

बात्र I a. (f. रा) 1 Hard, stiff. II m. n. 1 The stomach, abdomen, Bh. V. 1. 50; 2 the womb; 3 the interior of anything. Comp. —**अभि** m. the digestive fire of the stomach, i. e. the gastric juice.—**आमव** m. dropsy. —**बाला**, ब्यथा f. belly-ache, colic.—**बांधा**, आतना f. pain endured by the child in the womb.

बाड I a. (f. डा) 1 Cold, frigid; 2 paralysed, motionless, जडीकृतस्थूल्यबकवकिगेन R. II. 42; 3 apathetic, inappreciative, वैःभ्यासजडः कर्थु विषयम्भाद्वत्तौरहलःVikr. 1; 4 senseless, stupid, dull, irrational, जडे परिजने दीर्घी कथां कुर्वैति Am. S. 75; 5 unable to learn the *Vedas*; 6 dumb; 7 stupifying. II n. 1 Water; 2 lead. Comp. —**क्रिय** a. slow, dilatory. —**सा** f. 1 dullness, disinclination to work; 2 dullness considered as one of the 33 subordinate feelings (in rhetoric); 3 stupidity, ignorance.

बाढिमन् m. 1 Frigidity; 2 stupidity; 3 dullness, apathy.

बातू n. The red resin of certain trees. Comp. —**अद्वका** n. red arsenic. —**उत्रक** m. a man at chess, &c. —**रस** m. lac.

बातुक n. Lac.

बातुका f. 1 Lac.; 2 a bat.

बातुरी } f. A bat.

बातू n. The collar bone, the clavicle e. g. गूढजुरारिदमः.

जन् vi. 4. A (pp. जात; pres. जायते; caus. जनयति; pass. जन्यते, जायते) 1 To be born or produced, ब्रह्मवर्चिनः पुष्टा जायते विष्णुसंतानः M. III. 39, 41; 2 to grow; 3 to be, to become, कामतो व्यवहारेस्तु दृच्छादिह जायते Yas. III. 226, रक्तनेत्रोऽुजनि क्षणात् Bt. VI. 32. With अतु—1 to be born afterwards, पुत्रिकायां कृतायां तु मदि पुश्टोऽनुजायते M. IX. 134, असौ कुमारस्तमजोऽनुजातः R. VI. 78 (Mall., however, renders अनुजातः by तस्माज्जातः); 2 to be born similar to, अभि—1 to be born, to be produced, कामात्क्रोधोऽभिजायते Bg. II. 62; 2 to be, to become; 3 to be turned into; 4 to be born of high family. उप—1 to grow, to arise, संगतेष्वपुजायते Bg. II. 62; 2 to be born, Yas. III. 256; 3 to be, to become, प्र, वि or सम्—1 to grow, to arise; 2 to be born or produced.

जन् m. 1 A person (whether male or female), क वयं क परोऽक्षम्यम्यो मृगशावैः सह वर्धितो जनः (i. e. शकुनतला) Sak. II., प्राणाधिको वसति यत्र जनः प्रियो मे Am. S. 69; (in this sense the word is often used by the speaker (male or female) in place of the first personal pronoun when he wishes to speak of himself in the third person, e. g. भगवन् परवान्यं जनः (i. e. 'I') प्रतिकूलाचारितं क्षमत्वं मे R. VIII. 81, or नन्दयमाराधिता जनः (i. e. 'I') तत्र समीपे वर्तते Sak. III.); 2 the people, सतीमपि ज्ञातिकुलैकसंभ्रयां जनोऽन्यथा मर्तुमर्तीं विशंकते Sak. V.; 3 the world beyond *Maharloka*, the heaven of deified mortals. Comp. —**असिग** a. extra-

ordinary uncommon, super-human.—**अधिप**, अधिनाथ m. a king.—**अंस** m. 1 a place removed from men, an uninhabited place; 2 a region; 3 an epithet of Yama.—**अंतिक** a. secret communication, whispering.—**अंतिकम्** ind. aside, (in theatrical language); (as a stage-direction in plays it is thus explained in the S. D.):— अिपताकाकरणायानपवार्यात्तरा कथाषु । अन्योन्यामंत्रं यत् स्याज्जनाते तज्जनातिकस्).—**अर्द्धे** n. an epithet of Vishnu or Krishna.—**अशन** m. a wolf.—**आकीर्ण** a. full of people.—**आचार** m. custom.—**आश्रय** m. a pavilion.—**ईद्र**, ईश्वर् m. a king.—**ई** I a. desired or liked by the people; II m. a kind of jasmine.—**उद्धारण** n. glory, fame.—**ओष** m. a crowd, a mob.—**कारित्य** m. lac, जनंगम m. a *Chanda'la*.—**चक्रु** n. the sun.—**सा** f. 1 a number of men, a community, a people, mankind, विहितांजलिज्जनतया दधतां विकसत्कुसंभक्तसुमारुषताम् Sis. IX. 14; 2 birth.—**आ** f. an umbrella, a parasol.—**रेव** m. a king.—**पर** m. 1 a community, a nation (sing. or pl.); 2 an empire, an inhabited country, ब्रह्मवर्तं जनपदमथ च्छायया गाहमानः Megh. I. 48; 3 The subject (as opposed to the sovereign); 4 the country as opposed to towns, प्रीतिस्तिर्थैज्ञेनपदवधूलोचनैः पीयमानः Megh. I. 16.—**परित्** m. the ruler of a country or community.—**प्रवार** m. 1 rumour, report; 2 a scandal.—**प्रिय** a. 1 philanthropic; 2 beloved of the people.—**मर्त्या** f. established custom or usage.—**रंजन** n. courting popular favour.—**रेव** m. rumour; 2 calumny, scandal.—