इक्ट: A kind of reed or grass for mats.

इक्रवाल: (In astr.) Good fortune, prosperity [cf. Pers. iqbal]. इक्ष: [इष्यते असी माध्यात , इब् न्सस Un. 3. 157] 1 Sugar-cane. -2 N. of another tree कोफिला. -3 Wish, two different species of sugar-cane (काज्ञ and मुंजनुण). —कुहकः a gatherer of sugar-cane. '-गंब: Saccharum Spontaneum, - \(\pi \) a. produced from sugar-cane. - इंड:,-यदि:f. the stem or cane of Saccharum Officinale. - तर्भा a kind of grass. - दा N. of a river. - नेचं 1, a kind of sugar-cane. -2. the eye of sugar-cane, - qq; a kind of grain. - पाक: molasses. - प: N. of a tree (अरवक्ष). - बालिका a kind of grass (काश). - मिक्सका a meal of sugar and molasses. - भान-सी a woman who eats a sugar-cane. -मती,-मालिनी,-मालवी N. of a river. —महं the root of sugar-cane; a kind of sugar-cane. — मेह: diabetes or diabetes mellitus (cf. मधुमह). -मोहिन् a. diabetic. -यंत्र a sugar-mill. -योनिः [इक्षोरिव योनिः यस्य] Saccharum Officinarum (पुंड्कइश्व). - रस: 1. the juice of sugar-cane. -2. molasses, unrefined sugar. -3, a kind of क ज grass; osqu: raw or unrefined sugar, molasses. - इपं a sugar-cane wood. - वक्रि-विक्री the common yellow cane. - वारि n.,-समद्र: the sea of syrup, one of the seven seas. —वालिका [इक्षरिव वलति वल-ण्वल्] 1. N.of a tree. (Mar. तालिमखाना.)-2. the काश grass. - वाटिका, -वाटी 1. a kind of sugar-cane (京本). -2. a garden of sugar-canes. - faart: 1. sugar, molasses. -2. any sweetmeat. - शाक-है.-शाकिनं a field fit for planting the sugar-cane. — सार: molasses,

इक्षक: Sugar-cane; see इक्ष.

raw or unrefined sugar.

इञ्जुकीया A place abounding in sugar-cane.

इक्षर: 1 Sugar-cane. -2 N. of a kind of grass (काञ्च).

इश्वाकु: 1 N.of the celebrated ancestor of the solar kings who ruled in Ayodhyâ; (he was the first of the Solar kings and was a son of Manu Vaivasvata; (cf. Bhág. अवतस्तु मनी- अंग इश्वाक्ष्यांनाः सुतः); इश्वाक्ष्यां अभि-

नतः प्रजानां U. 1. 44. -2 A descendant of Ikshvåku; गोलतवयसानिश्वा-कूणानिदं हि कुलन्नतं R. 3. 70. -कु: f. A kind of bitter gourd.

इख्, इंख् 1 P. (एखाते, इंखाति) To go, move; usually with म, q. v.

इंग् 1 U. (इंगति-ते, इंगितं, इंगित) 1 To move, shake, be agitated; यथा रीपो निवातस्थो नेंगते Bg. 6. 19, 14.23; स्वया स्टिमेर्ड विश्व यसेंग यस नेंगति Mb. -2 To go, move. - Caus.1 To move, agitate, shake. -2 (In gram.) To separate the members of a compound; cf. इंग्य below.

इंग a. 1 Moveable; स्वया सृष्टानिदं विश्वं यचेंगं यच नगिति Mb. -2 Wonderful, surprising. -गः 1 A hint or sign. -2 An indication of a sentiment by gesture. -3 Knowledge. -गा A kind of counting.

इंगर्न [इंग्-इंग्ट] 1 Moving, shaking, causing to move. -2 Knowledge. -3 The operation of separating one member of a compound from another, as by an Avagraha.

इंगित p. p. Moved, shaken. -तं भावे-क] 1 Palpitation, shaking. -2 Internal thought, inward thought or secret aim, intention, purpose; ° आकारवेदिनि: K. 7; Pt. 1, 43; अग्र-बसडावनितींगितज्ञया Ku. 5. 62; तस्य संबतनंत्रस्य गुडाकारेंगितस्य च R. 1. 20; Si. 9. 69. -3 A hint, sign, gesture; Pt. 1. 44. -4 Particularly, the gesture or motion of the various limbs of the body indicating one's intentions; gesture suited to betray internal feelings; आकारेरिंगितैर्गत्या ...गृह्यतेंऽतर्गतं मनः Ms. 8.26.-Comp. -कोविट, -त a. skilled in the interpretation of internal sentiments by external gestures, understanding signs.

place. -2 (In the Prâtisâkhyas) A term for those words or parts of a compound which in certain grammatical operations may be separated from the preceding parts; a word which in the Pada-Pátha is divided by the Avagraha.

इंग: A disease.

इंगुद:,- दी, इंगुल: N. of a medicinal tree, Terminalia Catappa; (Mar. (हंगणबेट); इंगुद्दीपादप: सो ध्यं U. 1.2; प्रास्तिग्धा: कव्यदिंगुदीफलाभेद: सुच्यंत ए.

वोपला: S. 1. 14. - दं The nut of the tree.

इचिकिळ: A pond; mud.

इच्छक, इच्छा See under इब्.

হৃতন্তক: N. of a tree, the citron. হৃত্তক: A small tree growing near water (हিज्ञाल).

worshipped.—उद्य: 1 A teacher.—2
An epithet of बृह्त्पति, the teacher
of the gods.—3 The Pushya Nakshatra.—4 The Supreme being.—5
An epithet of Vishnu.—उद्या 1 A
sacrifice; जगरमकाश तर्शेषमित्रयया R.
3. 48, 1.68, 15. 2; Bg. 11. 53, 9.25.—2 A gift, donation.—3 An image.
—4 Worship, reverence.—5 Meeting,
union.—6 A bawd or procuress.
—7 A cow.—Comp.——शोल: a constant sacrificer.

इंचाक: A shrimp (जलवृश्विक).

इट् 1 P. [एटान, इटिन] 1 To go, go to or towards. -2 To err. -3 To make haste (Ved.).

इट: Ved. 1 Cane or grass. -2 A mat, a web made of cane or grass. -Comp. —स्तं a mat (Ved.).

इट्चरः [इषा कांभेन चरति] A bull or steer allowed to go at liberty.

इंड्र f. (also written इन्ह in Veda). [इन्ह निष्, वा लस्प दः] 1 An offering or oblation, libation offered to the gods. -2 Prayer, flow of speech. -3 The earth. -4 Food. -5 The rainy season. -6 The third of the five prayagas (इडी यजात). -7 People or subjects. -(-pl.) The olject of devotion. -Comp. - देवता a deity of libation.

इड (ल) स्पति: N. of Vishnu or of Pûshan.

इड: An epithet of Agni.

इडा-ला [इल-अच, वा लस्य उत्वे] 1
The earth; प्रबुध्यते नृत्तिशासलस्यः Mb.
-2 Speech. -3 An offering, libation
(coming between प्रयाग and अनुपाग).
-4 Refreshing draught. -5 (Hence)
Food. -6 (Fig.) Steam or flow of
praise or worship personified
as the goddess of sacred speech. -7
Libation and offering of milk. -8
A cow. -9 N. of a goddess, daughter of Manu. (She is the wife of
Budha and mother of Purûravas;