m. 1. an administrator or officer of government, -2, a king. - = u a. deposed or dethroned. - तंत्रं the science of government, system of administration, the government or administration of a kingdom; Mu. 1. - द्रुष्ट्रं a requisite of sovereignty. - w(,-); the yoke or burden of government, the responsibility or administration of government. -भं-गः subversion of sovereignty. - भे गः the possession of sovereignty. -- -sr: deposition from kingdom, loss of sovereignty. -लोग: greed of dominion, desire of territorial aggrandizement. - च्यवहार: administration, government business. - нुखं the sweets of royalty.

**राजस** a. (सी f.) [ रजसा निर्मितं ayy | Relating to or influenced by the quality rajas, endowed with the quality rajas or passion ; ऊर्व गच्छ-ति सन्त्रस्था मध्ये तिष्ठंति राजसाः Bg. 14. 18; 7. 12; 17. 2.

राजि:-जी ƒ. [राज्-इन् वा ङीप् ] A streak, line, row, range ; सर्वे पाँडत-राजराजितिलकेनाकारि लोकोत्तरं Bv. 4. 44 : दानशाजि: R. 2. 7 : Ki. 5. 4. -2 Black mustard.

राजिका 1 A line, row, range. -2 A field, -3 Black mustard, -4 Mustard ( used as a weight ).

राजिलः [ राज-इलच् ] A species of innocent and poisonless snakes : 15 महोरगविसर्विविक्रमो राजिलेषु गरुडः प्रव-तते R. 11. 27; cf. इंड्म.

**राजीवः** [ राजी इसराजी अस्त्यस्य व ]1 A kind of deer. -2 A crane. -3 An elephant. - 4 A blue lotus : Ku. 3. 45. -Comp. - этэт a. lotus-eyed.

TIE: A bird. -f. War, battle.

राढा 1 Lustre. -2 N. of a district in Bengal, as also of its capital ; गौडं राष्ट्रमनुत्तमं निरुपमा तत्रापि रा हापुरी Prab. 2.

₹ 1 A leaf. -2 A peacock's tail.

राणिका A bridle.

Tiadi A festival on the fourteenth day of the second half of Pausha.

राति a. Ved. 1 Liberal, favourable, generous. -2 Ready. - fa: A friend (opp. to अराति:). -f. 1 Giving, bestowing, presentation, -2 | (रह्मात, but (रमात 'to wish to kill ')

A favour.-3 A gift, present,-Comp -साच a. ( -पाच ) bestowing gifts, liberal, bountiful.

रात्रिः-त्री /. [स-त्रिष् वा इष्] 1 Night; राचिर्गता मतिमतां वर मुंच शब्यां R. 5. 66; दिवा काकरवाद्गीता रात्री त-रात नर्मदाम. -2 The darkness of night. -3 Turmeric. -4 One of the four forms or bodies of Brahmâ. -Comp. - Str: 1. a goblin, demon, ghost. -2 a thief. - siy a. nightblind. -at: 1. the moon. -2. camphor. -चर: (also सार्वचर ) (से f. ) 1. 'a night-rover', robber, thief. -2. a watchman, patrol, guard. -3. a demon. ghost, evil spirit : (सं) यांतं वने रात्रिचरी डुढैाके Bk. 2. 23. -भयो 1. night-roving. -2. a nightly act or ceremony. - # a star, constellation. - ज रं dew. - जागर: 1. night-watching, wakefulness sitting up at night; R. 19. 34. -2. a dog. og: a gnat. -att the dead of night. - ति। भ : f. a lunar night. -नाशनः the sun. -पुडपं a lotusflower opening at night. - अल: a demon. - मिंग: 1. the moon. -2. camphor. — योग: night-fall. — रक्ष:, -रक्षकः a watchman, guard. -रागः darkness, obscurity. - . [सस n. 1. night-dress. -2. darkness. -विरामः 'end of night', break of day, dawn, day-light. - विश्लषगानिन् m. the ruddy goose. - वेद:, - वेदिन m. a cock. - हास: the white lotus, 一译写本: 1. a guard of the women's apartments. -2. a night-stalker.

सत्रक a. Nocturnal, nightly. -कः A man who takes up his abode in a harlot's house for one year. - 本 A period of five nights taken collectively (?).

रात्रिक a. ( At the end of comp. ) Lasting or sufficient for a certain number of nights,as प्चरात्रिक उत्सवः. 一兩 Night.

राजिदिनं, राजिदिना ind. By night and day, constantly, ceaselessly; राजितिवं गंधवहः प्रयाति  $S.\,\,5.\,\,4.$ 

राजिमस्य a. Looking like night ( as a cloudly or dark day ); ef र जिन्मन्य.

रात्रीण a. Lasting for a certain number of nights.

**राध्** L 5 P. ( राष्ट्रोति, राख ; desid.

1 To propitiate, conciliate, please. -2 To accomplish, effect, complete, perform, achieve. -3 To prepare, make ready. -4 To fall to the lot of any one ( also 4 P. ). -5 To injure, destroy, kill, exterminate; वानरा भू-धरान रेघ: Bk. 14, 19. -II. 4 P. ( राध्याति, राद्ध ) 1 To be favourable or merciful. -2 o be accomplished or finished. -3 To propitiate, look to the welfare of ( any one, with dar.); कब्पाय राध्यति गर्गः Sk. ( i. e. पृष्टी गर्गः श्वानाश्चानं पर्यालोचयाति). -4 To be successful, to succeed, prosper, -5 To be ready. -6 To kill, destroy. - Caus. (राधयति-ते ) 1 To propitiate. -2 To accomplish, complete. -3 To make ready.

राद्ध p. p. रिध्कर्तर कर्मी वान ] 1 Propitiated, pleased, conciliated. -2 Effected, accomplished, achieved, performed. -3 Dressed, cooked ( as food ). -4 Prepared. -5 Obtained, got. -6 Successful, fortunate, happy. -7 Perfect in magical power. -8 Fallen to the lot of. -Comp. -sia: a proved or established fact. a demonstrated conclusion or truth, an ultimate conclusion, doctrine : dogma; सर्ववैनाशिकराद्धांतो नितरामनपे-क्षितव्य इतीवानीमपपावयामः S. B. -अं-तित a. demonstrated, established by proof, logically proved.

सांद्र: f. 1 Accomplishment, perfection. -2 Success, prosperity.

सन्द: The month called Vaisakha. -u., -u 1 Favour, kindness. -2 -भी The day of full Prosperity. moon in the month of Vaisâkha. -Comp. - t事: 1. a plough. -2. thin rain. -3, hail.

राधनं [ राध्-ल्युद् ] 1 Propitiating, conciliating. -2 Pleasure, satisfaction. -3 Accomplishing, effecting, completion. -4 Acquisition, going. -5 The means of accomplishing anything. -ना Speech. -नी Worship.

एथस n. Ved. 1 Food. -2 Kindness, favour. -3 A gift, present. -4 Liberality. -5 Wealth, riches.

राचा 1 Prosperity, success. -2 N. of a celebrated Gopi or cowherdess loved by Krishna (whose amours have been immortalized by Jayadeva in his Gîtagovinda ); तदिमं राधे गृह प्रापय Git. 1. -3 N. of the