in the fire (of a corpse), 84^{12} ; as n. oblation.

huta-homa, a. having offered oblation. hutāça, m. fire; the fire-god, Agui. [prop. 'having the oblation as his food,' āça: 1302.]

hutāçana, m. fire; the fire-god, Agni. [prop. 'having the oblation as his food,'

açana: 1302.]

V hū or hvā (hávate and huváte, Vedic; classical, hváyati, -te [761d2]; juháva, juhuvé; áhvāsīt [912]; hvayişyáti, -te [935c]; hūtá; hvátum, hváyitum; hūtvá; -hūya). call; call upon; invoke, esp. a god. [orig. *ghū: w. hū-tá, 'called upon, invoked,' some identify the Goth. stem gu-pa, gu-da, 'God,' AS. and Eng. God.]

 $+\bar{a}$, -1. call to or hither; summon, invite; -2. mid. challenge.

+ upa, mid. -1. call or summon to one's self; -2. call encouragingly unto.

hūti, f. invocation. [Vhū.]

- V 1hr (hárati, -te; jahára, jahré; áhārsīt, áhrsta; harisyáti, -te; hrtá; hártum; hrtvå; -hŕtya; hriyáte; jíhīrṣati). -1.carry, 1025, 10420; hold; -2. carry unto, bring; offer, 1059; -3. carry away; remove, 85^3 ; -4. esp. take away by violence or unlawfully, 464, 537; steal, 30^{2} , 67^{23} , 68^{4} , $97^{6,9}$; seize; -5. take lawfully, receive (a gift); come into possession of (as heir), 45 8, 15; -6. get hold of, 96^{22} ; become master of; -7. (like Eng. take) charm, captivate; -8. (carry off, i.e. remove, and so) destroy. [cf. χείρ, dialectic χέρ-s, 'hand'; εὐ-χερήs, 'easy to handle'; Lat. hir, 'hand'; hērēs, 'heir,' see root, mg 5.]
 - + ava, (carry down, i.e.) move down.
 - + vy-ava, move hither and thither, go to work, proceed, act.
 - $+\bar{a}$, -1. bring hither, 34^3 ; fetch; fetch or get back, $97^{10,11}$; -2. receive, 47^{12} ; accept; -3. used (like Eng. take) esp. of food, take, eat; -desid. be willing to get back, 97^{10} .
 - + ud-ā, bring out, and so utter, say, tell. + praty-ā, get back again; at 116, incorrect reading for pra-vy-ā-.
 - + vy-a, bring out, and so utter;

with vācam, speak words to a person (acc.), 31; similarly, 819.

+ pra-vy-ā, utter; speak.

+ ud, take out.

+ pari, carry around.

+ pra, -1. (bring forward, *i.e.* reach out, e.g. feet, fists, and so) strike, attack, deal blows; -2. throw, esp. into the fire. + anu-pra, throw into the fire or on a fuel-pile.

+ vi, -1. take apart, divide; -2. pass (part of one's life), 64^{22} ; -3. pass one's time, *esp.* pleasantly; wander about for pleasure, enjoy one's self, $16^{9,12}$, 49^{18} ; -4. wander about.

+ sam, bring or draw together, contract; withdraw.

+ upa-sam, bring or draw together to one's self, mid.; withdraw.

√ 2 hṛ (hṛṇīté). be angry.

hṛcchayá, a. lying or abiding in the heart [1265]; as m. love, 2 19. [hṛd + çaya, 159, 203: acet, 1270.]

hrcchaya-pīdita, a. love-pained, lovesick.

hrcehaya-vardhana, a. increasing or arousing love.

hṛcchayấviṣṭa, a. entered by or filled with love. [ấviṣṭa, Vviç, 1085a: acct of cpd, 1273.]

hṛcchayāviṣṭacetana, a. possessing a love-filled mind. [hṛcchayắviṣṭa + cétanā, 1298a, 3342.]

hfd [397], n. heart; esp. as seat of the emotions and of mental activity in general; also, properly, region of the heart. [see under grad.]

hfdaya, n. heart; -1. prop. heart, as an organ of the body, 100^{20} ; -2. fig. heart, as seat of the feelings. [see hrd and 397.]

V hṛṣ (hṛṣyati, -te [761a]; jahárṣa, jahrsé; hṛṣitá, hṛṣtá; -hṛṣya; harṣáyati, -te). be excited, esp. with pleasure or fear; (of the hair) bristle or stand on end by reason of fright or pleasure; be impatient; -hṛṣṭa, delighted; -hṛṣitá: (of the hair) standing on end; (of flowers) not drooping, unwithered, fresh; -intens. be very impatient, 84 17; -caus. excite pleas-