

हान्-हान्ते-हान्तः acc. pl. महतः) १ Large, great, extensive, ample, huge, e. g. महान् सर्पः; २ loud, e. g. महान् धोषः : ३ late, far advanced, e. g. महत्यपराह्णः; ४ long, e. g. महान् ध्वं, महती कथा; ५ intense, excessive, e. g. महती तुषा; ६ important, e. g. महान् कार्यभारः; ७ eminent, high, e. g. महकुलस्; ८ distinguished, e. g. महात् जनः; ९ dense, thick, e. g. महत्तमः; १० numerous, abundant, e. g. महतो जनस्य मध्ये. II m. १ The second of the twenty-five principles of creation according to the *Sa'ṅkhyas*; See Sank. K. 3; २ a camel; ३ an epithet of Rudra. III n. १ Kingdom, dominion; २ sacred knowledge; ३ infinity, greatness. (महत् is used as an indeclinable in the sense of 'much, exceedingly'). COMP.—आवास m. a large house.—आशा f. high hope.—आश्रय m. protection of the great.—आच्च a. occupying a large territory. —तत्त्व n. the second of the twenty-five principles of creation (in Sāṅkhyā phil.).—तर् I a. greater; II m. १ the headman of a village; २ a courtier.—तरक् m. a courtier.—तद् n. १ largeness, great extent; २ intensity, violence; ३ importance; ४ mightiness; ५ high position.—तिल, तिल n. the atmosphere.—तेवा f. service of the great.—स्थान n. a high position.

महती f. १ A kind of lute; २ the lute of Narada, अवेष्ट-

माण महती सुदूर्युः: Sis. I. 10;

३ a kind of plant.

महतीय a. (f. या) Worthy of honour, illustrious, glori-

ous, सर्व महिष्य महनीयकीर्ते: R. II. 25, III. 69.

महन्त m. The head of a monastery.

महर् ind. The fourth of the seven worlds rising one above the other from the earth. COMP.—लोक m. the same as महर्.

महल् } m. A eunuch in a महलिक } king's harem. (This is a word of Arabic origin).

महलक I a. (f. लिका) Feeble. II m. १ A eunuch in a king's harem; २ a large house.

महस् n. १ A sacrifice; २ a festival, an occasion of joy; ३ light, lustre, splendour, a ray of light, Nal. II. 5. COMP.—विन् a. splendid, luminous, brilliant.

महा I f. A cow. II a. (A substitute for महत् at the beginning of Karm. and Bahu. compounds and also at the beginning of some other irregular compounds). COMP.

—अक्ष m. an epithet of Siva.—अंग m. १ a camel; २ a kind of rat; ३ an epithet of Siva.—अंजन m. name of a mountain. —अस्वय m. a great calamity. —अ-वनिक a. dead. —अधर् m. a great sacrifice.—अनस I m. n. a kitchen; II n. a heavy carriage. —अनुभाव I a. १ magnanimous, exalted, dignified, esteemed; २ virtuous, just; II m. a worthy gentleman.—अन्तक् m. १ an epithet of Siva; २ death. —अन्धकार m. thick darkness. —अन्ध m. pl. name of a country and its people.—अन्वय a. of noble birth. —अभिजन m. noble birth. —अभिष्व

m. the great extraction of Soma.—अमात्य m. the prime minister of a prince.—अंडुक m. an epithet of Siva.—अङ्गुज n. a billion.—अम्ल n. the fruit of the Indian tamarind. —अण्ण n. a great forest.—अर्ध । a. very costly, highly priced; II m. a sort of quail.—अर्द्ध । a. valuable, precious.—अर्द्धित् a. having great flames.—अर्णव m. १ the great sea; २ an epithet of Siva.—अर्णुर् n. one thousand millions.—अह । a. very valuable, K. S. v. 12; II n. white sandal-wood.—अरोह m. the Indian fig-tree.—अशनिपत्रज्ञ m. a great banner consisting of the thunderbolt, R. III. 56.—अइनत् n. a ruby.—आष्टमी f. the eighth day in the light half of ईर्वा, sacred to Durga.—आसि m. a 'large sword.—असुरी f. an epithet of Durga.—आह m. the afternoon.—आकाश a. great, extensive.—आचार्य m. १ a great teacher, २ an epithet of Siva. —भारष् I a. very rich; II m. the kadamba tree. —आस्मन् I a. Inoble, high-minded, magnanimous, द्विष्ठति मंदभरिते महामनाप K. S. v. 75; २ distinguished, eminent; II m. the supreme spirit. °वत् a. noble, magnanimous. —आनक् m. a kind of large drum. —आनंद n. the bliss of final emancipation. —आपगा f. a great river. —आशुध m. an epithet Siva.—आरभ a. enterprising, busy.—आईक् n. a kind of ginger. —आलय m. १ a temple, a sanctuary; २ the world of Brahman (m.); ३ a place of pilgrimage; ४ the supreme spirit. —आलया