kāya. For Dharma as n. pr. see prec.; for dharma as adj. see next. I have not listed dharma law, doctrine (second of the 3 ratna, Dharmas 1 etc.), since it is both extremely common and hardly un-Skt. It may refer particularly to the collections of sūtras which set forth the Doctrine; see e. g. dharma-caryā. — dharma is also one of the four pratisamvid, q.v.; on the mg. here see esp. AbhidhK. LaV-P. vii.89 ff., with references (note Dbh 77.3 ff.); it seems likely to belong to mg. (4) but definitions are confusingly variant and obscure.

3 dharma, f. -ā or (rarely) -ī, adj. (= Skt. dharmya, dhārma; BHS also dhārmya, and as element in comp. dharmī-, dhārmī-, dhārmi-, dharmā-, qq.v.; Pali dhammi, as fem. adj. or as element in comp., as such also dhammi-, only with kathā), religious, only with katha except for the last citations; on the forms cf. Senart i n. 574 (the regular Skt. dharmya also occurs): most commonly instr. sg.: dharmayā kathayā LV 38.13 (prose, all mss.; Lefm. and Calc. 'myayā); Mv i.261.18 (prose, no v.l.); 297.16 (ib.); 309.2 (v.l. dhammā-); 329.14 (v.l.; text with 1 ms. °myayā); 333.19 (v.l. °māyā); 334.5 (v.l. °myā); 334.10, 16; iii.272.11 (v.l. dharmā-); dharmyā (v.l. dhārya-, intending dhārmya-?) kathayā iii.142.4; dharmā- (Senart em. °myā) kathayā iii.143.6; dhārmyayā kathayā Mv i.322.6; dhārmi-kathayā Mv i.282.3 (vs); less often acc. sg., dharmi-kathām Mahāsamāj, Waldschmidt, Kl. Skt. Texte 4, 157.8; dharmī-kathām Mv i.319.3 (v.l. dharmayā kathām!); Divy 241.26 (3 of 4 mss. dhārmī- or dhārmi-), 28 (no v.l.); dhārmyām kathām Mv iii.446.9; dhārmyam dharmacakram Divy 393.23. In MPS 34.30 ff. dharma, f. °mā, occurs many times as adj. with other words than kathā (prāsāda, puṣkarinī, tālavana); ed. always em. to dhārma, f. omī.

dharma-kathika, m. (also dhārma°; = Pali dhamma°; cf. 3 dharma, with kathā), preacher: SP 200.3; Mvy 2763; Karmav 162.1; Divy 329.2, 7 (by em.). (BR's alternative dharmakathaka is evidently a false reading for Mvy 2763; Mironov only °ika.)

Dharmakānkṣinī, n. of a gandharva maid: Kv 4.23. Dharmakāma, (1) n. of a son of Māra, favorable to the Bodhisattva: LV 312.8; (2) n. of one of the four devatās of the bodhi-tree (so Lefm. with Tib. chos hdod; all mss. and Calc. Dharmakāya): LV 401.21.

dharma-kāya, m. (in Pali recorded only as Bhvr. adj. in quite different sense, having a body that is, or is characterized by, the Doctrine, DN iii.84.24, said of the Buddha; see below for similar use in BHS); (1) the mass of conditions of existence, see s.v. kāya (2); (2) perhaps to be rendered spiritual body (?), contrasted with rūpakāya, q.v.: (dṛṣṭo mayopādhyāyānubhāvena) sa bhagavān dharmakayena (in his spiritual form, or the like; he had not seen him physically) no tu rūpakāyena (but not in his physical form) Divy 19.11; similarly 360.19 (...na dṛṣṭo rupakāyo me 20-21); na rupakāyatas tathāgatah prajnātavyah...dharmakāyaprabhāvitās ca buddhā bhagavanto na rupakāya-prabhāvitāh Samādh 22.7 (Régamey, Absolute Body, Material Body; R. does not understand prabhāvita quite rightly; it means recognized, see BR s.v. bhū with pra, caus., 3); similarly 22.9 and esp. 34, with the explanation, dharmena kāyu nirjito, (His) body is born (? see nirjita) by dharma; see Régamey p. 23; elsewhere, with the same contrast, the word dharma-k° is used as a Bhvr. adj. (cf. the Pali usage above, with which this usage may be directly connected), na hi tathagato rupakayato drastavyah, dharmakāyās tathāgatāh AsP 513.15; instead of rūpakāya, simply kāya may be used in contrast, dharmakāyā buddhā bhagavantaḥ, mā khalu punar imam bhikşavah satkayam kayam manyadhvam, dharmakayaparinispattito mām bhikṣavo drakṣyanty AsP 94.11-13; (3) perhaps to be rendered in the same way as (2), but considered the highest of three bodies of a Buddha, the

others being sambhoga- and nirmāṇa-k°; this is a late formula (Régamey, l. c. above) and I have noted the triad only in Mvy 116-118 among texts included in this work (see under the others); (4) without specific contrast with other kāyas but most likely belonging to (2) rather than (3): sa dharmakāya-prabhāvito (see Samādh 22.7 above) darśanenāpi sattvānām artham karoti Šikṣ. 159.7; manomaya-dharmakāyasya tathāgatasya Laṅk 192.1 (AbhīdhK. knows a manomaya-kāya, app. not identified with dharma-k°, see LaV-P. Index; acc. to ii.209 it pertains to the rūpa-dhātu); prob., na rājan kṛpaṇo loke dharma-kāyena saṃspṛśet Divy 560.2 (vs). [In LV 401.21 all mss. and Calc. read Dharmakāya as n. of one of the four devatās of the bodhi-tree; Lefm. Dharmakāma, with Tib. chos ḥdod; the em. seems plausible.]

Dharmakīrti (cf. Pali Dhammakitti), n. of a teacher:

Mvy_3483.

Dharmakusumaketudhvajamegha, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv 309.8.

Dharmaketu, (1) n. of a former Buddha (or of several such?): LV 5.4; 172.14; Sukh 6.14; Mmk 365.17 (here acc. sg. °ketunam, in a vs); (2) n. of a Bodhisattva: Gv 3.18; (3) n. of a devaputra, one of the 16 guardians of the bodhimanda: LV 277.14.

Dharmagaganakāntasimhaprabha, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv 311.23.

Dharmagaganābhyudgatarāja (cf. next), n. of a Tathāgata: SP 218.9. (Burnouf's and Kern's translations 'gahanā' for 'gaganā', but Tib. confirms the latter with nam mkhah, sky.)

Dharmagaganābhyudgataśrīrājan (cf. prec.), n. of a Tathāgata: Gy 360.7.

Dharmagupta, (1) n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.138.8 (and by Senart's em. for 'gupti, q.v.); (2) pl. (= Pali Dhammagutta), n. of a Buddhist school: Mvy 9081.

Dharmagupti, n. of a former Buddha: Mv i.137.9 (so mss., Senart em. °gupta; in same list with °gupta above).

Dharmagrāma, n. of a locality in the south: Gv 454.8.

dharmacakra, nt. (Skt. id., but in BHS as in Pali dhammacakka used in a specialized sense, hardly exactly paralleled in Skt.), the wheel of the law, which was 'set in motion' (pra-vartayati; pravartana, n.) by the Buddha when he first preached his doctrine: passim; triparivarta-(see parivarta)-dvādaśākāra-dharmacakra-pravartanam Mvy 1309; °kra-pravartana- LV 36.3; °kram pravartitam SP 69.13; Divy 393.23; °kram pravartesi SP 69.15 (vs),

Dharmacakracandrodgataśri, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv 310.26.

Dharmacakrajvalanateja, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv 311.17 (prose).

Dharmacakranirghoşagaganameghapradīparāja, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv 352.6 (here om. megha), 15, 20; 355.15, 21 (in 21 1st ed. om. gaganamegha); 356.6, 12, 16; 357.8; 359.10; 360.6. All these prose; in vs 362.25 the same personage is called Saddharmaghoṣāmbaradīparāja.

Dharmacakranirmāṇaprabhā, n. of a nun: Gv 308.4.

Dharmacakranirmāņasamantapratibhāsanirghoṣa, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv 360,17.

Dharmacakraprabhanirghoşa, n. of a Tathāgata: Gv 310.25.

Dharmacakraprabhanirghoşarāja, n. of a Tathā-gata: Gv 360.11.

dharma-cakşus (= Pali dhamma-cakkhu, nt., defined DN comm. i.237.23 by dhammesu vā cakkhum dhammamayam vā cakkhum), 'eye of the Doctrine', religious insight: şaṣṭīnām devakoṭīnām dharmacakşur viśodhitam