[227] [rajas

yóni, m. f. -1. lap; womb or birth-place; | rakṣaka, m. keeper; warder; protector. -2. place of origin; origin,  $93^4$ ; -3. birth-place, i.e. home; place of abiding; place, 86 17, 89 8, RV. x. 125. 7; -4. (like Eng. origin or birth) family, race; form of existence (as man, Brahman, beast, etc., in the system of transmigrations) as this form is determined by birth, 6720. ['the holder' of the born or unborn babe, √1 yu, 'hold,' 1158. 22: cf. the analogous metaphors in Lat. con-cipere, 'take, hold, conceive'; and in volva, 'cover, envelope,' and so 'womb,' fr. a root eognate with 1 vr, 'cover.']

yonitas, adv. from birth, by blood. [yoni, 1098b.]

yosit, f. young woman, maiden. [perhaps 'the attractive one,' fr. 1yu, 'attract,' 1200a, 383.3 (through the intermediate form yó-ṣā, 1197, of the same mg): ef. yuvatí.]

yāuvaná, n. youth, period between childhood and maturity, adolescence (of man or maid). [yúvan, 1208a.]

yāuvana-daçā, f. time of youth.

√ raňh (ráňhati, -te). -1. make to run; hasten, trans.; -2. mid. run; hasten, intrans. [for \*rangh: ef. the forms langh and raghú, and see under laghú.]

raktá, ppl. colored; esp. red; as n. blood. [Vrañj, 954a.]

V 1 rakş (rákṣati, -te; rarákṣa; árakṣīt; raksitá; ráksitum; -ráksya). de-fend, protect; keep, i.e. both retain and maintain; take care of (as a sovereign), i.e. govern; guard, ward; save. [a desid. extension of √\*rak or ark: cf. ἀλέξ-ω, 'ward off,' which bears a similar relation to Vaλκ or apκ in aλ-aλκ-ε, 'warded off,' άρκ-έω, 'ward off, protect'; ef. also Lat. are-eo, 'ward off,' arx, 'stronghold of defence, citadel'; AS. ealh-stede, 'defencestead, strong-hold'; ealgian, 'protect': for the two chief mgs of Vraks, cf. Lat. de-fendere, 'ward off, protect.']

+ pari, protect around; save.

V 2raks, harm, in raksas. [perhaps only another aspect of 1 raks, 'ward off,' i.e. 'beat away.']

[V1 raks, 1181.]

rákṣaṇa, n. protection; preservation. [V1 raks, 1150.]

ráksas, n. -1. harm; -2. concrete, harmer, name of nocturnal demons who disturb sacrifices and harm the pious. [V2 raks, 1151.2a.]

rakṣā, f. protection; watch. [Vlraks, 1149.7

raksi, a. guarding, at end of cpds. [V1 raks, 1155.]

raksitf, m. protector; watcher. [/1raks, 1182a.]

raghú, -1. a. running, darting, swift; as m. runner; -2. m. Raghu (The Runner, Δρομεύs), name of an ancient king. [Vranh, q.v.: older form of laghú, q.v.]

ranga, m. = 1. color; -2. theatre, amphitheatre. [Vraj or ranj, 216.1: connection

of mg 2 unclear.]

V raj or rañj (rájyati, -te; raktá; -rájya; caus. ranjáyati). -1. be colored; esp. be red; rakta: red; dyed; as n. blood; -2. fig. be affected with a strong feeling (cf. raj + vi); esp. be delighted with, have pleasure in, be in love with; -caus. -1. color; redden; -2. delight, please, make happy.

[orig. 'be bright or white' (whence rajaka); then 'glow, be red': see the ident. V3rj and its cognates ἄργυρος, etc.; and cf. Vρεγ in aor. ρέξαι, 'dye,' and ρεγεύς, 'dyer': w. this root may be conneeted the root raj in its mgs given under 2.]

+ anu, -1. be colored after, take the tinge of; -2. feel affection towards.

+ vi, -1. lose color; -2. be cold or indifferent towards (loc.), 453. [for mg 2, cf. the senses of the simple verb: the metaphor may be either 'not glowing,' and so, as in Eng., 'cold,' or else 'colorless,' and so, 'indifferent.']

rajaka, m. washerman, who is also a dyer of clothes. ['whitener' or else 'dyer,' √raj, 1181.]

rájas, n. -1. atmosphere, air, region of clouds, vapors, and gloom, clearly distinguished from heaven (dyāus, 722) or