चनुष्य a. (बी f.) [चन्तारोऽनयवा विधा अस्य तयप्] Four fold, consisting of four; पुराणस्य कवेरतस्य चनु मुंखसमीरिता। प्रवृत्तिरासीच्छव्दानां चरि-ताथां चनुष्टयी ॥ Ku. 2. 17. — यं A group or collection of four; एकैक-मध्यनथाय किमु यत्र चनुष्यं म. Pr. 11; Ku. 7.62; मासचनुष्टयस्य भोजनं म. 1. -2 A square. -3 The first, fourth, seventh, and tenth signs of the zodiac. -4 The centre of a circle.

चरवारिंशत् f. Forty.

चतुर a. [चत्-उरच्] 1 Clever, skilful, ingenious, sharp-witted; सर्वास्तना रितिकथाचतुरेव दूनी Mu. 3. 9; Amaru. 15, 44; मृग्या इहार चतुरेव कानिनी R. 9. 69; 18. 15. -2 Quick, swift. -3 Charming, beautiful, lovely, agreeable; न पुराति गतं चतुर्र वयः R. 9. 47; Ku. 1. 47; 3. 5; 5. 49. -र: 1 A round pillow. -2 Crooked gait. -3 An elephant's stable. -र 1 Cleverness, ingenuity. -2 An elephant's stable.

चतुल a. Depositing, placing.

चरवरं [चत्-द्रास् Un. 2. 121]
1 A quadrangular place or courtyard. -2 A place where many roads
meet; स खनु आष्टचत्वरे निवसीत Mk.
2. -3 A levelled spot of ground
prepared for a sacrifice. -4 A collection of four chariots.

चरवालः 1 A hole in the ground prepared for an oblation or for the sacrificial fire. -2 Kusa grass. -3 Womb.

चद् 1 U. [चदति-ते] To ask, beg. . चिद्र: [चट्र-किरच] 1 The moon. -2 Camphor. -3 An elephant. -4 A snake.

चन् 1. 6. P. [चनाते] 1 To sound, -2 To hurt, injure, kill.

चनस् n. 1 Food.-2 Delight, satisfaction, pleasure.

चनसित a. Ved. Delighted, satisfied, pleased.

चनस्यति Den. P. 1 To like. -2 To eat. -3 To delight in.

ব্দিস্ত n. Containing or granting much food.

चन ind. Not, not also, even not (not used by itself, but found used in combination with the pronoun किम् or its derivatives, such as कर्, कथं, क, कदा, कृतः to which it imparts an indefinite sense; see

under किए). Note. Some regard चन to be not a separate word, but a combination of च and ने.

चंद् 1 P. [चंदीत, चंदित] 1 To shine. -2 To be glad or rejoiced.

चंद: 1 The moon. -2 Camphor. चदक: The moon. -2 A kind of

चंद्रनः -नं [चंद्र णंतात् न्स्य] Sandal, (the tree the wood, or any unctuous preparation of the wood, held in high estimation as a perfume and refrigerant application); अनलाय.गु-रुचंदनैधसे R. 8. 71; मणिप्रकाराः सरसं च चानं बाबी भित्रे यांति जनस्य सेब्यतां Rs. 1. 2; एवं च भाषते लोकश्वंदनं किल शीतलं । पुत्रमः त्रस्य संस्पर्शश्चेदनाइ तिरिच्य-त Pt. 5-20: विना मल प्रतस्य च चंदनं न प्रशंह ते 1. 41. -2 Anything most excellent of its kind. - Comp. - 37-चलः,-गिरिः,-भद्रिः the Malaya mountain. — उद्कं sandal-water. — पृद् cloves. - सार: 1. the most excellent sandal-wood. -2. a kind of alkali (वजकार).

चंदनिन् a. Rubbed with, or smelling of, sandal wood.

चंदनीया A kind of yellow pigment (गेरेचना).

चाँहर: [Un. 1. 51] 1 An elephant.

-2 The moon; आप च मानसमंबुनिधर्य-शो विमलशारहचंदिः(चंद्रिका Bv. 1. 113; मुदंदुगुखचंदिरं चिरमिदं चक्रोरायतां 4. 1.

चंद्र a. [चद् णिच् रक्] Ved. 1 Glittering, bright, shining (as gold). -2 Lovely, beautiful. - : 1 The moon; यथा प्रहु दनाचंद्र: R. 4. 12; हत-चंद्रा तमसेव की मुदी 8. 37; न हि संहरते ज्यां हानां चद्रश्वांडालवेड्मान H. 1. 61: मुख°, वदन° &c.; पर्याप्तचंद्रेव द्यारित्रया-मा Ku. 7. 26 (for mythological account see सोम). -2 The moon, as a planet. -3 Camphor: विलेपनस्य धिकचंद्रभागतः।विभावनाश्चापलः लाप पांडुका N. 1. 51. -4 The eye in a peacock's tail. -5 Water. -6 Gold (n. also). -7 A lovely or agreeable phenomenon. -8 A spot similar to the moon -9 The symbol or mark of a Visarga. - 10 A reddish kind of earl. -11 The fifth lunar mansion. -12 The number 'one'. (Used at the end of comp. चंद्र means 'excellent'. 'eminent' or 'illustrious'; as पुरुषचंद्रः 'a moon of men', an excelient or illustrious man). - ar 1 Small

cardamoms. -2 An open hall only furnished with a roof. -3 An awning, a canopy. -Comp. - अंगु: 1. Vishnu. -2. a moon-beam. - अर्थ: the half moon; Pt. 4. °चडामाणः, °मोलि:, °शेखर: epithets of Siva. — आ-तपः 1. moon-light. -2, awning. -3, an open hall only furnished with a roof. -- आस्त न ., - भीरसः, -जः, -जःतः, -तनय:. -नंदन:, -प्रत्र: the planet Mercury. - आनत् a. moon-faced. (-नः) an epithet of Kartikeya. -आपीडः an epithet of Siva. -आभासः 'false moon', an appearance in the sky resembling the real moon. -आहय: camphor. - ggr a lotus plant, or a collection of lotuses, blossoming during the night. - 344: 1. moon-rise. -2. awning. -3. a mercurial preparation used in medicine. (-या) a kind ot medicine for the eyes. - उपल: the moon-stone. 一番可 1. a digit of the moon ; राहे।श्रद्धकलानिवाननचरी देवास्समासाद्य में Mal. 5, 28, -2, the crescent before or after the new moon. -कांत:, -माने: the moonstone (supposed to ooze away under the influence of the moon); द्रवात च हिनरइना<u>व</u>हने चंद्रकांतः U. 6. 12; Si. 58; Amaru 57; Bh. 1. 21; Mál. 1. 24. (-त: -तं) the white estable water-lily blossoming during the night. (-तं) sandal-wood, -कांतर a night. -2. the wife moon. -3. moou-light. -कोति: f. moon-light. (-n.) silver. —क्षय: the new-moon-day or the last day of a lunar month (अमा) when the moon is not visible. - ng the fourth sign of the zodiac, Cancer. -गोल: the world of the moon. lunar sphere. ° va: a deceased progenitor, the manes. —गोलिका moonlight. - महणं an eclipse of the moon. -चं वला a small fish. -चूड:, -मी।ले:, शेखरः, -चुडामणिः epithets of Siva : (' having the moon for his crest'. ' moon-crested') ; रहस्युपालभ्यत चंद्र-राखर: Ku. 5. 58, 86; R. 6. 34. - TIT: (m. pl.) 'the wives of the moon', the 27 lunar mansious mythologically regarded as so many daughters of Daksha and married to the moon. - स्ति: sandal-wood. (-f.) moon-light. - नामन् m. camphor. - निभ α. bright, handsome. -पंचागं the luni-solar calendar.