mahendrá, m. -1. Great-Indra; -2. | mānsa-ruci, a. having pleasure in meat, great chief, 1015 (w. mg 1 also). [mahá

mahendratva, n. the name or dignity of Great-Indra. [1239.]

maheçvara, m. great lord; esp., as pl., designation of the four lokapālās, Indra, Yama, Agni, and Varuna. [mahā + īcvara.]

mahāujas, a. having great strength, mighty. [mahā + ojas.]

√ 1 mā (mímīte [660-3]; mamāú, mamé; ámāsta; mitá [954c]; mátum; mitvá; -maya). -1. measure; -2. measure with, compare; -3. mete out; -4. arrange, form; build; make, 722. [for 1, cf. μέ-τρον, 'measure'; Lat. ni-mi-us, 'not to be measured, excessive'; for 4, cf. μά-ρη and Lat. mă-nu-s, 'former, i.e. hand'; εὐ-μαρήs, 'handy, easy': see also the collateral form 11 mi, 'build, set up,' and under mātf and más.]

+anu, (form after, i.e.) re-create in imagination, conceive.

+ upa, measure with, compare.

+ nis, fashion or make out of (abl.); con-

+ vi-nis, lay out (garden).

+ pari, measure around, limit.

+ pra, measure.

+ prati, make (so as to be a match) against, cf. pratimā.

+ vi, measure out; then (like Eng. measure), pass over, traverse (the sky).

V 2 mā or mī (mímāti [660−3]; mimáya). bellow.

+ vi, bellow or cry aloud.

má, adv. and conj. not, mostly in prohibitions [1122b]: -1. regularly w. subjunctive, i.e. augmentless form of a past tense [579-80], 76 16, etc.; in order that not, 53^{7} ; -2. w. imperative, 22^{2} , 35^{11} , 50^{4} ; -3. rarely w. optative, 7917; -4. w. evam, not so, 385; -5. w. u, mo, see u. [cf. μή, Elian μά, 'not, that not.']

máns and mānsá [397], n. meat, flesh; used also in pl. [cf. Church Slavonic meso, Prussian mensa, 'flesh': cf. 647 N.]

mānsatva, n. the being meat, the etymological meaning of mānsa. [1239.]

greedy for meat.

mānsa-lubdha, a. desirous of meat. [Vlubh.]

māngalya, a. bringing happiness, pleasant. [mañgalá.]

māciram, adv. (not long, i.e.) shortly, straightway. [mấ + cirám, 1122b 4.]

māthara, m. Māthara, name of a man. [mathara, 1208f.]

māṇava, m. boy, youngster. [not akin w. manu, 'man': perhaps for * malnava: cf. Prussian malnyx, 'child.']

mānavaka, m. manikin, dwarf. [mānava, 1222b.]

mātaríçvan, m. Mātariçvan, mystic name of Agni.

mātula, m. mother's brother. mātr. 12272: ef. μήτρως, Doric μάτρως, 'mother's brother.']

mātŕ [373], f. mother; applied also to the earth, the Dawn, the sticks of attrition [perhaps 'the one who metes out' food to the household, or else 'the former' of the child in the womb, √1 mā, 'measure or mete,' 'form,' 1182d: cf. μήτηρ, Doric μάτηρ, Lat. māter, AS. moder, Eng. mother; also μαΐα, 'mother.']

mātrtas, adv. from the mother, on the mother's side. [mātr, 1098b.]

 $m\bar{a}trvat$, adv. as one's mother.

 $m \hat{a} tr \bar{a}$, f. -1. measure; at end of adj. cpds [see 1302c 3], having $\cdot \cdot$ as its measure, so and so long or high or large, etc.: jānu-mātra, knee-deep; vyāma-mātra, a fathom broad; -2, the full measure, i.e. limit; at end of adj. cpds, having . . as its limit, not more than . .; and then, these adj. cpds being used substantively (1247 III 4), $\cdot \cdot$ merely, $\cdot \cdot$ only, mere $\cdot \cdot$, 27^{20} , 509; such a cpd as first member of another cpd, 34^3 , 37^6 ; hence -3. from this frequent use of matra at end of cpds in the form matra (3342), the quasistem, mātra, n. measure, i.e. height, depth, length, breadth, distance (4312). [$\sqrt{1}$ mā, 'measure,' 1185e: cf. $\mu \epsilon \tau \rho o \nu$, 'measure.']

māda, m. revelry. [Vmad.]