f. 1 union; 2 voluntary reunion in interest of father and son or of brothers, after partition of property, (in law).

संबंधि /.1 Union, combination;
2 association, intercourse,
co-partnership; 3 collection, assembly; 4 voluntary
reunion in interest after partition (in law); 5 the aggregation of two or more independent figures of speech
in one and the same passage
(in rhetoric), (It is thus
defined in the S. D.:—
मियोनपेक्षयेतेषां (i. e. प्रवेकिग्राथालकाराणाम्) स्थिति: संम्हिरुच्यते x.).

संस्कार्क m. 1 One who initiates; 2 one who dresses (as food), संस्कार्त चेपहर्ता च खाद-कथेति घातका: M. v. 51.

संस्कार m. 1 Forming well or thoroughly; 2 refining, polishing, मणिः प्रयुक्तसंस्कारः R. 111. 18; 3 embellishment, decoration, e. g. स्व-भावसुंदरं वस्तु न संस्कारमपेक्षते; 4 forming of the mind, edu-Cation, संस्कारप्रेन वरं वरेण्यं सरस्वती (ननाव) K. S. v11. 90; 5 a purificatory rite, नि-षेकादिक्षिजन्मना कार्यः शरीरसं-स्कार: M. 11. 26. (Manu enjoins twelve purificatory rites at 11. 27; others enumerate sixteen); 6 a ceremony in general; 7 investiture with the sacred cord, M. 111. 43; 8 the consecration of a thing; g obsequies: 10 preparation (as of an article of food or medicine, e.g. स्दान्संस्कारकञ्चलान्); 11 impression, form, mould, e.g. यत्रवे भाजने तमेः संस्कारो नात्यथा भवेत: 12 the self-productive quality; (three Sanska'ras are recognized in the Vais'eshika

philosophy; viz. भावना, वेग and स्थितिस्थापकता); 13 apprehension, conception; 14 resolution, अहा स्थिरसंस्कारा व्यवहाराधिन: Mrich. IX. Comp. —विज्ञत a. one over whom the purificatory rites are not performed.

संस्कृत I a. (f. ता) 1 Carefully or accurately formed, artificially fabricated: 2 refined, trained, adorned वाण्ये-का समलंकरोति पुरुषं या संस्कृता धार्यते Bhartr. 11. 19; 3 made ready, dressed, cooked; 4 consecrated. hallowed: 5 married; 6 excellent, best. II m. 1 A word formed accurately according rules, a regular derivative; 2 a man of one of the three higher castes who has received all the purificatory rites; 3 a learned man. III n. 1 The Sanskrit language; 2 offering, oblation, sacri-

संस्क्रिया / 1 Any purificatory rite, 2 funeral ceremonies.

संस्तंत्र m. 1 Support, prop; 2 confirming, fixing; 3 stop, stay; 4 paralysis.

संस्तर m. 1 A couch, a bed, नक्पलवसंस्तरेऽपि ते गृदु बूपेत यदेगमपितस् R. vIII. 57, K. S. Iv. 34; 2 sacrifice.

संस्तव m.1 Praise; 2 acquaintance, familiarity, गुणा: ।प्र-यत्वे अधिकृता न संस्तवः Kir. IV. 25, संस्तविस्थरं तिरोहितं प्रेम घनागमिश्यः IV. 22.

संस्ताव m. 1 Hymning chorus; 2 the place for reciting hymns at a sacrifice; 3 praise, celebration.

संस्तुत a. (f. ता) 1 Praised, applauded; 2 agreeing together; 3 familiar, acquainted (pp. of स्तु with सम् q.v.).

संस्तुति f. Praise.

संस्त्वाय m. 1 Assemblage. heap; 2 vicinity; 3 spreading, expansion, diffusion: 4 a habitation, a house, अथवा संस्त्यायमेव गच्छावः M. M. 1. संस्थ I a. (f. स्था) 1 Associa. ted, domesticated; 2 staying, abiding, lasting; 3 stationary, fixed; 4 ended. perished, dead; 5 situated, न केवलं दरीसंस्थं.....अषा-स्तं मे पर तम: K. S. vr.60. 1I m. 1 An inhabitant : 2 a countryman: 3 a spy. संस्पा f. 1 An assembly; 2 a state or condition of being, situation; 3 occupation, business , सर्वेषां त स नामानि ... पृथक संस्थाभ निर्ममें M. 1. 21: 4 correct conduct; 5 stop. stay; 6 a royal ordinance: 7 end; 8 loss, destruction. death; 9 universal destruc-

संस्थान n. 1 A heap, a quantity; 2 the aggregation of primitive atoms; 3 configuration; 4 fabrication, construction; 5 common place of abode; 6 vicinity; 7 a place where four roads meet; 8 position (in Vedanta philosophy); 9 a mark, sign, e.g. सास्नादि-संस्थानविशेषो लिंगम्; 10 death; 11 form, figure, disguise, चौर्यानेकसंस्थाने: भोत्साहा वज्ञानायेल् M. 1x. 261.

tion: 10 resemblance.

संस्थापन n. 1 The act of placing together, collecting; 2 restraining;3 establishment; 4 regulation, fixing, कुर्नात क्यां प्रत्यक्षमधेसंस्थापनं नृप: M. viii. 422.

संस्थापना f. Restraining, curbing, bringing back, संस्थापना भियतरा विरहातुराणाम् Mrich.ur. संस्थित a. (f. ता) I Contiguous; 2 resembling; 3 settl-