receive gitts; वित्तस्य पात्रे व्यय: Bh. 2. 82: Bg. 17. 22; Y. 1. 201; R. 11. 86. -6 An actor, a dramatis persona; तत्प्रतिपात्रमाधीयतां यश्न: S.]; उच्यतां पात्रवर्ग: V. 1 dramatis personae. -7 A king's minister. -8 The channel or bed of a river. -9 Fitness, propriety. -10 An order, command.-11 A leaf. - T: 1 A kind of measure (अ दक) .- 2 A preservative from sin, - = 1 A vessel, plate, dish -2 A small furnace,-3. N. of Durgå. Сомр. - чты: 1. a large paddle used as a rudder. -2. the rod of a balance (तलाघट). - भत m. a servant. - etemre: 1. the cleaning or purification of a vessel, -2, the current of a river.

पात्रक A vessel, pot &c.

TITE a. Lean, emaciated, - 2: 1 A cup, pot. -2 Rugged garments. पात्रदीतः 1 A competent minister. -2 A vessel of iron, brass or silver. -3 Fire. -4 A crow. -5 A heron, -6 Rust of iron. -7 Mucus running from the nose.

पाचयति Den. A. To use as a drinking-vessel; पाणि पात्रयतां Bh.3. 138.

पात्रसात् ind. In the possession of worthy persons.

पात्रिक a. (की f.) 1 Measured out with any vessel or a measure called आहत. -? Fit, adequate, appropriate. - a, - aff A vessel, cop, dish.

पांचन a. 1 Having or provided with a drinking-vessel. -2 Having fit or worthy persons.

q: sian 8 U. 1 To make worthy : पार्ज कतो दस्यरिवासि चेन S. 5. 20. -2 To honour, dignify.

पात्रीण a. Measured, sown,or cooked with with a Pâtra.

पात्रीय, पाडय a. Worthy to partake of a meal.

पार्च A sacrificial vessel or utensil.

पात्रीर:, -t An oblation,

पांत्रबहुलः, -पांत्रसमितः 1 'Constant at meals or diuner-time', a parasite, -2 A treacherous or hypocritical fellow.

पार्थः [पीयते ८दः पा-कर्मण थ] 1 Fire. -2 The sun. - y Water. पायस ೫. [पा-असन् थुकु च] 1

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Food. -4 The sky. -Comp. - - - - 1. a lotus. -2, a conch. -- T:, - UT: a cloud. - fr: -ffit:, -q.a: the oceau; N. 13. 20.

Tiut m. 1 The sea. -2 The eye. -n. Scab.

पाथेयं [पथि तद्वधवहारे वा साधु ढञ्] 1 Provender or provisions for a journey, viaticum: जम्ह पाथेः मिव-इर्न: Ki, 3, 37; विसकिसलय च्छेदपा-येयवंत: Me. 11; V. 4. 15. -2 The sign virgo of the zodiac.

पदिः [पदाते गम्ये अनेन करणे कर्मण ग पद्म] 1 The foot (whether of men or animals): सथाजेबाहतः पादान् R. 1. 57; पादयोनिपत्र: पादपांतत &c. (The word qrz at the end of comp. is changed to पाद after et and numerals ; i. e. eguiz, दिगाद, त्रिपाद &c.; and also when the first member is used as a standard of comparison, but is a word other than gitt &c.; see P. V. 4. 138-140 e.g. solar z. The nom. pl. of que is often added to names of persons or titles of address to show great respect or veneration ; मृद्यत लवस्य बालिशतां तातपादाः U. 6; जी-वस्सु तातपारेष 1. 19 : देवप हानां नास्माभिः प्रयोजनं Pt. 1; so एवमारा-ध्यपादा आज्ञापयंति Prab. 1 ; so कमारि-लपादा: &c. -2 A ray of light; बाल-स्यापि रवेः पादाः पतंत्युपरि अभुतां Pt. 1. 328; Si 9, 34; R. 16, 53 (where the word has sense 1 also). -3 The foot or leg of an inanimate object, as of a bed stead. -4 The foot or root of a tree; as in qizq. -5 The foot of a mountain, a hill at the foot of a mountain (पादा: प्रत्यंतपर्वताः): Me. 19: S. 6. 16. -6 A quarter, fourth part ; as in सपारें रूपक: 'one and one-fourth rupee'; Ms. 8. 241; Y. 2. 174. -7 The fourth part of a stanza, a line. -8 The fourth part of a chapter or book, as of the Adhyayas of Panini, or of the Brahma Sûtras .- 9 A part in general. -10 A column, pillar.-11 A foot as a measure equal to twelve Angulis. -12 The quadrant of a circle. -Comp. - अयं the point or extremity of the foot ; Ratn. 1. 1. - sim: a foot-mark. - अंगइं, दी an orna ment for the foot, an anklet. -- si-गलि: ती f. a toe. - अंग्रह: the great Water; G. L. 26. & Air, wind, -3 toe. - 317; the point or extremity

of the feet. - stat the interval of a step, the distance of a foot. (-?) ind. 1. after the interval of a step. -2. close or near to. - sig n. butter-milk containing a fourth part of water, -sing n, water in which the feet (of revered persons) have been washed. - अः र्थिषं, कमलं, पंकाजं, qui a lotus-like foot. - ster a gift to a Bráhmana or a venerable person. - Sicil a boat. - Sataria 1. washing the feet. -2. the water used for washing the feet. -अष्ठील: the ankle. -- आप:त: a kick, -- आनत a, prostrate, fallen at the feet of ; Ku. 3. 8. - आवर्त: 1. a wheel worked by the feet for raising up water from a well. -2. a square foot. -- SITER a foot-stool. -- SITERI-लन trampling or motion of the feet. floundering. -- आहत a. kicked. - MIRIA f. 1. treading or trampling. -2. a kick. - उर्फ, - जल 1. water for washing the feet. -2. water in which the feet of sacred and revered persons are washed, and which is thus considered holy. - Jac: a serrent. - कटकः -कं, -योसिका an anklet. - siq: a foot-step. - Titit: a morbid swelling of the legs and feet. - uit: the ankle. - पहण seizing or clasping the feet (as a mark of respectful salutation); Ku 7. 27. - चम्द:, - चरबर: 1. a slanderer. -2. a goat. -3. the fig-tree. -4. shuffling of the feet. - - - - - going on foot, walking ; यति च विचरेत् पा-दच रण गोरी Me. 60 'if Gauri should walk on foot'; R. 11. 10. -2. the a. 1. walking or going on foot. -2. fighting on foot. (-m.) 1. a pedestrian. -2. a foot-soldier. - w: a Sudra. - जल butter-milk mixed with one-fourth of water. - with the tarsus. - at the sole of the foot. - =:, -=I, -=IT a boot or shoe. - e.f. -erfter a chap in the feet. - TE: a burning sensation in the feet, -uraffar sand used for rub-- = ara: movement of the feet; M. 2. 9. - q: 1. a tree ; निरस्तपादपे देश एरंडोऽपि द्रमायते Н. 1. 69 : अनुभवति हि मुध्नी पाइपस्तीव्रमुष्णं 8. 5. 7. -2. a foot-stool. (-qr) a