प्रकृत I a. (f. ता) 1 Commenced, begun; 2 that which is under consideration, the subject in hand; (in this sense often used for the unameya in works on rhetoric, e. q. प्रकृतं यत्रिष्टियान्यत् साध्यते सा त्वपहुतिः K. Pr. x.); 3 genuine, real; 4 appointed, charged; 5 important, interesting. IIn. The original subject, e.g. किमनया परदो-षगवेषणया प्रकृतमनुसरामः. Сомр. —अर्थ m. the original sense. प्रकात I f. 1 The original or natural form of anything, the natural state (op. to विकति 'change'), मरण प्रक-तिः श्रारीरिणां विकृतिर्जीवितमुच्यते बर्धै: R. viii. 87, महीयांस: प्रकृ-त्या मितभाषिण: Sis. II. 13, Bg. vii. 4: (प्रकृति आपद्'to come to one's senses'); 2natural disposition, constitution, temperament; 3 origin, source, material cause, the matter out of which anything is formed, प्रतिज्ञादृष्टांतानुपरोधात् Vedanta S. 1.4; 4 a pattern, a model, a standard (in ritualistic works); 5 a mother: 6 a woman; 7 the male organ of generation; 8 the female organ of generation; 9 the source of the material world consisting of the three primary qualities of सत्व, रजस and तमस्, as distinguished from Purusha (in Sankhya phil.); 10 the personified will οf supreme spirit (in mythology), Bg. 1x. 10; 11 the crude form of a word to which case-terminations and other affixes are subjoined, (in gram). II f. pl. 1 A king's ministers, R. xu. 12; 2 the subjects of a king; 3 the constituent elements of

the state; (they are (1) the king, (2) the minister, (3) the allies, (4) the treasure, (5) territory, (6) fortresses, (7) army; according to some also (8) subjects); 4 the various kings to be considered in the event of war : See M. VII. 155 and Kull. on it; 5 the eight primary elements out of which every thing is evolved (in Sánkhya phil); See Sankhya K. 3; 6 the five primary elements of creation, (viz., 7-थ्यी, अपू, तेजमु, वायु and आका-श). Сомр.-क्रपण a. naturally disposed to lament, Megh. 1. 5.—तरल a. naturally fickle. प्रकृतितरले का नः पीड़ा गते इतजी-विते Am. S. 27.-पुरुष m. a minister of state, Megh. 1. 6.-ਸੰਤਲ n. the entire kingdom, the whole empire, R. 1x. 2.—祝褒 n. natural, innate. सभग a. naturally agreeable.—For a. 1 in the natural condition, genuine: 2 in good health : 3 stripped of everything; 4 innate. inherent: 5 come to oneself. मकुष्ट a. (f. ष्टा) 1 Drawn out. lengthy, long; 2 disquieted; 3 excellent, exalted, eminent.

महुत a. (f. सा) Prepared, made ready.

प्रकोश m. Putrefaction, putridity.

dity.

प्रकोष्ठ m. 1 The forearm, the wrist, कनकवलयश्रशिक्तप्रकोष्टः

Mcgh. 1. 2, K. S. III. 41;

2 a room near the gate of a palace; 3 a court in a house, a square surrounded by buildings, Mrich. v. प्रकोष्ठक m. A room near the gate of a palace, तस्थुविनम-क्षितिपालसंकुल तदंगनग्रस्कारवरमको
क्षितिपालसंकुल तदंगनग्रस्वरमको
क्षेत्र K. S. xv. 6.

मक्खर ो m. 1 An armour for प्रभर ∫the defence of horse; 2 a dog; 3 a mule. प्रक्रम m. 1 A step, a stride : 2 a pace considered as a measure of distance; 3 commencement, beginning: 4 proportion, order, method; leisure, opportunity. Comp. — भंग m. want of regularity in expression considered as a fault of composition; (as an instance may be cited the stanza. गाहॅतो माहेषा निपानसिकलम् &c. (Sak. 11.) where there is an irregularity of expression in the third line which may be relieved by reading it as विभन्धा रचयंतु ज्ञातरवरा मुस्ताक्षति पत्वले. See K. Pr. vii.)

प्रकात a. (f. ता) 1 Commenced, begun; 2 under discussion, in hand; 3 valorous.

प्रक्रिया f. 1 Way, manner, conduct; 2 the bearing of royal insignia; 3 high position; 4 a chapter or section of a book, e. g. उणादिभ-क्रिया; 5 etymological formation (in gram.).

प्रकीड m. Play, pastime. पश्चिम a. (f. ना) 1 Moist, wet; 2 satisfied.

সক্ষণ \ m. The sound of a সকাপ \ lute.

प्रकाण / lute. प्रकास m. Ruin, destruction.

মধ্যে n. Trickling, oozing.
মধ্যে n. I Washing, washing off, R. vi. 48; 2 cleaning, purifying; 3 bathing;
4 anything used for purifying;5 water for washing.

प्रशालित a. (f. ता) I Washed 2 cleaning, purifying.

प्रक्षिस a. (f. सा) 1 Trown at, hurled; 2 interpolated spurious.

प्रशीप a. (f. णा 1 Decayed