

7880 (do.). — § 678b (Anukampaka): XII, 257, 9151 (^osamāḥ, sc. Hari the son of Anukampaka). — § 692 (Mokshadh.): XII, 280a, 10018 (Hari, i.e. Vishnu); 281, 10043 (do., do.), 10048 (^oātmakām, description of the nature of the Supreme God), †10081 (= do.). — § 704 (do.): XII, 301, †11098 (yogī . . . N^oātmā); 302, 11120 (deve, i.e. the Supreme God), 11174 (= do.), 11193 (^oātmānam, = do.), †11211 (= do.), 11212 (= do.). — § 717b (Nārāyaṇiya): XII, 335, 42656 (Nāradasya ca sāṃvādām rśher N^oṣya ca), 12657 (viçvātmā caturmūrtih sandātanah), 12658 (the eternal N. (i.e. the Supreme God) was born as the son of Dharma in a fourfold form, viz. as Nara, N., Hari, and Kṛṣṇa), 12659 (Nara-N^oau, in Badarī), 12667 (Nara-N^oābhīyām), 12670, 12673 (i.e. the son of Dharma, Nārada came to Nara and Nārāyaṇa in Badarī); 336, †12696 (uttamapūrushēṇa, i.e. the son of Dharma), †12700 (= do.). — § 717c (Uparicara): XII, 336, 12712 (Harīm), 12713, 12717, 12729 (devam Harīm), 12730 (through the grace of N. (i.e. Vishnu) the seven rśhis composed a treatise on duties); 337, 12775 (devam N^oātmakam), 12776 (devam), 12779 (^oparāḥ, Ekata, Dvita, and Trita repaid to Īvetadvīpa, but in vain attempted to get a sight of N.), 12811 (viçvāṣṭra havyakavyabhuṭ), 12815 (^oparo bhuṭvā N^ojapaṇi japan, sc. Vasu Uparicara); 338, 12835, 12847 (japaṇi N^omukhodgatam), 12848 (Hari, sent Garuḍa to bring Vasu Uparicara to heaven). — § 717b (Nārāyaṇiya): XII, [339] (Nārada repaid to Īvetadvīpa and hymned N. (v. Mahāpurushastava)] 340, 12872 (Hari, showed himself to Nārada and expounded his own nature and future feats and incarnations), 12964 (Nara-N^odv rśhi, = Arjuna and Kṛṣṇa), 12975 (Nārada returned to Nara and N. in Badarī), 12977 (mahopanishadām . . . Pañcarātrānuçabditām N^omukhodgatam), 12998 (^oparāḥ, sc. Yudhiṣṭhīra, etc.), 13000; 341, 13010 (^okathāḥ), 13032 (bestowed omniscience on Vyāsa) [13050 (Mahāpurusham, worshipped by the gods, etc. [in Īvetadvīpa])]; 342, 13140 (the Supreme God, identified with Kṛṣṇa), 13150 (^oātmakāḥ, sc. Rudra), 13151 (devaḥ), 13155 (Rudro N^oṣ caiva sattvam ekam dvidhākṛtām), 13159 (devam N^om Harīm), 13165 (Nara-N^oau, = Arjuna and Kṛṣṇa), 13168 (etymology); 343, I †13192 (^ogunāgrayat . . . tamasah), †13205 (^omukhodgataḥ . . . brāhmaṇāḥ), V †13206 (seized Rudra in the throat which became blue (nila)), XIII, †13222 (born as the rśhi Vadavāmukha), (phi), 13243 (granted a boon to Gālava), (omega), 13263 (seized the throat of Rudra), 13266 (Nara-N^oau), 13270 (^oraśi), 13271, 13272, 13274 (viçvātmā); (aa), 13278, 13286 (Nara-N^oāc caiva . . . Dharmakulodvashu), 13290 (devam), 13296 (encounter between Rudra and Nara + N.); 344, 13305 (^okathā), 13306 (kathām . . . N^oāçrayām), 13308 (derām N^om Harīm), 13310 (devasattamau Nara-N^oau, in Badarī), (beta), 13317 (^okathāçrayām), 13321 (^okatha), 13329 (Nara-N^oau), 13332 (Nara-N^odv rśhi), 13333 (^okathām), 13349 (i.e. the rśhi), (13350) (Nara-N^oau) (discourse between Nārada and Nara and N.); 345, (13371) (Nara-N^oau) 13396 (Nāradāḥ . . . N^oparāyaṇāḥ), 13397 (mantrām N^ogatān . . . Nara-N^oāçramā), 13398 (Nara-N^oau) (continuation); 346, 13405 (^ovidhau), (13410) (Nara-N^oau), 13426 (sarvātmā, = Vishnu) (continuation); 347, 13427 (Nara-N^oeritām), 13428 (Nara-N^oāçramā), 13429 (Nara-N^odv rśhi), 13433 (devam N^om Harīm, i.e. Vishnu), 13436 (Vyāsa was an incarnation of N.); 348, 13449 (janma Dharmagṛha Nara-Nārāyaṇātmakam), 13461 (īçvarāḥ . . . Virāṭ), 13473 (^okṛtau bindau), 13474 (Madhu and Kaitabha were born

from two drops created by N., i.e. Vishnu), [13489 foll. (Brahmā's births)], 13519 (when Madhu and Kaitabha robbed the Vedas N. recovered them, having assumed a horse's head, afterwards he slew Madhu and Kaitabha), (kk), 13530, 13531, 13532, 13533, 13534, 13535, 13536, 13537, 13540 (Hari), 349, 13550 (^opriyah), 13556, I, 13559 (mānasam janma N^omukhodgatām Brahmanāḥ), II, 13563 (^oātmakāḥ, sc. dharmāḥ), III, 13565, 13570, IV, 13572 (Hari), 13577 (^omukhodbhavām, sc. dharmām), 13581 (Deveṣām Hariṁ), V, 13586 (devo Hariḥ), 13590, VI, 13591 (^omukhāt), VII, 13595, 13599, 13601 (Brahmā's births from N. (i.e. Vishnu), and the promulgations of the religion (dharma) of N. in the different kalpas), 13613 (^oparāyaṇāḥ), 13617 (^oparāḥ), 13618 (^oparāyaṇāḥ), 13621 (^oātmakāḥ moksha), 13622, 13630 (dharmo N^oātmakāḥ), 13631; 350, †13640 (^osyāñçajām ekaputrām Dvāipāyānam, i.e. Vyāsa), †13641 (created Vyāsa), 13643 (^outām, i.e. Vyāsa), 13644 (janma N^oodbhavām, sc. Vyāsa's), 13650, 13651, 13698 (janma . . . N^oāñçajām, sc. Vyāsa's, who had before been the rśhi Apāntaratamas, sprung from the speech of N.), 13707, 13708 (rśhim), †13711. — § 717d (Brahma-Rudrasamv.): XII, 352, 13754 (sarvātmā Purushāḥ). — § 719 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 1 (introductory çloka). — § 727 (do.): XIII, 11, †509 (= Kṛṣṇa, ^osyāñkagatām . . . Criyan), †526 (^o . . . vaḍāmi . . . çarirabhatā, sc. Cri). — § 730 (do.): XIII, 14, 596 (Çāñkhacakraगदाधरात्, = Kṛṣṇa). — § 730g (Upamanyu): XIII, 14v, 870 (Vainateyām samāruhya Çāñkhacakraगदाधरात्, = Kṛṣṇa), 876 (= do.), 877 (= do.). — § 730 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 17, 1290 (sādhyāya), 1291 (sādhyāḥ, learnt the 1,000 names of Çiva from Manu and taught them to Yama). — § 759 (do.): XIII, 109, 5373 (merit of worshipping Kṛṣṇa as N. in the month of Pausha). — § 766 (do.): XIII, 125, 5932 (svayām); 132, 6165 (= Vishnu, raised the submerged earth). — § 768 (do.): XIII, 139, 6292 (= Kṛṣṇa), 6303 (do.), 6310 (do.); 140, 6338 (^ouñrd Nāradāḥ). — § 768b (Kṛṣṇa Vāsudeva): XIII, 147, 6851 (Hariḥ = Kṛṣṇa). — § 768 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 148, 6888 (= Kṛṣṇa), 6896 (do.). — § 769 (do.): XIII, 149, 6975 (Vishnu's 1,000 names), 7074 (^oodbhavām jagat). — § 773 (do.): XIII, 159, 7400 (= Kṛṣṇa). — § 775 (do.): XIII, 168a, 7635 (Vishnuḥ). — § 777 (Svargārohanāp.): XIII, 168, 7750 (Nara N^oau, = Arjuna and Kṛṣṇa). — § 778 (Açvamedhikap.): XIV, 1 (introductory çloka). — § 782b (Brāhmaṇagītāp.): XIV, 25, 744 (^ovidhāḥ, devāya), 745 (Sarvātmānam). — § 787 (Açramavāśap.): XV, 1 (introductory çloka). — § 789 (Putradarcaranāp.): XV, 31, 854 (Kṛṣṇa (Hṛshīkeṣām) identical with N.). — § 793 (Mausalap.): XVI, 1 (introductory çloka); 4, 130 (= Kṛṣṇa). — § 794 (Mahāprasthānikap.): XVII, 1 (introductory çloka), 38 (= Kṛṣṇa). — § 795 (Svargārohanāp.): XVIII, 1 (introductory çloka); 5, 170 (Devadevāḥ, after death Kṛṣṇa entered into N.). — § 795c (Mahābhārata): XVIII, 6, 282 (= the introductory çloka of books I–XVIII), 287 (Nara-N^oau). Cf. Kṛṣṇa Vāsudeva, Mahāpurusha, Vishnu.

Nārāyaṇa, pl. (^oubh), a tribe of cowherds. § 554 (Sainyo-dyogap.): V, 7, 147 (gopānām arbudām mahat N^oā iti khyātāḥ, chosen as allies by Duryodhana). — § 592 (Sainçapta-kavadhap.): VII, 18, 752 (gopalāḥ), 759 (attacked Arjuna); 31, 1372 (^obalasya). — § 599 (Jayadrathavadhap.): VII, 91, 3255 (gopalāḥ, attacked Arjuna). — § 604 (Karṇāp.): VIII, 6, 153 (had been slain by Bhishma (!)). — § 605 (do.): VIII, 11, 416 (^obalaiḥ . . . gopalaiḥ, followed Kṛtavarman); 27, 1077 (^obalaiḥ, attacked Arjuna). — § 606 (do.): VIII,