka**, mf(ī)n. (fr. modaka) relating to sweetmeats, dealing with them, Cat. °kika, mf(ī)n. consisting or composed of sw°, Pān. v, 4, 22, Sch.; m. a confectioner, Pān. v, 4, 21, Sch.

Maudanika, mf(ā or ī)n. (fr. modana), g. kāṣy-ādi. °neyaka, mfn., g. kattrī-ādi.

मौदमानिक maudamānika, mf(ā or ī)n. (fr. modamāna), g. kāṣy-ādi.

मौदाकिन् maudākin, m. (prob.) N. of a mountain, MBh. (v. l. modakin); of a son of Bhavya and (n.) a Varsha ruled by him, VP. (v. l. maudaki).

मौडग maudga, mf(ā)n. (fr. mudga) relating to a bean, consisting of beans, KātyŚr.; Suśr.; m. N. of a preceptor, VP. **Maudgika**, mf(ī)n. purchased with beans, Pān. v, 1, 37, Vārtt. 3, Pat. °gīna, mf(ī)n. sown with beans, Pān. v, 2, 1, Sch.

मौडल maudgali, m. (fr. mudgala) a crow, L. — **kera**, m. a patr., L.

Maudgaliya, mfn. (fr. maudgalya), g. kṛiśi-āvādī.

Maúdgalyā, mfn. descended or sprung from Mudgala, BhP.; m. patr. of Nāka, ŚBr.; of Śatabalāksha, Nir.; of Lāṅgalāyana, AitBr.; N. of a chamberlain, Mālav.; m. a partic. mixed caste, MBh.

Maudgalyāyana, m. (patr. fr. prec.) N. of a pupil of Gautama Buddha, Lalit.

मौट्रिक maudrika, m. (fr. mudrā) a maker of seal rings (?), L.

मौन maunā, m. (fr. muni) a patr., ĀśvSr.; pl. N. of a dynasty, VP.; (ī), f. N. of the 15th day in the dark half of the month Phālguna (when a partic. form of ablution is performed in silence), Col.;