press (as breath), प्राणानप्स श्रिरा यम्य धृतं प्रास्य विद्याध्यति M. xI. 149; 3 (Atm.) to draw, to bend (as a bow); 4 (Atm.) to spread, to stretch; 5 (Atm.) to possess, to have, श्रियमायच्छमा-नाभिरुत्तमाभिरनुतमाम् Bt. VIII. 47. उद-(Atm) 1 to lift up, to brandish, R. xr. 17; 2 to govern: 3 to endeavour, to be ready, नित्यमुखच्छमाना-भि: स्मरसम्भोगकमेस Bt. VIII. 47, R. xvi. 29. 39-(Atm.) 1 to, marry, मेनां मुनीनामपि माननीयामात्मानुरूपां विधिनीपयेमे K. S. 1. 18; 2 to take, to possess, वेदींगवांम्तैराखिलोऽध्य-गायि शकाण्युपायंसत जिन्वराणि Bt. 1. 15. 17-1 to restrain, to curb, to dissuade, (सुता) श्वशाक मेना न नियन्तुमुखमात् K S. v.5: 2 to hold in, to suppress (as breath); 3 to conceal, न कथंचन दुर्गैनिः प-कृति स्वां नियच्छति M. x. 59; **4** to eunish, सोऽज्येष्ठः स्याद-भागभ नियंतव्यश राजभिः \mathbf{M} . ix. 213; 5 to assume, to attain, संनियम्य तु तान्येव ततः सिद्धिं नियच्छति M. 11. 93. सम -1 to restrain, to bind, बानरं मास्म संयंसीर्वेज तूर्णमशंकितः Bt. **1x.** 50; **2** (Atm.) to subdue, to govern, M. xii. 2; 3 (Atm.) to gather.

Caus. (यमयति-ते) WITH. नि- to con'rol, to check, to regulate, नियमयसि विमार्गप्र-स्थिताना तदंड: Sak. v.

बम I m. 1 Restraining, restraint; 2 self-control; 3 observance of several moral and religious duties which are variously enumerated; (usually they are enumerated as ten, but the order and the names are not the same everywhere; (1) बद्धार्च देवा कार्नित्री ने सत्यमकरकता । अहिंस

स्तेयमाधुर्ये दमभेति यमाः स्मृ-ता: Yaj. 111. 313; (2) आनृशस्य दया सत्यमहिंसा आंति-राजवम् । प्रीतिः प्रहादो माधुर्यं मार्दे-वंच यमा दश Atri.); 4 the first of the eight steps of Yoga (in Yoga phil.); (See योगांग; 5 a twin, one of the couple, यमयोभैव गर्भेषु जन्मता ज्येष्ठता स्मृता M. ix. 126; 8 the god of death, son of Vivasvat, अनुययौ यमपुण्यजनेut R. Ix. 6. II n. A pair, a couple. Comp.—अनुचर m. a servant or attendant of Yama.-अन्तक m. an epithet of S'iva. - and m. a mess. enger of death .- s a. twinborn. - वृत m. 1 a messenger of death; 2 a crow.-दितीया /. the secend day in the bright half of Kártika when sisters entertain their brothers. -धानी f. Yama's abode, विश-ति यमधानीजवनिकाम् Bhartr. II. 112. -भगिनी f. the river Yamuna. - Zinari f. I the torture inflicted after death by Yama; 2 an extreme torture (fig.).—(15) m. the god of death.-वस a. one who has subdued his passions, यमवता-मवतां च धूरि स्थितः R. IX. I. -सात् ind. to the power of Yama, in the hands of death. -सूर्य n. a building with two halls one with a western and the other with a northern aspect.

यमक I m. 1 Restraint, check; 2 a twin; 3 a religious observance. Il n. 1 A double bandage; 2 repetition of the same syllables or words at the beginning, middle or end. of a verse, rhyme (in rhetoric), (आशृतं वर्णसंघात-गोचरां यमकं विदुः K. D.1. 61.) यसन I a. (f. नी) Restraining, governing. II m. Yama.

the god of death. III n. 1 The act of restraining or binding, 2 cessation, rest. यमनिका f. A curtain, a screen. Cf. जवनिका यवनिका. यमल I a. (f. ला) Twin, one of the pair. II m. number 'two'. III n. A pair. यमली / A pair. बमुना f. Name of a celebrated river. Comp. — भार m. Yama, the god of death. ययावर m. The same as याया-वर q. v. विष) m. 1 A horse; 2 a यथी road. यद्ध m. A horse fit for the As'vamedha sacrifice. यहि ind. 1 When, while. whenever: 2 because. (It is the proper correlative of तहि but is rarely used in classics.) यद m. 1 Barley, K. S. vn. 82: 2 a barley-corn, the weight of a barley-corn; 3 a measure of length equal to k of an Angula; 4 a mark on the palm of the hand resembling a barleycorn and supposed to indicate good future. (in palmistry). Comp. - आमवन #. the first fruits of barley. -affe m. salt-petre, nitrate of potash. - भार, चूर्ज m. barley-meals.- u. a bamboo. –लास m. salt-petre.-शूक, शूकज m. an alkaline salt prepared from the ashes of burnt barley-straw. - सर malt-liquor, beer. यदन m. 1 A Greek, any foreigner, M. x. 44; 2 a carrot. यवनानी f. The writing language of the Yavanas. बवनिका (f. 1 A Yavano यवनी swoman, यवनी मुखः पद्मानां सेहे मधुमदं न सः B. 17.