ठक्] 1 A Brâhmana in the fourth order of his religious life; see संम्या-सिन्. -2 A mendicant in general.

सान्वय a. Hereditary.

सापत्न a. (ff f.) Born from or belonging to a rival wife. $-\epsilon \epsilon r r$: (m. pl.) The children of different wives of the same husband.

सापरन्य 1 The state or condition of a rival wife. -2 Rivalry, ambition, enmity. --रन्य: 1 The son of a rival wife. -2 An enemy.

सापराध a. Guilty, criminal.

सापवाद a.1 Spreading or indulging in scandal; U. 1.6. -2 Attended with a scandal; U. 2. -चं ind. Censuringly.

सार्पिड्य Connection by the offering of rice-balls to the same Manes, kindred, consanguinity.

सापेक्ष a. Having regard to, dependent on, (usually in comp.).

साप्तपद् a. (वी f.), साप्तपदीन a. [cf. P. V. 2. 22] Formed by walking together seven steps, or by talking together seven words; यत: सतां संनतगाचि संगतं मनीचिभि: साप्तप-दीनमुद्यते-Ku. 5. 39 (where the latter sense appears better); Pt. 2. 43, 4. 103. - दं. - नं 1 Circumambulation of the nuptial fire by the bride and bridegroom in seven steps (which makes the marriage tie irrevocable). - 3 Friendship, intimacy.

सामपोरुष a. (भी: f.) Extending to or including seven generations; Ms. 3. 146.

साफल्यं 1 Fruitfulness, usefulness, productivenss. -2 Profit, advantage. -3 Success.

सायाध a. Disordered, deranged; S. 3. 9.

साब्दी A kind of grape.

साभ्यस्य a. Envious, jealous. साम् 10 U. (सामयतिन्ते) To appease, conciliate, soothe.

सामकं The principal of a debt. - क: A whet-stone.

सामग्री [समग्रह्य भाव: व्यञ् कीत्ववक्षे डीपि यलोप: Tv.] 1 A collection or assemblage of materials, apparatus, furniture; Bh. 3. 155. -2 Effects, goods. -3 Stock, provision.

सामझ्यं 1 Entireness, perfection, completeness, totality ; प्रायेण सामझ्य

विधौ रा गानां पराङ एखी विश्वसृज्ञः प्रवृत्तिः Ku. 3. 28. - 2 Train, retinue. -3 A collection of implements, apparatus. -4 Stock, effects.

सामंजस्यं 1 Fitness, consistency, propriety ; cf. असनंजस. -2 Accuracy, correctness.

सामन् n. [सो-मनिन Un. 4. 152] 1 Appeasing, calming, comforting, soothing. -2 Conciliation, pacific measures, negotiation. (the first of the four upáyas or expedients to be used by a king against an enemy); सामवंडी प्रशंसंति नित्यं राष्टाभिवद्यये Ms. 7. 109. -3 Conciliatory or mild means, pacific or conciliatory conduct, gentle words ; Pt. 4. 26, 48. -4 Mildness, gentleness. -5 A metrical hymn or song of praise; सम्रसामोपगीतं त्वां R. 10. 21, Bg. 10. 35. -6 A verse or text of the Sâmaveda. -7 The Sâmaveda itself (said to have been produced from the sun : cf. Ms 1. 23). -Comp. - 33q: an elephant. - उ । चारः, - उपायः mild or conciliatory means, gentle or pacific measures. -- π: a Brâhmana who chants the Sâmaveda. -गर्भ:, -गायन: N. of Vishnu. - ज:, - sit a. 1. produced by the Samaveda. -2, produced by conciliatory means. (- wr:, -q:) an elephant; Si. 12. 11, 18. 33. - योनि: 1. Brahman. -2. an elephant. - वाद: kind words, conciliatory words; Si. 2. 55; Pt. 3. 28. - वेद: the third of the four Vedas. - बेदिन m. a Branmana who has studied the Sâmaveda. - àfia: a Chhândoga priest.

सामक a. Belonging to the Sâmaveda.

सामन a. Ved. Conciliatory, peaceable.

साग्रन्थ : 1 A Brâhmana versed in the Sâma-veda. -2 One skilful in chanting the verses of that Veda.

सामनी, साम्नी A rope for tying cattle.

सामंत a. 1 Bordering, bounding, neighbouring. -2 Universal. ; -तः 1 A neighbour. -2 A neighbouring king. -3 A feudatory or tributary prince; सामंत्रमीलिमणिर्याज्ञतपाद्धींट V. 3. 19, "R. 5. 28, 6. 33. -4 A leader, general. -तं Neighbourhood.

सामयाचारिक a. (की f.) Relat-

ing to conventional practice or usage (समदायार). -Comp. - सूच N. of certain Sûtras, treating of conventional customs and rites sanctioned by the common agreement and practice of virtuous men.

सामर्थ्य 1 Power, force, capacity, ability, strength. -2 Sameness of aim or object. -3 Oneness of meaning or signification. -4 Adequacy, fitness. -5 The force or sense of words, the signifying power of a word. -6 Interest, advantage. -7 Wealth. (साम्रेट्यां न 'by the force of, on the strength of, by dint of, by reason of, as a consequence of').

सामवायिक a. (की f.) [समताये प्रस्त: उञ्ज] 1 Belonging to an assembly or collection. -2 Belonging to inseparable connection. -क: 1 A minister, counsellor. -2 The chief of a company or corporation.

सामाजिक a. (की f.) [सगाजः स-भावेशनं प्रयोजनमस्य ठञ्च] Belonging to an assembly. -- का: A member of an audience or as sembly, a spectator at an assembly or meeting; तेन हि तत्वयोगांदेवात्रभ वत्तः सामाजिकानुपास्महे Mâl, 1.

सामानाधिकरण्यं 1 Being in the same predicament or situation. -2 Common office, function or government, common relationship (as of case). -3 The state of relating to the same object.

सामान्य a. [समानस्य भवः ध्यम्] 1 Common, general; सामान्यमेषां प्रयमा-वरस्वं Ku. 7. 44; आहारनिद्राभयमेथुनं . च सामान्यमेत्तर्वाभिनेराणां Subhåsh; R. 14. 67; Ku. 2. 26. -2 Alike, equal, same. -4 Ordinary, of an, average or middle degree; सामान्या स्तु परार्थमुद्यमभूतः स्वार्थाविरोधेन ये Bh. 2. 74. -4 Vulgar, commonplace, in significant. -5 Entire, whole. -- न्य 1 Community, generality, universality. -2 Common or generic pro-