[211] [manas

ayati, -te). -1. bubble, undulate, of water, and as a type of joyousness; apām ūrmir madann iva stomas, praise (joyous) as a bubbling water-wave, 81½; boil, be agitated; -2. fig. be (pleasantly excited, i.e.) glad; rejoice; w. instr., 83½; be exhilarated or intoxicated with joy; -3. esp., as describing the life of the gods and the blessed, be in bliss; w. cognate acc., 83½; -4. trans. gladden, rejoice, 75½; intoxicate; matta, drunk; -caus. -1. act. gladden; -2. mid. take delight, 84½.

[the rather rare physical mg (1) is prob. the orig. one, w. a transfer to fig. use, as in Eng. bubble over with joy or mirth: cf. μαδ-άω, 'be moist'; Lat. mad-ēre, 'be soaked, full, drunk'; mat-ta-s (mg 4) and Lat. mat-tu-s, 'drunk': see the collateral form \1 mand, and \mud.]

+ud, be out (of one's senses) with excitement; be frantic.

+ pra, take pleasure.

mad, so-called stem of 1st pers. pron., 494. máda, m. excitement, inspiration, intoxication, 814; pl. intoxicating drinks, esp. Soma-draughts, 8111. [Vmad.]

madīya, a. mine. [mad, 494³, 1215d.] madgú, m. a water-fowl. ['diver,'√majj,

mádhu, a. sweet; as n. sweet food and drink: esp. Soma; milk and its products; oftenest honey, 26 ¹³. [cf. μέθυ, 'wine'; AS medu, Eng. mead.]

madhura, a. sweet; of speeches, honeyed. [mádhu, 1226a.]

mádhya, -1. as n. middle; w. nabhasas, middle of heaven, mid-heaven; madhye: in the middle, 57 ¹²; w. gen. [1130] or at end of cpd, in the midst of ··, in ··, 18 ⁷, 2 ⁹; -2. m. n. (the middle, i.e.) the waist; -3. as adj., used like Lat. medius: samudram madhyam, in medium mare. [cf. μέσσος, *μεθ-jo-s, Lat. medius, Goth. midjis, AS. mid, Eng. mid-, 'middle.']

madhya-ga, a. situated in the middle of, tarrying among.

madhya-cārin, a. moving in the middle of (w. gen., 13162), i.e. moving among.

áyati, -te). -1. bubble, undulate, of water, and as a type of joyousness;
ápām ūrmir madann iva stomas, praise (joyous) as a bubbling water-wave, 81 10;
boil, be agitated; -2. fig. be (pleasantly)
madhyamá, -1. midmost, situated between; -2. of middling quality, size, etc.; -3. as m. n. the middle (of the body), waist; -4. as n. the middle (of anything). [mádhya, 474: cf. 5253.]

√ man (mányate; mené [794e]; ámansta; mańsyáte, -ti; matá; mántum; matvá; -mánya, -mátya; desid. mímānsate). be minded: -1. think, believe, imagine, 3418, 43 16; conjecture; yadi nanyatha manyase, if thou art not otherwise minded, if thou art agreed, 258; manye, inserted parenthetically, methinks, 51 13; expect, 52^{11} ; -2. consider something (acc.) as something (acc.), 1312, 377, 5520, 798; prāptakālam amanyata, considered (sc. it) an arrived time, thought that the time had come, 1320; bahu man, consider as much, esteem, honor; -3. think fit or right, 1016; -4. think upon, set the heart on, 3^4 ; -5. have in mind or view, 88^6 ; -caus., see mānaya; -desid. consider, examine, call in question. [ef. μέ-μον-α, 'mind, i.e. fix the thoughts on, wish, strive' (see man 4); Lat. me-min-i, 'keep in mind'; AS. preterito-present man, 'am mindful,' and the indirectly connected mænan, Eng. mean, 'have in mind, intend.']

+ anu, (be minded after another, i.e.) follow another in opinion, assent, approve; consent; give leave, w. acc. of person, 494; permit, 626.

+ abhi, -1. put one's mind upon, desire; abhimata, desired, agreeable; -2. have intentions against [10778], plot against.

+ a v a, (mind, i.e. regard downwards, i.e.) regarder de haut en bas, look down upon, like the Lat. de-spicere, despise, treat with contempt.

mánas, n. mind, in its widest sense as applied to the powers of conception, will, and emotion: thus, -1. the intellect; the thoughts, 8¹⁶, 10⁵, 66⁷; understanding, 82¹⁷; mind, 10¹⁶, 15¹⁰, 65^{12,13}; -2. reflection; excogitation; perhaps the thing excogitated, praise, or (like dhí 2) devotion, 73⁷; -3. wish, inclination towards; -4. desire; -5. feelings; disposition;