2. 75, 12. 89, 17, 78; (the lokapalas are eight; see अष्ट देक्गल). -2. a king, sovereign. - 47 to: f. esteem of mankind, general respectability. -qfa: 1. an epithet of Brahman. -2. of Vishnu. -3, a king, sovereign, -पथ:, -पद्धति: f. the general or usual way, the universally accepted way. - frages; an epithet of Brahman. - प्रकाशन: the sun. -प्रवादः general rumour, current report, popular talk. — प्रासेद्ध a. well-known, universally known. -वंधः, -वंधः ब: 1. the sun. -2. Siva. -- बाह्य. -बाह्य a, 1, excluded from society,excommunicated, -2. differing from the world, eccentric, singular. (-a:) an outcast. -- भावन, --भाविन a. promoting the welfare of the world. -- Haiti an established or current custom. - मात f. an epithet of Lakshmî. -मार्ग: an established cus--arar 1. worldly affairs. the course of worldly life, business of the world : ए i কিবৰ লীক্ষা-चा Mv. 7: बाबदयं संसारस्तावस्त्रीसद्धेते-य़ं लोकयाचा Ve. 3. −2. a popular usage or custom. -3. worldly existence, career in life; Mâl. 4,6.-4. support of life, maintenance. - Ter: a king, sovereign. — रं जनं pleasing the -₹7: popular world, popularity. talk or report. -लेख: a public document. —लोचनं the sun. à popular rumour or report. - 414: public rumour; common talk, popular report; मां लोकवादश्रवणादहासी: R. 14. 61. - नातां popular report, public rumour. — विद्विष्ट a. disliked by men, generally or universally disliked. — विधि: l.a mode of proceeding prevalent in the world. -2. the creator of the world. - विश्वत a. farfamed, universally known, famous, renowned. -- বিশ্বার f. 1. world-wide fame, -2. unfounded rumour, mere report. - gri 1. the way of the world, a custom prevalent in the world. -2, an idle talk or gossip. - वृत्तांत:, - टय वहार: 1. the course or ways of the world, general custom; S. 5. -2. course of events. - 54481 s. commonly used, universally current. - अतं general practice or way of the world. - Afa: f. 1. a popular report. -2. world-wide fame. -संस्ति f. fate, destiny. -संकर:

general confusion in the world. --ug: 1. the whole universe. -2, the welfare of the world. -3, worldly experience. -4. propitiation of mankind. -साक्षिक a. attested by witnesses. -साझिन m. 1. an epithet of Brahman, -2 fire, -सिद्ध a. 1. current among the people, usual, customary. -2. generally received or accepted. —स्थितः f. 1. existence or conduct of the universe, worldly existence; the stability or permanence of the world: Bh. 2. 22. -2. a universal law. - हास्य a. world-derided, the butt of general ridicule. - fea a. beneficial to mankind or to the world, (-a) general welfare,

लें) करें Looking at, seeing, beholding &c.

लोकपृंश a. Filling or pervading the world; लोकपृणै: परिमलै: परिपूरि-तस्य काइनीरजस्य कदुवापि नितांतरम्या Bv. 1. 71.

होद्द a. 1 World-wide.-2 Usual, custom ary.-3 Right,real.-4 Heavenly.-5 Granting free space.

लोग: A clod, lump of earth.

छोच् I. 1 A. (लोबते) To see, view, perceive, observe. —II. 10 U. or Caus. (लेबन्तिने) To cause to see. —III. 10 U. (लाबन्तिनेते) 1 To speak. —2 To shine.

लोचं Tears.

ভৌষম: [ভৌষ্-গুৰু] 1 A stupid person. -2 The pupil of the eye.-3 Lamp-black, collyrium. -4 A kind of ear-ring. -5 A dark or blue garment. -6 A bow-string. -7 A particular ornament worn by women on the forehead. -3 A lump of flesh. -9 The slough of a snake. -10 A wrinkled skin. -11 The wrinkled brow. -12 A plantain tree.

लोचन व. (नी f.) 1 Illuminating, brightening. -2 Visible. -नं [लोच्यतेऽनेन लोच्-करणे च्युट्] 1 Seeing, sight, viewing. -2 The eye; हाबान्नासान् गमय चतुरी लोचे मीलियिट्या Me. 110. -Comp. -गोचरः, -पयः, नामेः the range of sight, sphere of vision. -हिता blue vitriol.

छोट् 1 P. (लोटाने) To be mad or foolish.

लोह A technical term used by Pânini to denote the Imperative Mood or its terminations. लोटनं Rolling, wallowing.

लोटा, लोटिका, Sorrel.

लोड: Rolling on the ground, wallowing.

लोड् 1 P. (लोडित) To be foolish or mad.

लोडनं Disturbing,agitating,shaking about.

लोणारः A kind of salt.

स्रोत: 1 Tears. -2 A mark, sign, token. -तं 1 Booty. -2 Salt.

ळोत्रं [लू-हृत्] Stolen property, booty; लोजेण (or लोजेण) गुहीतस्य कुशीलकस्यास्ति वा प्रतिवचनं V. 2.

लोधः, लाभ्रः N. of a tree with red or white flowers; लोभ्रद्वपं सानुमतः प-फुद्धं R. 2. 29; मुखेन सालक्ष्यत लोभ-पांडना 3. 2; Ku. 7. 9.

लोप: [ल्यु-भाने घज] 1 Taking away, deprivation; robbing, plundering. -2 Loss, destruction. -3 Abolition, cancellation, annulment, (of customs), disappearance, disuse. -4 Violation, transgression; धर्मलोपभयान् R. 1. 76. -5 Want, failure, absence; R. 1. 68. -6 Omission, dropping; तद्वस्थ्यं लोपे स्थान् K. P. 10. -7 Elision, dropping, (in gram.); अद्योग लोप: P. I. 1. 60. -8 Being perplexed or confounded. -9 Breaking, fracture.

लोपनं [लुप-स्युट्] 1 Violation, transgression. -2 Omission, dropping.

लोपा, लोपामुदा N. of a daughter of the king of Vidarbha and wife of the sage Agastya. [She is said to have been formed by the sage himself from the most beautiful parts of different animals so as to have a wife after his own heart, and then secretly introduced into the palace of the king of Vidarbha where she grew up as his daughter. She was afterwards married by Agastya. He was asked by her to acquire immense riches before he thought of having any connection with her. The sage accordingly first went to king Srutarvan, and from him to several other persons till he went to the rich demon Ilvala and, having conquered him, got immense wealth fro m him and satisfied his wife].

लोपाकः,लोपापकः A kind of jackal. लोपाशः, लोपाशकः A jackal, fox.

स्तोपिन् a. 1 Injuring, harming. -2 Subject to elision,