riage she exchanged her sex with a Yaksha and proved a means of killing Bhi'shma who declined to fight with a woman. He was afterwards killed by অয়হথামূৰ.

Son of king Us'înara known for his unfailing liberality.

The third deity of the Hindu trisd entrusted with the work of destruction. Almost all *Pura* nas contain legends about him.

शिद्यपाल The son of Damaghosha, king of Chedi. The prince was, in a former existence, the unrighteous but veliant monarch of the Daityas, Hiranyakas'ipu, and was killed by Vishnu in the form of Narasinha. He was next the ten-headed sovereign Ràvana and was killed by Ráma, the seventh incarnation of Vishnu. (Sis.1.). When born agian as S'is'upàla he renewed with greater inveteracy than ever his hos tile hatred towards Krishna, another incar nation of that deity and was in conse quence slain by him. Magha has poetically treated the subject of S'is'upála's death in his S'is'upâlavadha.

heavenly nymph in the form of a female parrot. He was a born philosopher. He never married and successfully withstood all temptations held out by Rambhâ. He is in consequence known as the most rigid observer of continence.

शुक्त The priest and preceptor of the Daityas. See कच, देवयानी, ययाति.

पुनःश्चेषस् A son of Ajigarta. King Haris'chandra, being childless, made a vow that if he obtained a son he would sacrifice him to Varuna. A son was born and named Rohita who 'purchased S'unahs' epas as a substitute for him to be sacrificed. S'unahs' epas escaped death by praising Indra and Vishau, gave up his relentless father and became son of Vis' vàmitra. He was thenceforth called Devarata.

द्यंगनिशंग Two demons killed by Kali'.

Râma's beauty and tried to induce him to marry her. Râma jestingly asked her to go to his younger brother, Lakshmana, who sent her back to Râma. Thinking she was insulted she threatened to devour Sitâ and had her ears and nose cut off as a punishment.

where A Vais'ya devotee killed by Das'aratha through mistake. For this act Das'aratha was cursed by S'râvana's old parents to die of a broken heart at the separation of his sons.

सगर A king of the Solar race, an ancestor of Râma. (Ut. L.) When he commenced to perform the horse-sacrifice for the hundredth time, Indra, in fear, stole away his sacrificial steed and carried it off to Pa'ta'la. Sagara's sixty thousand sons who were appointed to guard the animal indiscreetly accused Kapila of having stolen it and were instantly reduced to ashes by that sage. (See \$3.) In their attempt to find out the horse the sons of Sagar had to dig their way to Pa'ta'la and the boundaries of the ocean were thus increased; hence called सागर. (R. x111. 3.)

संजय Charioteer of Dhritarashtra. He was sent on an embassy to the Pandavas, but his mission proved fruitless. It was he who narrated to the blind Dhritarashtra every event of the Bhárati war.