

mátra, *n.* urine.

mürkhá, *a.* stupid, foolish; *as m.* fool.

[v mürch, mg 3.]

mürkha-gata, *n.* fool-hundred.

v mürch (mürchati; mumúreha; mürchitá, mürtá [220²]). become rigid: —1. coagulate, acquire consistency; and so —2. take shape, be formed; —3. (become stiff, numb, torpid, and so) become stupid, senseless. [for mg 3, cf. Eng. *torpid*, ‘numb,’ and then ‘dull, stupid’: see mürti and mürkha.]

mürti, *f.* firm body, definite shape, embodiment. [v mürch, 220².]

mürtimant, *a.* having bodily form, incarnate. [mürti, 1235.]

mürdhán, *m.* forehead, skull; head; oftenest figuratively, highest part; mürdhni, at the head.

múla, *n.* root; *jig.* (like Eng. root), that from which a thing grows or proceeds, root, basis; capital.

mülyá, *n.* price, 47^{3,11}; capital, 46¹⁴. [properly, perhaps, adj. ‘pertaining to the root, radical, basal,’ and then, as subst., ‘basis’ of a transaction: fr. mula, q.v.]

müs, *m. f.* mouse. [‘the thief,’ v mus, q.v.: see 383a².]

müsaka, *m.* thief; mouse, 46¹⁷; Mousey, as name of a man, 47²¹. [v mus, q.v.]

müsakákhya, *f.* the name Mousey. [akhya: 1280b.]

müsika, *m.* mouse, rat. [v mus, q.v.]

müsika-nirviçesa, *a.* undistinguished from a mouse.

v 1mr (mriyáte [773]; mamára; ámṛta; marisyáti; mṛtā; mórtum; mórvá). die; mṛtā, dead. [w. mṛtā, cf. B̄poros, *μπορος, ‘mortal’; cf. φλὸς ἐ-μαρ-άνθη, ‘flame died away’; Lat. mor-i, ‘die’; mors, stem mor-ti-, ‘death’; Goth. maurþr, AS. morðor, Eng. murther, murder: see amṛta.]

+ abhi, (*lit.* die against, *i.e.*) affect unpleasantly by dying; gurunā-abhimṛta, (affected by a teacher by dying, *i.e.*) bereaved by the death of a teacher.

v 2mr (mrnáti; mrnáti [731]; mūrná). crush; smash. [cf. μάρ-να-μαι, ‘fight,’

used of “bruisers,” Odyssey 18.31; μάλη, ‘mill’; Lat. mol-a, ‘mill’; Eng. *meal* (for mg, cf. piṣṭa); AS. mol-de, Eng. mol-d, ‘fine earth’ (for mg, cf. mṛd): cf. also v mṛd.]

v 3mr, exists perhaps in marut. [cf. μαρ-μαρω, *μαρ-μαρ-ιω, ‘flash’; Lat. mar-mor, ‘marble.’]

mṛgá, *m.* —1. (*like A.S. deōr*) wild animal, beast of the forest, *as opp. to paçu*, ‘cattle,’ 67²; then —2. (*w. the same specialization of mg as in Eng. deer*) animal of the genus *Cervus*, deer, gazelle. [perhaps ‘the ranger, rover,’ v mrj, q.v.: for 2, observe the use of *deer* in the more general sense in King Lear, iii. 4. 128, “rats and such small deer.”]

v mrj (mársti [627]; mamárja; ámārjít, ámárksít; märksyáte; mṛstá; mórtum; mórvá; -mfýja; also mórtitum, mórtitvá, -máryja). rub off; wipe away; clean; polish.

[original meaning ‘move hither and thither over’: then, on the one hand, —1. ‘range, rove, streifen,’ as in Avestan mērēgh, and Skt. mṛga; and, on the other, —2. ‘go over with the hand, *i.e.* rub, wipe, strip (a tree, a cow), milk’: for 2, cf. ḏ-μόργ-ννμι, ‘wipe off’; ḏ-μέργ-ω, ‘strip off, pluck’; ḏ-μέλγ-ειν, Lat. *mulgere*, ‘to milk’; AS. noun *meolc*, Eng. *milk*.]

+ apa, wipe away; also *jig.*, of guilt. [cf. ἀπομόργννμι, ‘wipe away.’]

+ pra, wipe off, polish.

v mṛd (mrldáti, mrlyáti [1041²]). be gracious; forgive. [for 1, see Whitney 54.]

mrliká, *n.* grace, mercy. [v mṛd, 1186⁴, Whitney 54.]

mṛtā, *ppl.* dead; *as n.* [1176a], death. [v 1mr, ‘die.’]

mṛtavat, *adv.* as if dead. [mṛta, 1107.]

mṛtyú, *m.* death. [v 1mr, ‘die,’ 1165a: see 95¹⁶.]

v mṛd (mrndáti; márdati, -te; mamárda; mardisyáte; mṛditá; mórditum; mórditvá; -márya). press or rub hard, squeeze, crush, smash, destroy.