

अगम्य *a.* (*f. स्या*) **1** Unfit to be approached; **2** inaccessible; **3** unfit for sexual intercourse, गच्छत्यगम्यमपि R. G.; **4** difficult to understand, सेवापर्यंतः परमगम्यने योगिनामध्यगम्यः Bhartr. II. 58. COMP.—गमन *n.* illicit sexual intercourse, *e. g.* अगम्यागमनं चैव जातिप्रेशकराणि पद्.

अगरु *m. n.* Aloe wood, a kind of sandal wood.

अगार *I a.* (*f. धा*) **1** Very deep, unfathomable, तुंगत्वमित्तरा न द्वौ नेदं विनावगाधा Sis. II. 48; **2** difficult to comprehend, अगारस्थानधा गुणः Am. I. 1. II *m. n.* A hole, chasm. COMP.—जल *m.* a deep lake.

अगार *n.* A house, Megh II. 12.

अगिर *m.* Heaven. COMP.

—ओक्स *m.* a god.

अगूण *I a.* (*f. णा*) **1** Destitute of qualities, गणशदगुणं गोदुहो देहमेतत् Ud.; **2** destitute of good qualities. II *m.* A fault.

अगृह *I a.* (*f. ह or ए*) **1** Light; **2** short (in Prosody) अगृहचतुर्कं भवति गुरु द्वी Sr. B. II *m. n.* The fragrant aloë wood and tree.

अगृह *m.* A Vánaprastha.

अगोचर *I a.* (*f. ए*) Imperceptible by the senses. II *n.* **1** Anything that is beyond the cognizance of the senses; **2** Brahman (*n.*) अभावी *f.* **1** A name of Sváhá, the wife of Agni; **2** Treta or the second age of the Hindus.

अभिम *m.* **1** Fire; **2** the deity presiding over fire; **3** consecrated fire; **4** the fire of the stomach, *i. e.* the digestive faculty; **5** bile; **6** gold. COMP.—आधान *n.* maintenance of a perpetual sacred fire. —आधेव *n.* preparing the holy fire. —आहित *m.* one who

perpetually maintains a sacred fire, (also आहिताभि *g. v.*)

—उत्पात *m.* a fiery portent, a meteor. —उपस्थान *n.* offering prayers to fire. —कण *m.* a spark of fire. —कर्मन *n.*, क्रिया *f.* any religious act performed by means of fire. —कारिका *f.* kindling sacrificial fire with clarified butter. —काष्ठ *n.* Agallochum. —कुकुट *m.* fire-brand. —कुण्ड *n.* an enclosed space for the consecrated fire. —कुमार *m.* a name of Kártikeya. —केतु *m.* smoke.

—कोण *m.* the south-east. —क्रीडा *f.* fire-work, illumination. —गर्भ *m.* a gem supposed to contain solar heat. —गर्भी *f.* the earth. —गृह *n.* a place for keeping sacred fire. —वित्त *m.* a house-holder who has placed and consecrated sacrificial fire, R. VIII. 25. —वित्ता *f.* maintaining a sacred fire. —ज *I m.* Skanda, the war-god; II *n.* gold. —जन्मन् *m.* Skanda, the war-god. —जिल्हा *f.* a tongue or flame of fire; —जय *n.*, जेता *f.* the three sacred fires viz. आहवनीय गाहैपत्य, and दक्षिण. —इ *m.* an incendiary. —शत *m.* one who sets fire to a bier. —दिश् *f.* Agni's quarter *i. e.* the south-east. —सेवा *f.* The Pleiades. —धान *n.* a receptacle for keeping the sacred fire. —परिष्ठर *n.* the apparatus used in a sacrifice with fire. —परिसा *f.* the ordeal by fire. —पर्वत *m.* a volcano. —पूराण *n.* the eighth of the eighteen Puráṇas. —प्रतिष्ठा *f.* consecration of fire. —प्रेषा *m.* self-immolation of a widow on the funeral pile of her husband. —प्रस्तर *m.* the flint. —बाण *m.* a fiery arrow, a rocket. —बाहु *m.* smoke.

—भ *n.* the Pleiades. —भु *m.* water. —भू *m.* Skanda. —भृति *m.* **1** the sun-stone; **2** the flint.

—भाँचा *n.* dyspepsia. —भुख *m.* **1** a deity; **2** a Bráhmaṇa. —भुखी *f.* kitchen. —रक्षण *n.* keeping the sacred fire. —रजस् *I m.* a kind of insect; II *n.* gold. —लोक *m.* the world of the deity that presides over fire. —वधु *f.*

Sváhá, Agni's wife. —वाह *m.* smoke. —वीर्य *n.* gold. —वृद्धि *f.* improved digestion. —शरण *m.* a house for keeping the sacred fire, Sak. IV. —शिख *m.* **1** a lamp; **2** a rocket; **3** an arrow; **4** saffron. —शेखर *n.* saffron. —षोम *m.* a kind of sacrifice. —संस्कार *m.* burning of the dead with due ceremony. —सख, सहाय *m.* **1** wind; **2** smoke. —साक्षिक *a.* taking Agni for a witness, सख्यं कृत्वा ऽग्निसाक्षिकम् (forming friend-ship in the presence of fire, *i.e.* taking Agni as a witness.) Ram. —साद *ind.* to the disposition of fire, (used in composition with कृ and श् *e. g.* अग्निस-कृत्वा making over to fire.)

—सोत्र *n.* **1** an oblation to Agni; **2** maintenance of sacred fire.

अग्रीय *a.* (*f. या*) Referring to fire.

अग्र *I a.* (*f. या*) Foremost, first, chief, best (as in अग्रवाहिणी.)

II n. **1** Foremost point or part, नामाग्रस्थितपौत्रिकम् Bl. V. II. 175; **2** front (as in अग्रसर, अग्रवंश M. M. 1);

top, summit, *e. g.* कैलासाप्रसादीनश्; **4** beginning; **5** excess *e. g.* सम्य शते (more than श०) COMP.—अग्रुलि

m. the tip of the finger. —अनीक (changed into अणीक) *m. n.* the front of