

sasmarti, Gr. [Cf. Gk. *μέμνεσθαι*; Lat. *memor*, *mora*.]

Smara, mf(ā)n. remembering, recollecting (see *jāti-smara*); m. (sc. f. ā) memory, remembrance, recollection, ChUp.; Uttarar.; loving recollection, love, (esp.) sexual love, AV. &c. &c.; Kāma-deva (god of love), Kālid.; Kathās. &c.; an interpreter or explainer of the Veda (and ‘the god of love’), Naish.; the 7th astrol. mansion, VarBṛS.—**kathā**, f. love-talk, lover’s prattle, VarBṛS.—**karman**, n. any amorous act, wanton behaviour, W.—**kāra**, mf(ī)n. exciting love, VarBṛS.—**kūpaka**, m. or -**kūpikā**, f. ‘well of love,’ the female organ, L.—**guru**, m. ‘l^o-preceptor,’ N. of Vishṇu, L.—**griha**, n. ‘abode of love,’ the female organ, L.—**cakra** or -**candra**, m. a kind of sexual union, L.—**cchattrā**, n. the clitoris, L.—**jivanī**, f. N. of a Surān-ganā, Sīnhās.—**ivara**, m. ‘love-fever,’ ardent l^o, Vet.—**tattva-prakāśikā**, f. N. of an erotic wk.—**tā**, f. state of recollection (see *jāti-sm*).—**tāpa-maya**, mf(ī)n. consisting of the fire of l^o (with *gada* = ‘love-fever’), Naish.—**tva**, n. = -**tā** (see *jāti-sm*).—**daśā**, f. state of the body produced by love (ten states are named: joy of the eyes, pensive reflection, desire, sleeplessness, emaciation, indifference to external objects, abandonment of shame, infatuation, fainting away, death), Megh.—**dahana**, m. ‘burner of Kāma,’ N. of Śiva (cf. under *an-aṅga*), Inscr.—**dāyin**, mfn. arousing love, Kir.—**dīpana**, mfn. id., Ragh.; m. N. of an author, Cat.—**dīpikā**, f. N. of an erotic wk.—**durmada**, mfn. intoxicated or infatuated by l^o, BhP.—**dhvaja**, m. ‘love-sign,’ a partic. musical instrument, L.; the male organ, L.; a fabulous fish (regarded as Kāma’s emblem), W.; (ā), f. a bright moonlight night, L.; (am), n. the female organ, L.—**nipuna**, mfn. skilled in (the art of) love, VarBṛS.—**pīdita**, mfn. tormented by love, Pañcat.—**priyā**, f. ‘dear to Kāma,’ N. of Rati (q.v.), L.—**bāna-pānti**, f. the five arrows of Kāma (collectively), L.—**bhāsita**, mfn. inflamed by l^o, MW.—**bhū**, mfn. arisen from l^o, Śringār.—**mandira**, n. = -**griha**, L.—**maya**, mf(ī)n. produced by l^o, Śi.—**mush**, m. destroyer of Kāma, N. of Śiva, Kāv.—**moha**, m. infatuation of l^o, W.—**mohita**, mfn. infatuated by l^o, ib.—**ruj**, f. l^o-sickness, BhP.—**le-kha**, m. a love-letter, BhP.—**lekhanī**, f. the Śārikā bird, L.—**vatī**, f. a woman in love, L.—**vadhūya**, Nom. P. °yati, to resemble Kāma’s wife, Kuval.—**vallabha**, m. ‘love’s favourite,’ N. of A-niruddha, L.—**vīthikā**, f. ‘l^o-market,’ a prostitute, hārlot, L.—**vṛiddhi**, f. ‘love-increase,’ N. of a partic. plant (whose seed is an aphrodisiac), L.; -**saṃjña**, m. id., MW.—**sātru**, m. ‘enemy of Kāma,’ N. of Śiva (cf. *an-aṅga*), L.—**sabara**, m. ‘love-barbarian,’ cruel l^o, MW.—**sara-maya**, mf(ī)n. abounding in Kāma’s arrows (i.e. partic. flowers), Śukas.—**sā-sana**, m. ‘chastiser of Kāma,’ N. of Śiva (cf. -*sātru*), Kum.—**sāstra**, n. a manual of erotics, Rājat.—**sakha**, m. ‘love’s friend,’ the spring, Kum.; the moon, L.—**saha**, mfn. capable of exciting l^o, Śi.—**sāyaka-lakshya**, n. the aim of Kāma’s arrows (-tā, f.), Kathās.—**stambha**, m. ‘l^o-column,’ the male organ, L.—**smarya**, m. ‘to be remembered by Kāma,’ a donkey (noted for sexual power), L.—**hara**, m. ‘love-destroyer,’ N. of Śiva (cf. -*sātru*), Kautukas. **Smarākula** or ‘līta, mfn. agitated by love, love-sick, Hit. **Smarākṛishṭa**, mfn. attracted or overcome by love, Kathās. **Smarāgāra**, n. = *smara-griha*, L.—**Smarākuśa**, m. ‘love-hook,’ a finger-nail, L.; a lascivious person, L.—**Smarā-tura**, mfn. love-sick, pining with love, VarBṛS. **Smarādhivāsa**, m. ‘love’s abode,’ the Aśoka tree, L.—**Smarāndha**, mfn. l^o-blinded, infatuated by l^o, W.—**Smarāmra**, m. a species of Āmra, L.—**Smarārī**, m. = *smara-sātru*, Kād.—**Smarārtā**, mfn. l^o-sick, Naish., Sch.—**Smarāsava**, m. ‘love-liquid,’ saliva, L.—**Smarāshudhī-√kṛi**, P. -*karoti*, to turn into Kāma’s quiver, Naish.—**Smarōtsuka**, mfn. pining with l^o, love-sick, W.—**Smarādgītha**, m. ‘love-song,’ N. of a son of Devaki, BhP.—**Smarāddīpana**, m. ‘love-kindler,’ a sort of hair-oil, VarBṛS.—**Smarānmāda**, m. amorous intoxication or folly, Daś.—**Smarāpakarana**, n. implement of love (as perfumes &c.), VarBṛS.

Smarana, n. the act of remembering or calling to mind, remembrance, reminiscence, recollection of (gen. or comp.), MBh.; R. &c.; memory, BhP.; a kind of rhet. figure (cf. *smṛiti*), Kpr.; handing down by memory, tradition, traditional teaching or record or precept (*iti smaranāt*, ‘from its being so

mentioned in the Smṛiti,’ q.v.), Kull.; Yajñ., Sch.; mental recitation (of the name of a deity), calling upon the name of a god, MW.; (ī), f. a rosary of beads (held in the hand, not worn as a necklace), ib.—**krama-mālā**, f. N. of a wk. (treating of meditation on Caitanya, Kṛishna, and Viṣṇu-vana).—**padavī**, f. ‘road of (mere) memory,’ death (°vīm gamitah = ‘dead, killed’), Bhartṛ.—**bhū**, m. ‘memory-born,’ N. of Kāma-deva, Hariv.—**maṅgala** and **lākādaśaka**, (prob.) N. of wks. **Smaraṇānu-graha**, m. the favour of remembrance, kind rem^o, MW.—**Smaraṇāpatya-tarpaka**, m. ‘satisfying memory’s offspring,’ a turtle, tortoise, L.—**Smaraṇāyaugapadya**, n. the non-simultaneousness of recollection, MW.

Smaraṇīya, mfn. to be remembered, memorable (°yām smaram √kṛi, ‘to remind of Kāma’; °yām gatim √nī, ‘to lead to the path of (mere) memory,’ i.e. ‘put to death’), Daś.; BhP.; Śatr.

Smartavya, mfn. to be remembered, memorable, MBh.; R. &c.; living only in the memory (of men), Jātakam.

Smartri, mfn. one who remembers or recollects (gen. or comp.), Hariv.; BhP.; a teacher, preceptor, Sīnhās.—**tva**, n. remembrance, recollection, MW.

Smarya, mfn. to be remembered, memorable (cf. *smara-smarya*), Pañcar.

Smāra, m. remembrance, recollection of (comp.), TĀr.; (fr. *smara*) relating or belonging to the god of love, Naish.

Smāraka, mfn. (fr. Caus.) recalling, reminding of (comp.; -*tva*, n.), Kātyār., Sch.

Smārana, n. the act of causing to remember, reminding, calling to mind, Śamk.; Sāh.; (also ā, f.) counting or numbering again, calculating an account, checking, MBh.; (ī), f. a kind of plant, L.

Smāram, ind. (with *smāram* repeated) having remembered or recollected, Ghaṭ.; Uttamac. (cf. Vop. xxvi, 219).

Smārita, mfn. (fr. Caus.) reminded, called to mind, recalled to recollection, W.

Smārin, mfn. remembering (comp.), Rājat.; reminding, MW.

Smārta, mfn. (fr. *smṛiti*) relating to memory, memorial, MBh.; recorded in or based on the Smṛiti (q.v.), based on tradition, prescribed or sanctioned by traditional law or usage, legal, ĀśvGr.; Yajñ.; Sarvad.; versed in tradition, Pañcat.; m. an orthodox Brāhmaṇa versed in or guided by traditional law and usage (esp. a follower of Śāmkarācārya and of the Vedānta doctrine), RTL. 55; 95; = *smārta-bhāṭṭācārya*, Cat.; (am), n. any act or rite enjoined by Smṛiti, legal act, MW.—**karman**, n. = *smārtam* above, ib.—**kāla**, m. the period to which memory may extend (i.e. a century, accord. to some lawyers), W.—**kutūhala**, n., -**dīpikā**, f. N. of wks.—**pan-dita**, m. a Smārta scholar or Brāhmaṇa (cf. above), Hāsy.—**padārtha-samgraha**, m., -**pradīpikā**, f., -**prayoga**, m., °ga-kārikā, f., -**prāyaścitta**, n., °tta-paddhati, f., °tta-vinirñaya, m., °ttod-dhāra, m. N. of wks.—**bhāṭṭācārya**, m. N. of Raghu-nandana (a celebrated Brāhmaṇa who lived at the beginning of the 16th century and wrote 28 Tattvas, the general name of which is Smṛiti-tattva), IW. 304, n. 2.—**rāma**, m. N. of the author of the Tripurā-paddhati.—**vyavasthārṇava**, m., -**samuccaya**, m. N. of wks.—**sūtra**, n. any Sūtra wk. based on Smṛiti (opp. to *śrauta-sūtra*, q.v.), IW. 145.—**homa-pariśishta**, n. N. of a Pariśishta of the Sāma-veda. **Smārtānda-bilā**, f. (or °da-pille, Cat.), N. of wk.—**Smārtādhāna**, n., °tādhāna-vidhi, m., °tānushthāna-paddhati, f., °tōpā-sana-paddhati, f. N. of wks.

Smārtika, mf(ī)n. based on tradition, traditional, Kull.

Smārya, mfn. to be remembered, memorable, Vop.

Smṛita, mfn. remembered, recollected, called to mind, thought of, NṛisUp.; R.; Kathās.; mentioned, Kātyār., Sch.; handed down, taught, prescribed, (esp.) enjoined by Smṛiti or traditional law, declared or propounded in the law-books (*na smritam* = ‘not allowed,’ ‘forbidden’), ĀśvSr.; Mn.; Yajñ. &c.; declared as, passing for (nom., loc., or dat.), ChUp.; Mn.; MBh. &c.; termed, styled, named (nom. with or without *iti*), MaitrUp.; Mn. &c.; m. N. of a Prajā-pati, VP.; (am), n. remembrance, recollection, ĀśvGr.—**mātra**, mfn. only remembered or thought of, Pañcat.; °trāgata, mfn. come as soon as thought of or on merely being thought about, Kathās.

Smṛiti, f. remembrance, reminiscence, thinking

or upon (loc. or comp.), calling to mind (*smritim api te na yānti*, ‘they are not even thought of’), memory, TĀr.; ChUp.; MBh. &c.; memory as one of the Vyabhicāri-bhāvas (q.v.), Daśar.; Memory (personified either as the daughter of Daksha and wife of Aṅgiras or as the daughter of Dharma and Medhā), Hariv.; Pur.; the whole body of sacred tradition or what is remembered by human teachers (in contradistinction to *śruti* or what is directly heard or revealed to the Rishis; in its widest acceptation this use of the term Smṛiti includes the 6 Vedāṅgas, the Sūtras both *śrauta* and *grihya*, the law-books of Manu &c. [see next]; the Itihāsas [e.g. the Mahābhārata and Rāmāyaṇa], the Purāṇas and the Nitiśāstras; *iti smriteḥ*, ‘accord. to such and such a traditional precept or legal text’), IW. 144, 145; the whole body of codes of law as handed down memoriter or by tradition (esp. the codes of Manu, Yājñavalkya and the 16 succeeding inspired lawgivers, viz. Atri, Vishṇu, Hārita, Uśanas or Śukra, Aṅgiras, Yama, Āpastamba, Samvarta, Kātyāyana, Bṛihas-pati, Parāśara, Vyāsa, Śāṅkha, Likhita, Daksha and Gautama; all these lawgivers being held to be inspired and to have based their precepts on the Veda; cf. IW. 203), GrīŚrS.; Mn.; Yajñ. &c.; symbolical N. for the number 18 (fr. the 18 lawgivers above); a kind of metre, L.; N. of the letter *g*, Up.; desire, wish, Pañcat. iii, 258 (v.l. for *spṛihā*).—**karaṇḍikā**, f., -**kalpadruma**, m. N. of wks.—**kārin**, mfn. arousing recollection, Śak.—**kāla-taramga**, m., -**kaumudi**, f., °dī-ṭikā, f., -**gītā**, f., -**grantha-rāja**, m., -**candra**, m., -**candrikā**, f., -**candrādaya**, m., -**carana**, m. n., -**cintāmani**, m. N. of wks.—**jāta**, m. ‘memory-born,’ the god of love, Dharmaś.—**tattva**, n. N. of a legal wk. by Raghu-nandana (cf. *smārta-bhāṭṭācārya*); -**prakāśa**, m., -**viveka**, m. (also called °tīvāmṛita, n.), N. of wks.—**tantra**, n. a law-book, Kāv.—**da**, mfn. strengthening recollection, Bhpr.—**darpana**, m., -**dīpa**, m., -**dīpikā**, f., -**nibandha**, m. N. of wks.—**pa-tha**, m. the road to (mere) memory (*thām √gā*, ‘to go to the road of memory,’ ‘live only in them^o of men’), Bhartṛ.—**pariccheda**, m., -**paribhāṣī**, f. N. of wks.—**pāṭhaka**, m. a lawyer, Pañcat.—**pāda**, m., -**prakāśa**, m. N. of wks.—**pratyavamarṣa**, m. retentiveness of memory, accuracy of recollection, Hariv.—**pradīpa**, m. N. of wk.—**prabandha**, m. a Smṛiti composition, legal work, MW.—**prayojanā**, mfn. having memory for object, helping or assisting m^o, VPrāt.—**prāmāṇyārtha-vāda**, m., -**bhāskara**, m. N. of wks.—**bhāraṇa**, m. loss of m^o, Bhag.; loss of consciousness or discretion, Car.—**mañjarī**, f., -**mañjūṣā**, f. N. of wks.—**mat**, mfn. having recollection or full consciousness, MBh.; Śak. &c.; having a good m^o, Mn.; MBh. &c.; remembering a former life, Hariv.; prudent, discreet, Car.; Jātakam.; versed in tradition or law, Yajñ.; anything which causes recollection, BhagP.—**maya**, mf(ī)n. based upon Smṛiti or tradition, Pracāṇḍ.—**mahārṇava**, m., -**mīmānsā**, f., -**muktāphala**, n., -**muktāvalī**, f., -**rajanī**, f., -**ratna**, n., -**ratnakosā**, m., -**ratna-mahōdādhi**, m., -**ratna-viveka**, m., -**ratnakara**, m., -**ratnāvalī**, f., -**rahasya**, n. N. of wks.—**rodha**, m. temporary obstruction or failure of memory, forgetfulness, Śak.—**lopa**, m. id., VarBṛS.—**vartman**, n. = -**patha**, Śi.—**vardhanī**, f. ‘strengthening m^o,’ a kind of plant (= *brāhmaṇī*), L.—**vākyāpēta** (?), -**vāda**, m. N. of wks.—**vid**, mfn. versed in law or tradition, Kautukas.—**vinaya**, m. a reprimand given to a person by reminding him of his duty, Mahāvy.—**vi-bhrama**, m. confusion of m^o, Bhag.—**viruddha**, mfn. contrary to law, illegal, unjust, W.—**virodha**, m. opposition to law, illegality, impropriety, W.; disagreement between two or more codes of law or legal texts (= *smṛityor vir*^o, Yajñ. ii, 21), ib.—**vi-varāna**, n., -**viveka**, m. N. of wks.—**vishaya**, m. the reach or range of m^o (°tām gamitah = ‘died,’ v.l. for *smarana-padavīm g*^o), Bhartṛ.—**vyavasthā**, f., -**sataka**, n. N. of wks.—**sāstra**, n. a law-book, code, digest (= *dharma-s*^o; cf. above under *smṛiti*), Hariv.—**sīla**, n. du. traditions and moral practices, MW.—**śekhara**, m. (or *kastūri-smṛiti*, f.) N. of a wk. on Ācāra (by Kastūri).—**śesha**, mf(ā)n. remaining only in memory, dead, gone (acc. with √kṛi, ‘to destroy’), Rājat.—**śaithilya**, n. weakness or loss of memory, Śak.—**samskāra**, m. impression (caused) by memory (?); -**kaustubha**, m., -**rahasya**, n., -**vāda**, m., -**vicāra**, m. N. of wks.