

woman. COMP.—पति. सत्त्व m. an epithet of Vishnu.

कमलिनी f. 1 An assemblage of lotuses; 2 a place abounding with lotuses; 3 a lotus plant, कमलिनि मलिनीकरोषि चतः किमिति वकैरवलेलिनानभिज्ञैः Bh. V. i. 8, (अभियुः) कनलिनीमलिनीरपतविषः R. ix. 30, xix. 11, Megh. ii. 27. कमा f. Beauty.

कमिहृ a. (f. श्री) Lustful, libidinous.

कंप m. 1 Shaking, tremour; (in rhetoric कंप is considered as an indicative sign (अनुभाव) of some sentiments), कंपेन मूर्खः शतपत्रयेनिष्ट् (संभावयामास) K. S. vii. 46, R. xiii. 28, 44; 2 a modification of the svarita accent. COMP.—लक्ष्मन् m. wind.

कंपन I a. (f. रा) Trembling, shaking. II m. The s'is'ira season, (November, December). III n. Shaking, tremour.

कंपा f. Tremour, shaking, moving.

कंपाक m. Wind.

कं (कां) पिल्ल m. The name of a tree; (also कंपिलक), कांपिलकप्रसवपाटलगडपालीपाकारणस्फुटितदादिमकांति वक्षम् M. M. ix. कंप a. (f. प्रा) Shaking, moving, agitating, विधाय कंपाणि मुखानि कं प्रति Na. i. 142.

कंद्र vt. 1. P (pp. कंवित) To go.

कंचर a. (f. रा) Variegated.

कंबल I m. 1 A blanket, कंबलवंतं न वापते शीतम् Vidagdhamukhamandana; 2 a dew-lap; 3 a sort of deer; 4 a wall; 5 an upper garment. II n. Water. COMP.—कंबलक n. a kind of carriage covered with a coarse blanket.

कंबलिका f. 1 A small blan-

ket; 2 a kind of female deer.

कंबलिन् m. A bullock. COMP.—वाल्यक n. a bullock-cart. कंवी (श्री) f. A ladle.

कंचु I a. (f. तु or दू) Variegated. II m. n. A conch, a shell, कंचोः सपत्नीकृतः Murāri. III m. 1 The neck; 2 an elephant; 3 a bracelet; 4 the variegated colour. COMP.—कंची f. a lady having a neck like a conch-shell. —पीठा f. 1 a neck marked with three lines like a shell (considered to be indicative of exalted fortune); 2 a lady having a neck like a conch-shell.

कंचोजा I m. pl. The name of a country and its inhabitants, कंचोजाः समे दोङु तस्य वीर्यमनीधरः R. iv. 69. (According to many authorities the reading कंचोजाः is wrong here.) II m. 1 A shell; 2 a species of elephants.

कंच a. (f. आ) See कमन a.

कर I a. (f. रा or शी) (generally at the end of compounds) Who or what does or makes or causes, e. g. भयंकर, वृद्धिकर, दुःखकर. II m. 1 A hand, M. v. 136, R. ii. 31, Megh. i. 41; 2 a ray of light, प्रतिकूलतामुपगते हि विष्णौ विफलत्वमेति बहुसाधनतः । अवलंबनाय दिनभृत्युभृत्यु पतिष्ठातः करस-इत्यमापि Sis. ix. 6, (where the word is used in senses 1 and 2), Megh. i. 39; 3 the trunk of an elephant, सेकः सीकरिणा करेण विहितः M. M. ix.; 4 hail; 5 a tax, a toll, a tribute, (ददौ) अपरांतमर्हीपालञ्जाजेन रघुवे करम् R. iv. 58, M. vii. 128, 129; 6 a particular measure of length equal to 24 thumbs; 7 the constellation called हस्त. COMP.—अम n. 1 the tip of an ele-

phant's trunk; 2 the fore-part of the hand.—आचात् m. a blow with the hand.—आरोद m. a finger-ring.—आरेष्व m. the act of supporting with the hand.—आरक्षोट m. 1 the chest; 2 a blow with the hand.—कंटक m. n. a nail.—कमल, पंकज, पद्म n. a lotus-like hand, a beautiful hand, करकमलवितर्णेभूनीवासाच्चैः Ut. iii.—कलश m. n. the hollow of the hand.—किसलब m. n. 1 a tender hand, करकिसलय-तालिमुख्या नर्त्यमानम् Ut. iii., Rt. vi. 30; 2 a finger.—कोष m. the cavity of the palm, Ghat. 22.—मह m. महा n. 1 taking the hand in marriage; 2 marriage; 3 levying a tax.—शाह m. 1 a husband; 2 a tax-collector.—अ m. a finger-nail, Am. S. 85, M. iv. 70—जाल n. a stream of light.—ताल m. the palm of the hand, नामानि विभृशंक्या करतलेन तन्याङ्गोत् Ud. ° आमलक n. an a'malaka fruit on the palm of the hand; (the expression is used to signify 'ease and vividness of perception' as in the case of the fruit on the palm of the hand), करतलामलकफल-वदलिलं जगदालोकयतां Kad. °थ a. resting on the palm of the hand.—ताल, तालक n. a kind of musical instrument.—तालिका, ताली f. clapping the hands, उचार्त्यन्यः करतलिकानां दानादिदार्भी भवती-भिषेः Na. iii. 7.—तोवा f. the name of a river.—ह a. 1 paying taxes; 2 tributary.—करंध्य a. licking the hand.—पच n. a saw.—पाचिका f. sport in water.—पालव m. 1 a tender hand; 2 a finger.—पाल m. पालिका f. 1 a sword; 2 a cudgel.—वीड़न