अपू et. 1. P, 10. U (pres. अ-नित, भाजयति-ते) To give, to bestow; (generally with (4). সর্ ind. A prefix combined with the root all. See under all. **अथ** I nt. 1. P (pres. अथाते) To injure, to kill. II vt. 1. P, 10. U (pres. भथति, भाथ-यति-ते) 1 To liberate, to release; 2 to hurt, to kill. III vt. or vi. 1. A (pres. श्रंथते) I To be loose; 2 to loosen, to relax. IV vi. 10. U (pres. अथयात-ते) 1 To make effort. to be busy: 2 to gladden. अथन n. 1 Loosening, unty-

প্রথন n. 1 Loosening, untying; 2 killing, destroying; 3 effort, exertion.

अद्धा f. I Faith, belief, confidence; 2 composure of mind; 3 belief in divine revelation, अदेव साक्षादिश्विमेप् प्रमा R. 11. 16, Bg. vi. 37; 4 respect, reverence; 5 vehement desire, प्राणानां सततं प्रयापपटहः अद्धा न विभान्यति Vikr. Ch. xviii. 106. Comp.— आज्ञा n. obstinate adherence to one's faith.

সরত্তে I a. 1 Faithful, believing; 2 wishing, desirous. II f. A pregnant woman longing for anything.

শ্ব vt. 9. P (pres. খথানি)

1 To loosen, to liberate; 2 to gladden, to delight.

अंध m. 1 Loosening, liberating; 2 an epithet of Vishnu. अंधन n. 1 Loosening, untying; 2 killing, destroying.

अपण n.) Causing to boil, अपणा f.) boiling.

अपित a. (f. ता) Boiled or caused to be boiled.

अपिता f. Rice-gruel.
अम् vi. 4. P (pp. भांत; pres.
भाग्यति) 1 To make effort,
to exert oneself; 2 to perform acts of penance; 3
to be wearied, to be

fatigued, पदुष्वनुरः यान्यं बी-री सभमनुनं च Bt. xiv. 110; 4 to be distressed, यो बृंदानि त्वरयति पथि भाम्यतां में षितानाम् Megh. ii. 36. With परि—to be fatigued. वि—1 to take rest, to repose; 2 to cease. Caus. (भामयति-ते) With वि—1 to take rest, to repose; 2 to cause to alight,

अस m. 1 Labour, exertion, toil, अलं महीपाल तव अमेण R. 11. 34, वंध्यअमास्ते सरम् विगान्द्र R. xvi. 75, विरम विरम व्यथे एष अमस्ते Bhartr. 111. 66; 2 penance, mortification of the body; 3 military exercise; 4 hard study; 5 weariness, fatigue, विनीताध्यअमास्तस्य सिंधुतीरविचेष्टने: R.iv. 67, Megh. 1. 17, 52; 6 distress. Comp.—संद्र, जल n. perspiration.—साध्य a. to be accomplished by hard labour.

अमल I a. (f. ला or ली) 1 Labouring, toiling; 2 base, vile. II m. 1 An ascetic, a devotee, a religious mendicant; 2 a Buddhist ascetic, (as in ब्राह्मणअमलम्).

अनुणा) f. 1 A female mendi अनुणी | cant, a female devotee; 2 a handsome woman; 3 a woman of low caste; 4 the Bengal madder.

শ্বাম vi. 1. A (pp. শ্বন্ধ; pres. শ্বান) 1 To err; 2 to be inattentive, to be negligent. With বি— to confide in, to put faith in.

শব m. \ Refuge, protection, শবপ n. \ asylum, shelter. শব m. 1 The ear; 2 the hypo-

tenuse of a triangle.

अवज I m. n. 1 The ear, वृ-तांतेन भवणविषयप्रापिणा तेन भतुः R. xiv. 87; 2 the hypotenuse of a triangle. II m. Name of a lunar asterism consisting of three stars, III

n. 1 The act of hearing, w-वणकोमलवर्णराजिः Bh.V.111.6: 2 studying; 3 fame, glory: 4 wealth; 5 that which is heard i.e. the Veda. Comp. — इंद्रिय n. the organ of hearing, the ear. - उदर n. the hollow of the ear. -गोचर I a. within the range of hearing; II m. ear-shot. - प्य, विषय m. the ear, (reach of the ear), वृत्तांतेन भवणविषयप्रा-पिणा तेन R. xiv. 87. -पालि, पाली f. the tip of the ear. -सूत्र्य a. pleasing to the ear. अवणा f. Name of a lunar asterism, (the same as अवज II q, v.).

अवस् n. 1 The ear; 2 fame, glory; 3 wealth.

अवस्य n. Fame, glory. अवाच्य m. An animal fit for sacrifice.

প্ৰবিদ্ধা f. 1 The lunar asterism called Dhanishthà; 2 that called শ্বণা. Сомг. — স m. the planet Mercury.

आ vi. 2. P (pp. आण or सृत; pres. आति; caus. अपयाति-ते) To cook, to boil, to dress. आणं a. (f. णा) 1 Boiled, cooked, prepared; 2 wet, moist. आणा f. Rice-gruel.

সারে I a. (f. ব্রা) Faithful, believing. II n. 1 A funeral rite performed in honour of deceased relatives; (it is either निरुष, नैमित्तिक or काम्य): 2 an offering at a S'ra'ddha. Comp. — कार्मन् n. a funeral ceremony. -कृत् m. the performer of a funeral rite. m. the offerer of a S'ra'ddha. -दिन m. n. the anniversary of the death of a relative to whom a S'ràddha is offered.-देव m., देवता /. l a god presiding over funeral rites; 2 an epithet of Yama; 3 a Vis'vadeva.