w acc. of person and gen. of thing, 838.

[cf. φαγ-είν, 'get one's portion, eat,' w. a specialization of mg like those seen in Eng. partake and take as used with the implied object food or drink, in bhakta, 'thing divided, portion, food,' and in bhaks: akin are the names of the two food-trees yielding catable nuts (acorns, buck-mast), φāγόs, φηγόs, 'oak,' Lat. fagus, 'beech,' AS. boc, Eng. buck-, 'beech-,' in buck-mast, 'beech-nuts,' and buck-wheat (so called from the likeness of the kernels to beech-nuts), AS. bece, Eng. beech: with boc, 'beech,' is ident. boc, 'book,' orig. 'runes scratched on branches of a fruit-bearing tree,' see Tacitus, Germania, x.; such a branch was called by a name which became in Old High Ger. puah-stup or buoh-stab, and meant orig. 'beech-staff'; but the word came to be used for the significant thing on the branch, 'the rune or letter,' AS boc-stuf, Ger. Buch-stabe.]

+ a, act., sometimes mid., deal out to, give a person (acc.) a share in a thing (loc.).

+ vi, part asunder; divide.

+ pra-vi, divide.

 $+ sa\dot{m} - vi$, -1. divide a thing (acc.) with a person (instr.); give a share; -2. present a person (acc.) with a thing (instr.).

√ bhañj (bhanákti; babháñja; ábhānkșīt; bhankṣyáti; bhagná [957e]; bhanktvá; -bhájya). break. [opinions are divided as to whether Wbhanj, 2bhuj, and bhām (see these) orig. began w. bhr-; cf giri-bhráj, 'breaking forth from the mountains': if bhañj does stand for *bhrañj, then Lat. frangere, 'break,' nau-frag-a, 'ship-breaking' (tempestas), and Ger. brechen, Eng. break are akin.]

bhattāra, m. lord. [a transition-stem (399) fr. bhartr: corresponding to the strong acc. s. form bhartar-am, taken as if it were bhartara-m, is made the nom. s. bhartāra-s, etc.; both transition to the a-declension, and assimilation of rt to tt are regular in Prakrit.]

bhattaraka, m. lord, applied to gods and learned men. [bhaṭṭāra, 1222c 1.]

love, 920; -caus. cause to have a share, | bhattaraka-vāra, m. lord's day, Sunday.

> bhadrá, u. -1. praiseworthy, pleasing; gladsome, 764, 9017; -2. good, happy, 843; voc. f., good lady, 919; bhadram, adv., w. kr or ā-car, do well, 22 17, 23 19; -3. favorable, auspicious, 86°; -as n., sing. and pl., welfare, prosperity, 2016; w. kr, grant welfare to a person (dat.), bless, 6911. [Vbhand, 1188a.]

> bhadra-kŕt, a. granting welfare; blessing. [1269.]

> √ bhand (bhándate). receive jubilant praise.

> bhándistha, a. most loudly or best praising.

> bhayá, n. -1. fear, anxiety; in composition w. the thing feared, 1012, 319, 465; fear of a thing (abl.), 40 14; bhayāt, from fear, 2010, 364, 4117; then, as conversely in Eng., fear (orig. 'danger,' so Job 39.22) has come to mean 'anxiety,' -2, danger, peril, 25 19, 42 8.4. [Vbhi, 1148.1a: for mg 2, cf. samdeha.]

> bhayarta, a. stricken with fear. [arta.] bhára, m. -1. a bearing, carrying; -2. burden; weight, 501; -3. mass, quantity; -4. (w. specialization as in Lat. pondus, 'weight,' then also 'pound') a particular quantity or measure, in nir-. [Vbhr: cf. φωσ-φόρο-s, Lat. luci-fer(u-s), 'light-bringing'; AS. horn-bora, 'hornbearing, trumpeter': for mgs 2-4, cf. Eng. weigh, orig. 'bear up, lift,' as in weigh anchor, AS. wegan, 'carry, bear,' and weight, 'burden,' then 'mass,' then 'definite mass.']

bharatá, a. to be supported or maintained; esp. to be kept alive by the care of men, as epithet of the god Agni; as m. Bharata, name of a patriarchal hero. [Vbhr, 1176e.]

bhárgas, n. radiant light; glory. [Vbhrj or bhrāj, q.v., 216.18: cf. φλέγος, n., 'flame'; Lat. fulgur, 'lightning.']

bhartr, m. -1. bearer; -2. supporter, maintainer; lord; husband, 1021. [Vbhr, 1182b: cf. Lat. fertor, 'bearer.']

bhavá, m. the coming into existence. [√bhū.]