141.9, womenfolk, even when no virtues are found, profess (claim) virtues in themselves; the meaning is certain (wrongly Foucaux); some (inferior) mss. prati-jā°; Calc. gunān.

Prajāpati, m. (1) n. of one of the 16 devaputra who guard the bodhimanda: LV 277.12; (2) n. of a brahman, father of the Buddha Viraja: Lank 364.13; (3) n. of a yakşa: Māy 236.26. (For prajāpati, f., see °tī.)

Prajāpatinivāsinī, n. of a 'gandharva maid': Kv 5.10. prajāpatī, °ti, °vatī, f. (= Pali pajāpatī; believed to be hyper-Skt. for prajāvatī, which occurs once in Divy), consort, wife: (of a king, as Kuśa), °pati, voc., Mv ii.484.7, 10; iii.17.8 (so with one ms., v.l. °tih, Senart em.; his note is wrong); 19.21; °tim, acc. (Senart em. °tim) iii.9.2; °tyāḥ Divy 2.2 (of a gṛhapati); 98.21; Av i.14.7 etc.; 277.9; °tī, nom., Av i.138.2; prajāvatīm, acc., Divy 620.10;

°pati-putra-duhitr-(cpd.) AsP 241.9.

prajňapayati, °te, or °peti (in all mgs. = prajňapayati, q.v., but commoner than it in BHS, tho not recorded in Pali; see the following items), (1) makes known, declares, teaches: kim bhagavām (mss.) prajñapento prajñapeti Mv iii.65.8, what does the Lord expound (teach) when he is expounding?, answered in 10, catvāro... dhātavaḥ prajñapento prajñapemi (or, v.l., °ti; Buddha is speaking; Senart misunderstands and em.); in iii.447.14 Senart em. prajñapeti (I am not sure that prajñapti of mss. may not be kept, as noun, n. sg.: there is a declaration, it is declared, viz., as follows); (yan, sc. dharman . . . agraprajñaptişu ca) prajñapayanti Bbh 291.13; gurudhar-mān prajñapayāmi Bhīk 4b.2; yāvān kaścit sattvadhātuḥ (text °tur) prajňapyamanah prajňapyate (pass.) Vaj 20.19, . being made known, is made known; defines, (tandulahāratāye, or other instr.) suddhim prajñapenti (or opayanti) Mv ii.126.14; 128.1; 129.5, they define purity as (instr.) . . .; (2) arranges, provides (a seat): °payasva SP 410.8 (prose; mañcaṃ); °payet Mv i.325.8 (āsanāni; Senart em. prajñā°); °pīyanti, pass., ii.274.4 (āsanā); °petha iii.63.15 (āsanāni); °paya Divy 20.8 (mañcam), and so, prajňapya, ger. 10, and prajňapto (maňco) 11; °pitvā SP 194.3 (vs.; āsana); °paya Suy 20.2 (2) °pya Suv 203.2; (3) arranges, spreads out (a cloth or garment, to sit on): ger. °petvā Mv i.238.12 (ajinam); 318.15 (-samghāṭim); °payitvā i.241.1 (ajinam); tṛṇasaṃstaram il.131.14 (for himself; LV parallel, 289.13, saṃstīrya); 268.3; prajñapya (uttarāsaṅgaṃ) Divy 77.4; 465.30. See

prajñapta, ppp. of prec. (= Pali paññatta), (1) arranged, provided (of seats, see prec. 2): esp. with asana, often prajñapta evasane, in the seat expressly provided, SP 183.2; LV 6.8; Mv i.318.16; ii.258.5; Divy 49.29 and often; others with āsana, SP 283.7; LV 67.14; 408.21; Mv i.306.10; Suv 203.2, 4; RP 41.1; Divy 222.8, 10; simhāsana, SP 159.9; 245.4-5; 246.10; LV 288.21, and padmāsana 22; mañca Divy 20.11; (2) arranged in the sense of covered, strewn (with cloths or garments, see prec. 3): praveni-pranīta-prajnaptā(h) SP 341.12 (vs), elegantly spread with cover-cloths; paryankāni . . . ratnadūsyapataih prajnaptāni Suv 7.8, ... spread with ...; (3) in a cliché occurring Divy 2.19; 99.10, and often in Av, i.15.3 etc., vaidyaprajñaptair āhārair, perh. with food provided (arranged) by physicians (in description of the care bestowed on a pregnant woman; Divy Index ordered, but this does not seem to be a mg. of this or related words).

prajňaptaka, adj. (prec. in mg. 1 plus specifying -ka, § 22.39), (the seats) that have been provided: yany etany āsanāni prajñaptakāny . . . Divy 222.13-14 (cf. prajñapta with āsana above, lines 8, 10); (Panthakena simhāsanam) drstam prajnaptakam (the one that had been provided), dṛṣṭvā samlakṣayati, kim tāvat prasādajātābhih prajñap-

tam (was it provided . . .?) Divy 494.14.

? prajňaptāpayati, ppp. °pita, caus. to denom. from prajfiapta, causes (a seat) to be arranged (for himself):

Mv iii.93.3 and 4, see s.v. prajñāpayati (2) and § 38.56.

prajñapti, f. (in Skt. recorded once, Bhag.P., in mg. BR; in general used much like Pali paññatti, cf. prajñapayati and relatives; see also prajñapti), (1) making known, declaration: agra-otișu Bbh 291.12, see prajñapayati 1; (2) śabda-prao, manifestation in words (cf. Pali sadda-paññatti, Compendium of Philosophy 4), verbal expression: Samādh 8.11 yāvatī ca tatra lokadhātau śabdaprajñaptih, every...in this world (took on the same sound, when the Buddha became enlightened); (3) statement, manifesto: icchāmi ekām prajñaptim (I wish, sc. to make, a statement) brāhmaņaparisā yadi pramāņam ti Mv i.311.5; the brahmans reply, jalpa yā te vijñapti, say what your statement (? request?) is; (4) désignation acc. to LaV-P. AbhidhK. ii.214, where °ti-dharma is contrasted with dravya-dharma, chose en soi; notation, Lévi on Sūtrāl. xix.43 (Tib. brtags, signe, symbole; Chin. kia, faux, simulé); 'le mot désigne la notion comme purement verbale, comme moyen de se faire entendre;' lokānuvartanām buddhā anuvartanti laukikīm, prajnaptim anuvartanti yathā lokottarām api Mv i.168.8-9 (vss), ... Buddhas imitate (or follow) the conventions (which pass current in the world; i. e. they seem to carry on worldly activities) as if (all this were) super-worldly (esoterically real); bahubhir abhilapaih prajñaptaya upacārāḥ (access) kriyante Bbh 44.14, and repeatedly in sequel, esp. in cpd. °ti-vāda; (rūpādisamjňake) vastuni yā rūpam ity evam-ādyāh prajňaptayah tāh samyrtava (see samyrti) ity ucyante Bbh 49.4; nāma-samketa-°tih 50.10; (nāmadheyamātram samketamātram samvṛtimātram) prajñaptimātram Siks 257.8 (said of the 5 samskāra; note samvṛti again, virtually prajñapti); wrong actions are of two sorts, some like adultery wrong by nature (prakṛti-duṣṭa-tvād), others like remaining in the householder's life blameworthy by convention (prajňapti-sāvadya-tvād) Šiks 192.13; Buddhas are prajñapti-samatikranta(h) Mv i.176.18, passed beyond convention (exoteric things); in Lank 153.10 (vs) an atman exists prajnapti-satyato, by (exoteric) verbal convention, it is not dravya-sat, real in itself (cf. AbhidhK, above), and so in line 11, skandhanam skandhata tadvat prajňaptya na tu dravyatah, ... by conventional designation, not in reality; (5) arrangement, provision (of a seat; n. act. to prajñapayati 2, prajñapta 1): śatasāhasrikā āsana-prajñaptī kriyati Mv ii.273.12, a seat-provision worth 100,000 was made, i. e. a seat worth that was provided; similarly, asanaprajaapti ca me na tadrši bhavisyati 274.9.

prajñā (Skt., and Pali paññā), knowledge: three kinds, śrutamayī, cintāmayī, bhāvanāmayī (so in Pali cintāmayā, sutamayā, and bhāvanāmayā paññā, Childers): Mvy 1550-3; Dharmas 110.

Prajñākūṭa, n. of a Bodhisattva: SP 260.14 ff. Prajñāntaka, n. of one of the ten krodha: Dharmas

11; Sādh 137.8.

prajñāpayati (caus. of Skt. pra-jñā, = Pali paññāpeti, but in BHS, in all mgs., less common than prajñap°, q.v., which does not exist in Pali unless in pannatta, °tti, see prajñapta, opti; both practically unknown in Skt., acc. to BR prajñapo once in SB. in mg. 1, prajñapita in one questionable v.l. in Sak., also in mg. 1), (1) makes known, declares, teaches: prajñāpayanti ca sammūdhāh LV 248.16 (prose), and foolish (teachers) make public announcement (or, teach; Tib. ston pa; sc. their doctrines, just listed; but no object is expressed); (2) arranges, provides (seats; so also Pali): LV 439.15 (dharmāsanam prajñāpayişyati, no v.l.); Divy 198.14 (āsanam prajñāpayatā); Suv 203.1 (asanam prajnapaya, but in next line, asanam prajňaptam, prajňapya ca...); (simhāsanam) prajňāpayanti Mvy 6282, and prajñāptam 5602 (Tib. bśams pa, see Tib. Dictt. s.v. som pa); ger. prajñāpya, SP 182.6 (simhāsanam); LV 102.14 and 268.7 (āsanam; but in