

5th stage of formation (said of the embryo, when the hands and feet are formed). — छा A small branch or twig.

प्रशाखिका A small branch.

प्रशास् 2 P. 1 To teach, instruct, advise; Bk. 19. 19. —2 To order, command; प्रशाधि यन्मया कार्यं Mārka. P. —3 To rule, govern, be lord of; छां प्रशाधि गलिताधिकारं N. 5. 24; R. 6. 76; 9. 1. —4 To punish, chastise. —5 To pray or ask for, seek for (Atm.); इहं कविभ्यः पूर्वभ्यां ननो-वाकं प्रशास्महे U. 1. 1 (used in the sense of शास् with आ q. v.).

प्रशासकः 1 A director, ruler. —2 A spiritual preceptor.

प्रशासनं 1 Governing, ruling. —2 Enjoining, exacting. —3 Government.

प्रशास्तृ m. 1 A king, ruler, governor. —2 A director, adviser; Pt. 5. 63.

प्रशिष्ट p. p. Ruled over, governed.

प्रशिष्टिः, प्रशिस् f. Ved. Command, order.

प्रशिथिल a. Very loose; S. 3. 9.

प्रशिष्यः The pupil of a pupil, the disciple of a disciple; शिष्यप्रशिष्यैरुपगम्यमानमवेहि तन्मंडननिश्चयान Sāṅkaradigvijaya.

प्रशुद्धिः f. Clearness, purity.

प्रशोषः Becoming dry, drying up, aridity.

प्रश्चोतनं Sprinkling, watering; U. 3. 11.

प्रश्नः [ प्रश्-भावे नञ् ] 1 A question, query; an inquiry, interrogation (अविज्ञातप्रवचनं प्रश्न इत्यभिधीयते); अनामयप्रश्नपूर्वकं S. 5 'with an inquiry about (your) well-being or health'. —2 A judicial inquiry or investigation. —3 A point at issue, a subject of controversy, controverted or disputed point; इति प्रश्न उपस्थितः. —4 A problem for solution or calculation; अहं ते प्रश्नं हारयामि Mk. 5. —5 Inquiry into the future. —6 A short section of a work. —7 Basket-work. —Comp. —उपनिषद् n. N. of an Upanishad consisting of six questions and six answers. —दूतिः स्त्री f. a riddle, an enigma. —विवाकः an arbitrator, umpire.

प्रश्नयति Den. P. To inquire after, ask about (with two acc.).

प्रश्नयः Laxity, looseness, relaxation.

प्रश्नयिः f. Trust, confidence.

प्रश्नयः, —प्रश्नयणं 1 Respect, courtesy, civility, politeness, respectful or courteous behaviour, humility; समागतैः प्रश्नयनसमृतिभिः Si. 12. 33; R. 10. 70, 83; U. 6. 23; सप्रश्नयं respectfully, modestly. —2 Love, affection, regard; Pt. 2. 2.

प्रश्नयन्, प्रश्नित a. Civil, polite, courteous, humble, well-behaved.

प्रश्नय a. 1 Very loose or flaccid. —2 Spiritless, unnerved.

प्रश्निय p. p. 1 Twisted, entwined. —2 Reasonable, well-argued or reasoned (युक्तियुत). —दः 1 A term applied to the Sandhi of the vowel अ with a following vowel and of other vowels with other homogeneous ones. —2 The vowel resulting from this Sandhi. —3 The accent with which such substituted vowel is pronounced.

प्रश्नेवः 1 Close contact, pressing hard against. —2 Euphonic coalition of vowels.

प्रश्वासः Breath, respiration.

प्रश्तिः Ved. 1 A side-horse. —2 A by-stander.

प्रष्ट a. 1 Standing or being in front; R. 15. 10. —2 Chief, principal, foremost, best; a leader; पुलस्त्यप्रष्टः Mv. 1. 30; 6. 30; Si. 19. 30. —Comp. —बाहू m. a young bull being trained for the plough.

प्रष्टोही A cow for the first time with a calf.

प्रस् 1. 4. A. (प्रस्-स्व-ते) 1 To bring forth young. —2 To spread, diffuse, expand, extend.

प्रसंख्या 1 Total number, sum. —2 Reflection.

प्रसंख्यानः Payment, liquidation. —नं 1 Enumeration. —2 Reflection, meditation; deep meditation, abstract contemplation हरः प्रसंख्यान-परो बभूव Ku. 3. 40. —3 Fame, reputation.

प्रसंगः A great multitude.

प्रसंज 1 P. To become attached to or fond of, feel affection for. —Pass. 1 To cling to or adhere to,

—2 To follow, apply or be applicable, hold good in the case of (active also in this sense); इतरेतर-प्रसंजः प्रसंज्येत, वैषम्यनैर्घृण्ये नेष्वरस्य प्रसंज्येते S. B. —3 To be attached to; तस्यामसौ प्रसंजत् Dk.

प्रसक्त p. p. 1 Attached to, connected with. —2 Excessively attached or fond; Pt. 1. 193. —3 Adhering or sticking to. —4 Fixed or intent upon, devoted or addicted to, engaged in, applied to; Si. 9. 63; so व्युत्, निद्रा° &c. —5 Contiguous, near. —6 Constant, incessant, uninterrupted; Ki. 4. 18; R. 13. 40; Māl. 4. 6; M. 3. 1. —7 Got, obtained, gained. —8 Expanded, opened. —क्तं ind. Incessantly, continuously; Ki. 16. 55.

प्रसक्तिः f. 1 Attachment, devotion, addiction, devotedness, adherence. —2 Connection, union, association. —3 Applicability, bearing, application; as in अतिप्रसक्ति (which is = अतिव्याप्ति q. v.). —4 Energy, perseverance; संतापे दिक्षु शिवः शिवां प्रसक्तिं Ki. 5. 50. —5 Conclusion, deduction. —6 A topic or subject of discourse. —7 Occurrence of a possibility. —8 Acquisition, gain.

प्रसंगः 1 Attachment, devotion, addiction, devotedness; स्वरूपयोग्ये सुरतप्रसंगे Ku. 1. 19; तस्याव्यायतको-भस्य सततं व्युत्प्रसंगेन किं Mk. 2. 11; Si. 11. 22. —2 Union, intercourse, association, connection; निवर्ततामस्मा-द्विष्णुप्रसंगम् Mk. 4; Pt. 1. 251. —3 Illicit intercourse. —4 Occupation, intentness, being engaged or occupied with; भ्रुविक्रियायां विरत-प्रसंगैः Ku. 3. 47. —5 A subject or topic (of discourse or controversy). —6 An occasion, incident; दिग्विज-यप्रसंगेन K. 191; यात्राप्रसंगेन Māl. 1. —7 Conjuncture, time, opportunity; Ms. 9. 5. —8 A contingency, event, case, occurrence of a possibility; नेष्वरो जगतः कारणमुपपद्यते कु-तः वैषम्यनैर्घृण्यप्रसंगम् S. B.; एवं चान-वस्थाप्रसंगः ibid.; तस्यानुतरप्रसंगम् Tarka k.; Ku. 7. 16. —8 Connected reasoning or argument. —9 A conclusion, an inference. —10 Connected language. —11 Inseparable application or connection (= व्याप्ति q. v.). —12 Mention of parents. —13 Introduction, insertion. —14 Gain.