घटिन्नदः An epithet of Siva.

घटात्रचः N. of a son of Bhima by a female demon named falls at.

He was a very powerful person and fought valiantly in the great war between the Pandavas and Kauravas on the side of the former, but was slain by Karna with the Sakti or missile he had received from Indra; cf. Mu. 2. 15.].

घह 1 A. (घहते), usually 10 U. (घड़ गति-ते, घड़ित) 1 To shake, stir about; as in वायुवाहेना लना:. -2 To teuch, rub, rub the hands over; विद्वन र समिति है नी गा Mk. 1. 24; Bk. 14. 2. -3 To smooth, stroke. -4 To speak spitefully or malignantly. -5 To disturb.

चह: [चट्ट-धत्र] 1 A landing place, steps on the side of a river leading to the waters (Mar. यांट). -2 Stirring, agitating. -3 A tollstation. -Comp. - 表行 a toll station, "प्रभातन्याय see under न्याय. - जीविन m. 1. a ferryman. 2, a man of a mixed tribe; (वेदपायां रज-काञ्चातः). -3. attendant at a landing

चहनं Shaking, moving.

घटना [घट्यज्] 1 Shaking, moving, stirring round, agitating. -2 Rubbing. -3 A means of livelihood, practice, business, profession.

घहित a. [घट्ट कर्मणि का] 1 Shaken. -2 Produced.

घण 8 U. (घणोति, घणते) To

घंद् 1. 10. P. (घंटति, घंटवति) 1 To speak. -2 To shine.

चंद a. Shining, splendid -ह: 1 N. of Siva. -2 A kind of sauce, a kind of dish. -Comp. - फलक: a shield with a ringing sound.

घंटा [घंट-अच्] 1 A bell. -2 A plate of iron or mixed metal struck as a clock.-Comp. - अगार a belfry. — फलकः, -कं a shield furnished with small bells. -तःदः a bellman. -नाद: the sound of a bell. -qu: 1. the chief road through a village, a highway, main road; (इश्वध्यंतरी राजमार्गी घंटापथ: स्मृत: Kantilya). -2. N. of Mallinatha's commentary on the Kirâtârjunîyam; कर्ते प्रवेशमिह भारविकाब्यमध्य घंटापयं

कमपि नुष्पन सर्तान्ययं Malli. - श्रद्धः 1. bell-metal. -2, the sound of a bell. घाँटका A small bell.

घाँटन a. 1 Furnished with bells. -2 Sounding like a bell, -m. An epithet of Siva.

चंद: 1 A string of bells tied on an elephant's chest by way of ornament. -2 Heat, light.

घंड: A bee.

घन a. [हन मुनै अप घन देश अ Tv]. 1 Compact, firm, hard, solid; सजात श्र घनाघनः Mál. 9. 39 ; नासा घनास्थि-TI Y. 3. 89; R. 11. 18. -2 Thick, close, dense ; घनावेरल गाव: U. 2. 27; R. S. 91; Amaru. 57. -3 Thick-set, full, fully developed (as breasts); बदयि बहुने कुचयुगगगने सुगमदरुचिः हर्षित Git. 7 ; अग्रह बतुष्कं भवति ग्रह द्वी वन्क वयुग्ने शाविवदनाऽसी Srut. 8 : Bh. 1. 8; Amaru. 28. -4 Deep (as sound); Mal. 2. 12; Mu. 1. 21. -5 Uninterrupted, permanent. -6 Impenetrable. -7 Great, excessive, violent, -8 Complete. Auspicious, fortunate. -10 Coarse. gross. -11 Engrossed by, full or replete with; Mal.1.32; निवृति ° U. 6. 11. - न: A cloud; घनोदय: प्राक तदनतरं पयः S. 7. 30; धनरु चिरकलापो नि:सपरनो अस्य जात: V. 4, 10. -2 An iron club, a mace. -3 The body. -4 The cube of a number (in math). -5 Extension, diffusion. -6 A collection, multitude, quantity, mass, assemblage. -7 Talc. -8 Phlegm. -9 Any compact mass or substance. -10 Hardness, firmness. -11 A particular manner of reciting Vedic texts: thus the padas नमः हंद्रेभ्यः ये repeated in this manner would stand thus: - नमी हेंद्रभी हंद्रभी नमी नमी रुद्रेभ्यों ये ये रुद्रेभ्या नमी नमी हद्रेभ्यो ये. —नं 1 A bal, a bell, a gong. -2 Iron. -3 Tin. -4 Skin, rind, bark. -5 A mode of dancing. -Comp - अस्ययः, -अंत: ' disappearance of the clouds', the season succeeding the rains, autumn ; (शरदू) ; R. 3. 37. -अज्ञा-नी N. of Durgá. - अंबु n. rain. -आकर: the rainy season. -आगम:. -उदयः ' the approach of clouds ', the rainy season; धनागमः कामिजन प्रिय: प्रिये Rs. 2. 1. - आमय: the date-tree. - array: the atmost ous elephant, or one in rut or intoxi-

phere, firmament. - 3 तम: the face. - उपन: hail. - आंच: gathering of clouds. - 本事: hail. - 本西: the rainy season. -गर्जितं 1. thunder, peal or thundering noise of clouds, roar of thunder, -2. a deep loud roar. -गोलक: alloy of gold and silver. -चा: the cube of a cube. - जंबाल thick mire.— इश्ला lightning.—ताल: a kind of bird (सारंग). — तोल: the Chátaka bird. —धान: lymph. —ध्याने a. roaring. (-नि:) l. a deep or low tone. -2. the muttering of thunder clouds; Si. 16. 25. -नानि: smoke (being supposed to be a principal ingredient in clouds; Me. 5). -- 17-हार: thick hoar-frost or mist. -पदं the cube root. - पदकी 'the path of clouds', firmament, sky: कामदियन-पदवीमने कसंख्ये: Ki. 5. 34. -पाषंड: a reacock. -फलं (in geom.) the solid or cubical contents of a body or of an excavation. -ਸ਼ੜ cube root (in math.). -te: 1. a thick juice. -2, extract, decoction. -3. camphor. -4. water (m. or n.). - | the face. - वर्ग: the square of a cube, the sixth power (in math.). -बरर्नन् ". the sky: घरवरने सहस्रोब क्वर्न Ki. 5. 17. - बह्रिका,-बह्री lightning, - बात, a thick oppressive breeze or air. -बीधि: the sky. -शब्द: thunder, peal of thunder. - बास: a kind of pumpkin gourd. - व:हन: 1. Siva. -2. Indra. - 5 17 a. 'dark like a cloud', deep-black, dark. (-4:) an epithet (1) of Rama, (2) of Krishna. 一切不 य: the rainy season. —सार: 1. camphor; धनसारनीहारहार &c. Dk. 1 (mentioned among white substances). -2. mercury. -3. water. - स्वन:,-शब्द:,-रव: the roaring of clouds. -इस्तसंख्या the contents of an excavation or of a solid in math).

च ीक 8 U. 1 To make compact, harden, thicken, solidify .- 2 To congeal, condense.

पनीभू 1 P. To be thickened, condensed or congealed, be increased or deepened; U. 2, 26.

य श्रीयति Den. P. To long for solid food.

घनाधन a. 1 Fond of slaughter, striking down. -2 Cruel, hurting, mischievous. -3 Even, uniform, compact, -न: 1 Indra. -2 A vici-