the field against the Pandavas for three

with the preposition an q. v.

कर्ण a. Ved. 1 Having long ears. -2 Furnished with chaff (as grain). -र्ण: 1 The ear; अही खलभुजंगस्य वि-परीतवधक्रमः। कर्णे लगति चान्यस्य प्राणैर-न्यो वियज्यते।। Pt.1.305,304 also : कर्णे हा to listen कर्णमागम to come to the ear, become known; R. 1. 9; कर्ण क to put round the ear : Ch. P. 10 : कर्णे कथयति whispers in the ear, cf. पटकर्ण, चतष्कर्ण &c. also. -2 The handle or ear of a vessel. -3 The helm or rudder of a ship. -4 The hypotenuse of a triangle. -5 (In prosody) A spondee. -6 N. of celebrated warrior on the side of the Kauravas mentioned in the Mahábhârata. [He was the son of Kunti begotten on her by the god Sun while she was yet a virgin residing at her father's house (see Kunti). When the child was born. Kunti, afraid of the censure of her relatives and also of public scandal, threw the boy into the river where he was found by Adhiratha, charioteer of Dhritarashtra and given over to his wife Radha who brought him up like her own child ; whence Karna is often called Sûtaputra, Râdheya &c. Karna, when grown up, was made king of Anga by Duryodhana, and became by virtue of his many generous acts a type of charity. On one occasion Indra (whose care it was to favour his son Arjuna) disguised himself as a Brahmana and cajoled him out of his divine armour and ear-rings, and gave him in return a charmed javelin. With a desire to make himself proficient in the science of war, he, calling himself a Brahmana went to Parasurama and learnt that art from him. But his secret did not long remain concealed. On one occasion when Parasurama had fallen asleep with his head resting on Karna's lap, a worm (supposed by some to be the form assumed by Indra himself to defeat Karna's object) began to eat into his lap and made a deep rent in it; but as Karna showed not the least sign of pain, his real character was discovered by his preceptor who cursed him that the art he had learnt would avail him not in times of need. On another occasion he was cursed by a Brahmana (whose cow he had unwittingly slain in chase) that the earth would eat up the wheel of his chariot in the hour of trial. Even with such disadvantages as these, he acquitted himself most valiantly in the great war between the Pandavas and Kauravas, while acting as generalissimo of the Kaurava forces after Bhishma and Drona had fallen. He maintained

days, but on the last day he was slain by Arjuna while the wheel of his chariot had sunk down into the earth. was the most intimate friend of Duryodhana, and with Sakuni joined him in all the various schemes and plots that were devised from time to for the destruction of the Pandavas.] -Comp. -अंजाल: the auditory passage of the outer ear. —अनुज्ञ: Yudhishthira. -आतिक a. close to the ear; स्वनासि मृद् कर्णांतिकचर: S. 1. 24. —अंदु:-दू f. an ornament for the ear, ear-ring. - अपूर्ण giving ear, listening. -आस्फाल: the flapping of the elephant's ears. - इंद: f. a semicircular ear-ring. - उत्तंस: an ear-ornament or merely an ornament (according to some authorities). (Mammata says that here कर्ण means कर्णास्थितत्व ; cf. also his remark ad loc:--कर्णावतंसादिपदे कर्णा-दिध्वनिर्नितः । संनिधानार्थंबोधार्थं स्थिते-ध्वतन्समधनं | K. P. 7) - उपक-जिका rumour; (lit. 'from to ear'). - 35 : a kind of deer, -afizi-zi l. a worm with many feet and of a reddish colour. -2. a small centipede. - भ्वेड: (in medic.) a constant noise in the ear. - wa ear-wax, (-ध:) -गथक: hardening of the wax of the ear. - गोचर a. audible -प्राहः a helmsman. -जप a. (also कर्णजप) a secret traducer, talebearer,informer. - जप:-जाप:slandering, tale-bearing, calumniating. - जलका a small centipede. - जाहं the root of the ear; अपि कर्णजाहिवनि-वेशिताननः Mål. 5, 8. - जित् m. ' conqueror of Karna', epithet of Arjuna, the third Pandava prince. — इवर: pain to the ear; U.5.6. — ताल: the flapping of the elephant's ears, the noise made by it; विस्तारित: कंजरकर्णतालै: R. 7. 39, 9. 71; Si. 17. 37. - दर्पण: an ear-ring. - दद्यभि: = कर्णकोटा. -धार: a helmsman, a pilot; अकर्णधारा जलधी विश्ववेतेह नौरिव $\mathrm{H.3.2}_{:}$ अविनयनदीकर्णधार कर्ण Ve. 4. - धारिणी a female elephant. - qu: the range of hearing. - परंपरा from ear to ear, hearsay ; इति कर्णपरंपरया श्रुत Ratn. 1. -प्यम n. the eighth (i. c. Karna) section of the Mahabharata. - पाक: inflammation of the outer ear. -पालि: ली f. 1. the lobe of the ear. -2, the outer edge of the ear. (-&f)

an ornament of the ear. - que: a beautiful ear ; U. 6. 27. -gz the auditory passage of the ear. - पर: 1, an ornament (of flowers &c.)worn round the ear, an ear-ring ; इदं च करतल किमिति कर्णपरतामारोपितं K. 60. -2. the Asoka tree. -3. the Sirisha tree. -4. the blue lotus. - graf: 1. an earring. -2. the Kadamba tree. -3. the Asoka tree. -4, the blue lotus. -प्रणाद:,-प्रतिनाष्ट: a disease of the ear. - win: the lobe of the ear. -फल: a kind of fish. - भूषणं,-भूषा an ear-ornament, - मूल the root of the ear; R. 12. 2. -मोटी a form of Durga. —योनि a. having the ear as a source. —लता-ल तिका the lobe of the ear. -वंदा: a raised platform or dais of bamboo. - वार्जित a. earless. (-तः) a snake. —विवरं, - si qt, is the auditory passage of the ear. - विष f. ear-wax. - विष 'poisoning the ear', slandering, backbiting. - चेष: piercing the ears to put ear-rings on. -वेधनी,-वेधनिका an instrument for piercing the ear. —वेच्ट:,-वेच्टनं an ear-ring. — शब्कली the outer part of the ear (leading to the auditory passage); N. 2. 8. – ਗੁਲ:,−ਲਂ ear-ache. – ਅਰ a. audible, loud; কর্ণস্বঙ্গিলৈ Ms. 4. 102. - आव:,-संअव: ' running of the ear', discharge of pus or ichorous matter from the ear. - #: f. Kuntimother of Karna. — हीन a. earless (-¬:) a snake.

কৰ্ণক: Ved. 1 A prominence; handle. -2 The leaves and branches &c. of trees.-3 A tendril. -4 White hair; Bh. 3. 126.-5 A kind of fever.

कर्णल: a. Having ears.

कर्णवत् a. 1 Long-eared. -2 Having tendrils or hooks.

कर्णाकर्णि ind From ear to ear.

কাণিক a. 1 Having ears.—2 Having a helm. —ক: A steersman. —ক: 1 An ear-ring.—2 A knot, round protuberance.—3 Pericarp of a lotus.—4 A small brush or pen.—5 The middle finger.—6 A fruit-stalk.—7 The tip of an elephant's trunk.—8 Chalk.—9 A trowel.—10 A bawd.—Comp.—সম্ভ: N. of the mountain দুম্

कर्णिन् a. 1 Having ears. -2 Longeared. -3 Barbed (as an arrow).