

- tum, nántum; natvá; -námya; namáyati). bow (*intrans.*), bend one's self; aim at a person (*gen.*) with (*instr.*), 73¹⁵; nata, bowed down, bending over, 68¹⁹ s.; -*caus.* cause to bow, subdue; namyate, is subdued, 31⁶.
 + a va, bow down, 34¹⁷.
 + ā, bow down to.
 + ud, raise one's self up, arise.
 + sam-ud, rise.
 + nis, bend out; contort one's self.
 + pra, make obeisance before (*acc.*).
námas, *n.* bow, obeisance; adoration (by gesture or word); reverence; *used also like the Lat. gloria in the Gloria patri.* [vnam.]
namas-kārā, *m.* a making of namas; adoration. [171³.]
namas-kṛ (*see* √1kr). do homage, 9¹⁴. [171³, 1092a.]
 √ **namasya** (namasyáti). pay reverence. [namas, 1063, 1058.]
námuci, *m.* Namuchi, name of a demon, foe of Indra, 81¹⁶, 97⁶.
nayana, *n.* eye. ['leader, organ of sense that leads,' √nī, 1150.1a : for mg, cf. ānana, gātra, caraṇa, netra.]
nāra, *m.* man, 3²¹, etc.; at 57⁵, the primal man or spirit. [transition-stem fr. nṛ, 1209a.]
nara-nārī, *f.* man and woman. [1253a.]
nara-pati, *m.* lord of men; king.
nara-vāhana, *a. subst.* having men as his team, drawn by men; epithet and name of Kuvera, god of wealth; name of a king, successor of Çālivāhana.
naravāhana-datta, *m.* Naravāhanadatta, name of a son of king Udayana.
naravāhanadatta-carita, *n.* adventures of N.
naravāhanadattacaritamaya, *f.* -ī, *a.* containing the adventures of N. [1225 : see maya.]
nara-vyāghra, *m.* man-tiger, *i.e.* brave and noble man. [cf. naraçārdūla : 1280b.]
nara-çārdūla, *m.* man-tiger, *i.e.* best among men. [cf. naravyāghra : 1280b.]
nara-çreṣṭha, *a. subst.* best of men.
nara-sūnu, *f.* daughter of the primal man or spirit.
narādhīpa, *m.* lord of men, *i.e.* king, prince. [adhīpa.]
nareçvara, *m.* lord of men, *i.e.* king, prince. [içvara.]
narottama, *a. subst.* best of men. [uttama.]
narmada, *a.* granting or causing fun; making gladness; *f.* -dā, Narmadā (called also Revā), the modern Nerbudda river. [narman + da.]
narman, *n.* fun.
nala, *m.* reed; Nala, name of a prince of Nishadha. [cf. naḍā, Vedic naḷā.]
nalopākhyāna, *n.* Nala-episode, 1¹. [upākhyāna.]
 1 **nāva**, *a.* new; of an earthen dish, (fresh, *i.e.*) unburned. [prob. fr. nú, 'now,' q.v. : cf. véos, Lat. novus, Ger. neu, Eng. new.]
 2 **nāva** [483¹], *num.* nine. [cf. évvéa, Lat. novem, Ger. neun, Eng. nine.]
navatī [485], *f.* ninety. [2nāva.]
nāva-nīta, *n.* fresh butter. [perhaps 'fresh-brought,' as we say 'bring the butter, *i.e.* make it come,' in churning.]
nāvedas, *a. perhaps* well-knowing, cognizant of (*gen.*). [apparently fr. an affirmative particle na-, and vedas : see 1296³ end.]
 √ 1 **naç** (náçyati; nanāça, neçús; ánaçat; nañkşyáti [936]; naşṭá; náçáyati). be missing; get lost; vanish; perish, be ruined. [cf. vek-pós, 'dead'; Lat. nex, 'death'; nocēre, 'harm.']
 + vi, get lost; perish; *caus.* cause to disappear; bring to nought, 81²⁰.
 √ 2 **naç** (náçati, -te; nanāça; ánaç [833]). attain; reach, come up to, 74¹; *w.* acchā, draw hither, 76¹¹. [see √1aç, 'reach': cf. Lat. nactus sum, 'am having reached'; AS. neāh, comp. neār, superl. neāhst, Eng. nigh, near (as comp., Macbeth ii. 3. 146), next; AS. ge-neah, 'it reaches, es reicht, it suffices'; ge-nōh, Eng. e-nough.]
 + pra, reach to, hit; fall upon, 78⁸.
nás [397], *f.* nose. [nom. dual, násā : cf. Lat. nas-turcium, 'nose-teaser, nasturtium'; nār-es, 'nostrils'; AS. nosu, Eng. nose; nos-tril, 'nose-thrill, nose-hole.']
nas [491], *encl. pron. form of 1st pers.* [cf. vó, 'we two'; Lat. nōs, 'us.']