kalikā (LP), quarrel; cf. Gujarātī kali. kalikāvalika (LP), a quarrel; cf. kalikā.

kalinga-vāriyam (SITI), Tamil; committee looking after the sluice; derived from kalingu, 'a sluice'.

kāl-maruturu (CITD), Telugu; an unknown measure of land. Cf. maruturu, ghada-maruturu, etc.

kal-nādu (SITI), Tamil; a hero-stone; setting up of a hero-stone.

kalpa (CII 1), same as samvarta-kalpa, the aeon of destruction.

 $(CII\ 3,\ {\rm etc.}),\ {\rm name}\ {\rm of}\ {\rm a}\ {\rm fabulous}\ {\rm tree}\ {\rm in}\ {\rm Indra's}\ {\rm paradise},$ supposed to grant all desires.

kalpādi (EI 5; IA 18), name applied to certain tithis.

 $Kalp\bar{a}la$ (EI 30), also called $Kalvap\bar{a}la$, $Kalyap\bar{a}la$, $Kalyap\bar{a}la$; a distiller of liquor.

 $k\bar{a}lu$ (IE 8-6), Kannada; 'one foot'; a unit of measurement.

Kalvapāla (EI 30), same as Kalpāla, etc.; a vintner.

Kalvapāla-vārika (IE 8-8), official designation indicating a spirit-distiller.

kalyāṇa (CII 1), a good deed which is beneficial to the people; a ceremony to bring health and prosperity to a person (Ep. Ind., Vol. XXXV, p. 147); cf. mangala in the same senses.

(EI 19), a festival (especially, marriage); cf. kalyāṇa-maṇdapa.

kalyān-āgama (CII 1), 'having pure knowledge'.

kalyāṇa-dhana (HRS), tax levied for the expenses of festivals or for the performance of rites to avert evil. Cf. prathama-kalyāṇa (Ep. Ind., Vol. XXXV, p. 147).

 $kaly\bar{a}naka$ (HA), a chief auspicious event in the life of a Tirthankara, there being five such events, viz. cyavana or descent from heaven, janma or birth, $d\bar{\imath}k\bar{\imath}a$ or initiation as monk, $j\bar{n}a\bar{n}a$ or attainment of $kevala-j\bar{n}a\bar{n}a$, and $mok\bar{\imath}a$ or $nirva\bar{n}a$, i.e. death which means freedom from the last bondage in the life of a Jina. See $kaly\bar{a}nik\bar{a}$.

Kalyāṇasundara, Śiva represented as marrying Umā Haimavatī.

kalyāṇī (EI 8), a square pond. kalyāṇikā (EI 8), a festival.