

↳ vāc (vākti ; uvāca, ūcū [784, 800c] ; ávocat [847 end, 851] ; vakṣyáti, -te ; uktá ; vāktum ; uktvā ; -úeya ; ucyáte ; vācýati). say or speak (*w. acc. of person*, 10²²; *or w. acc. of person and acc. of thing*, 7¹⁹) ; announce or tell, 66¹⁹, 98¹⁷ ; name or call, 58⁷ ; punar uvāca, replied, 19¹⁹ ; ity uktvā, with saying so, i.e. with the words “ . . . ” , saying “ . . . ” , 4² ; so saying, 19²³, etc. ;

— uktá, — 1. spoken, said; *impers. pass.* [999 mid.] , kākena_uktam, the crow said, 24¹⁸, etc.; uktam, introducing a proverb, ‘t is said, 19⁹, 20¹⁵, etc.; — 2. spoken unto; evam ukta, thus addressed, 3⁵, etc.

— *caus.* — 1. *mid.* cause or ask (e.g. the Brahmins) to pronounce for one's self (e.g. a benediction), 101², 106⁴; — 2. cause (a written leaf) to speak, i.e. read, 54²⁰.

[cf. ūṣṭa, *fok-ja, ‘voice, rumor’; Lat. vōc-āre, ‘call’; Ger. er-wäh-nen, ‘mention’: w. vāc-as, ‘word,’ cf. ēπος, stem *Fēr-ερ, ‘word,’ w. labialization: w. ávocam, *a-va-ue-am, cf. ēιτον, *ē-Fe-ηπ-ον, ‘said’: w. nom. vāk, *vāk-s, stem vāc, ‘voice,’ cf. Lat. vox, *vōc-s, ‘voice,’ and ḥψ, for *ἀψ, i.e. Fωπ-s, ‘voice.’]

+ anu, — 1. repeat or say (sacrificial prayers, etc.) for some one (*gen.*); — 2. *mid.* say after (the teacher), i.e. learn, study; anūcānā, *perf. mid. ppl.* who studies, studied, learn-ed.

+ abhy-anu, say with regard to or with reference to something; describe (an occurrence) in (metrical and Vedic) words.

+ nis, speak out or clearly; explain.

+ pra, — 1. tell forth, proclaim; tell, announce, mention; *and so* — 2. (*as conversely laudare*, ‘praise,’ comes to mean ‘mention’) praise; — 3. tell of, *colloq.* tell on, i.e. betray, 93¹⁸; — 4. say, 45⁹; — 5. declare to be; name, 57⁶.

+ prati, say in return, answer.

+ sam, say together.

vacana, *n.* — 1. speech; words, 9¹⁸, etc.; dictum; — 2. (*like Lat. e-dictum and Eng. edict and word*) command; injunction, 26¹⁸. [vāc, 1150.]

vácas, *n.* — 1. speech, 4⁶, etc.; words; word; counsel; — 2. language, 54¹¹; — 3. (*like Eng. word*) order; request, 53³. [vāc, 1151.1a: cf. ēπος, ‘word.’]

↳ vaj (vājáyati). *probable root, with the meaning be strong or lively, inferred from* ugra, ójas, vājra, vāja; *see these words;* vājáyant, hastening, 75⁹: cf. vājaya. [cf. ὕγ-ήσις, ‘strong, healthy’; AS. wac-ol, ‘awake’; Eng. wake, ‘not to sleep’; perhaps Lat. vig-ēre, ‘be lively or strong,’ vig-il, ‘awake.’]

vājra, *m.* Indra's thunderbolt, 70⁸, 88¹⁵. [*orig., perhaps, a mere epithet, ‘The Mighty’* (vāj), like Mjölnir, ‘The Crusher,’ name of Thor's hammer.]

vājra-bāhu, *a.* having the thunderbolt on his arm (of Indra), lightning-armed. [1303.]

vajrín, *a.* having the thunderbolt (of Indra). [vajra, 1230.]

↳ vāñce (vāñcati; vāñcayáti; vāñcitá). totter; go crookedly; *caus.* (cause to go astray, i.e.) mislead, deceive; cheat. [cf. Lat. vacillare, ‘totter, be unsteady’; AS. wōh, ‘crooked, wrong,’ whence Eng. woo, ‘incline to one's self, court.’]

+ upa, totter unto.

vāñcaka, *m.* deceiver. [vāñc, caus.]

vāñcayitavya, grdv. to be deceived; as *n.* a to-be-practised deceit, *w. objective gen.* (296b beg.), 26². [vāñc.]

vāta, *m.* Ficus indica; cf. nyag-rodha.

vānik-putra, *m.* merchant's son. [vanij.]

vāñj, *m.* merchant. [vāñ, 383.5.]

↳ vāt (vátati; vātayáti). only with api. understand; *caus.* cause to understand or know, reveal, inspire (devotion). [cf. Lat. vāt-es, ‘wise seer’: see under vāta.]

vatsá, *m.* young; esp. young of a cow, calf. [prop. ‘yearling’ from a not quotable *vatas, ‘year’: with *vatas, cf. Féros, ‘year,’ Lat. vetus- in vetus-tu-s, ‘bejahrt, in years, old’: akin are Lat. vit-u-lu-s, ‘yearling, i.e. calf,’ and Eng. weth-er: for mg. cf. χιμαρός, ‘goat,’ prop. ‘winter-ling’ (see hima): see vatsara.]

vatsará, *m.* year; personified, 67¹⁵. [cf. vatsa; also pari- and sam̄-vatsara.]