ajūgupat, -yitum, or gopāyayati, &cc., to guard, preserve, protect, keep; to hide, conceal, keep secret; to speak, to shine: Desid. A. jugupsate (ep. also P.), jugupishati, -te, or jugopishati, -te, or jugopāyishati, -te, to seek to defend one's self from, be on one's guard, to beware of, to shun; to avoid, detest, spurn, despise; to feel offended or hurt: Desid. of Desid. jugupsishate: Intens. jogupyate, jogopti.

3. gup, p, p, p, defending, protecting, (in dharma-gup, defending justice, epithet of Vishnu.)

Gupila, as, m. a king, a protector.

Gupta (and Ved. gupita), as, ā, am, protected, guarded, preserved; hidden, concealed, kept secret, secret ; invisible, withdrawn from sight, (e. g. with danda, a secret fine, a fine secretly imposed); joined, combined; (am), ind. privately, secretly; (as), m. an appellation forming often the last member of the name of a Vaiśya or man of the third class; a Vaiśya with this appellation was the founder of the renowned Gupta dynasty, in which the names of the sovereigns generally end in gupta [cf. candra-gupta, samudragupta, skanda-gupta]; (ā), f. a married woman who withdraws from her lover's endearments ; a kind of cowach, Mucuna Pruritus; N. of a woman, a Sākya princess. - Gupta-kathā, f. a confidential communication, a secret. - Gupta-gati, is, m. a spy or secret emissary; (is), f. going privately or secretly. - Gupta-cara, as, i, am, who or what goes secretly; (as), m. an epithet of Bala-rāma. - Gupta-dāna, am, n. a hidden gift or present. - Gupta-dūta, as, m. a secret messenger. - Gupta-vesa, as, m. a disguise, dress &c. used for concealment; (e), ind. in disguise. - Gupta-sarasvatī, f. title of a literary work. - Gupta-sneha, as, ā, am, one whose love is secret or invisible; (as), m. the plant Alangium Hexapetalum (ankota), the oil of which is hidden. - Guptārma (°ta-ur°), am, n., N. of a place.

Guptaka, as, m. a preserver; N. of a Sanvīraka prince.

Gupti, is, f. preserving, protecting, protection; restraint, stoppage, check; concealing, hidiog, concealment; a means of protection, fortification, a rampart; a prison; a hole in the ground, a cavern, a sink, a cellar, &c. (a place of concealment); a leak in a ship, or the well or lower deck of a boat (?); digging a hole in the ground.

Guptika, as, m., N. of a man.

Gopana, am, n. guarding, protecting, protection, preservation; hiding, concealment; reviling, abuse; flurry, hurry, alarm; light, lustre; the leaf of the Laurus Cassia, $= tam\bar{a}la-pattra;$ (\bar{a}), f. protection.

Gopaniya, as, \tilde{a} , $a\tilde{m}$, to be preserved or protected; to be prevented; to be concealed or hidden; secret, mysterious. – Gopaniya-tā, f. or gopaniyatva, am, n. concealableness, fitness for being kept secret.

Gopayatya, as, ä, am, Ved. to be protected.

Gopāyaka, as, ī, am, a preserver, a cherisher, one who guards or protects.

Gopāyana, as, ā, am, preserving, protecting; (am), n. protecting, preserving, protection.

Gopāyita, as, ā, am, preserved, protected, cherished.

Gopāyitri, tā, m. a preserver, a protector.

Gopin, \bar{i} , $in\bar{i}$, i, a protector, one who preserves or protects; $(in\bar{i})$, f., N. of a creeping plant, Ichnocarpus Frutescens; [cf. gop \bar{i} and gop $ik\bar{a}$.]

Gopila, as, ā, am, one who preserves or protects. Gopishtha, as, ā, am, Ved. superl. of goptri.

Goptavya, as, \bar{a} , am, to be protected or preserved. Goptri, $t\bar{a}$, tri, tri, a preserver, a protector, one who defends or cherishes; one who conceals anything.

Gopya, as, \bar{a} , am, to be protected or preserved; to be kept, to be taken care of; to be kept secret or hidden; to be cherished; (as), m. a servant, a slave; the son of a female slave; an assemblage of cowherdesses (? n.). - Gopyādhi (°ya-ādhi), is, m. a pledge which is not to be used but carefully preserved.

Gopyaka, as, m. a slave, a servant.

गुच्य gulya.

गुफ् guph or gumph, cl. 6. P. guphati or gumphati, jugumpha, -phitum, to string

together, tie, string as a garland, wind round. Gumpha, as, m. tying, stringiog as a garland; a bracelet; a whisker, a mustachio.

Gumphana, am, n. winding (a garland &c.).

Gumphita or guphita, as, ā, am, tied, strung together; arranged, placed in order; also gushpita.

gur or gūr, cl. 6. A. gurate, jugure, guritum, to make effort or exertion; cl. 10. A. gorayate or gūrayate, &c., to make effort; to cat; cl. 4. A. gūryate, to hurt, go; Ved. also cl. 6. P. gurati, (not used without prepositions except in the part. gūrta and gūraa, =approved, welcome, agreeable; see under gūr.)

Gurana, am, n. effort, perseverance, great or continued exertion.

TE guru, us, vi, u (said to be fr. rt. 2. gri, compar. garīyas, superl. garishtha, in Mahā-bh. VII. 5324, compar. gariyastara), heavy, weighty (opposed to laghu), heavy in the stomach (as food), difficult to digest; great, large, extended, long; (in prosody) long by nature or position (as a long vowel taken alone or a short vowel before two consonants; sometimes a long vowel followed by consonants is called garīyas); high in degree, vehement, violent, excessive, deep, much ; difficult, hard ; grievous ; im-portant, serious, momentous ; valuable, highly prized ; dear, beloved ; baughty, proud (as a speech) ; venerable, respectable; best, excellent; (us), m. any venerable or respectable person, as a father, mother, or any relative older than one's self; a spiritual parent or preceptor from whom a youth receives the initiatory Mantra or prayer and who conducts the necessary ceremonies up to the period of investiture with the sacrificial thread or string; this person may be the natural parent or the religious preceptor; a religious teacher, one who explains the law and religion to his pupil, instructs him in the Sastras &c.; a N. of Brihaspati or the planet Jupiter, who is considered as the Guru or preceptor of the gods; an epithet of Drona, the teacher of the Pandus; N. of a son of Sankriti; $(v\overline{v})$, f. pregnant, a pregnant woman; the wife of a teacher; [cf. Gr. $\beta a \rho v s$; Lat. gravis; Goth. kauriths; Lith. giéras.] - Guru-kāra, as, m. worship, adoration. - Gurukārya, am, n. a serious or momentous affair, the business or office of a spiritual teacher. - Guru-kula, am. n. the family of a spiritual preceptor or parent. - Guru-krita, as, ā, am, worshipped. - Gurukopa, as, m. violent wrath. - Guru-krama, as, m. instruction handed down through a series of teachers, traditionary instruction. - Guru-gata, as, ā, am, being with or belonging to a spiritual teacher. - Gurugītā, f. title of a section in the Skanda-Purāņa relating to Gurus or spiritual preceptors. - Gurughna, as, i, am, destroying or killing a spiritual teacher; (as), m. white mustard. - Guru-jana, as, m. any venerable or elder person, a father, mother, the elders of a family &c. - Guru-tama, as, a, am, most important &cc.; (as), m. the best teacher. -Guru-tara, as, ā, am, heavier, more important. -Guru-talpa, as, m. the bed of a teacher; the violation of a teacher's bed; a violator of his teacher's bed. - Gurutalpa-ga, as, m. a violator of his teacher's bed; the violation of it (?). - Gurutalpavrata, am, n. penance for intercourse with the wife of a Guru. - Gurutalpābhigamana (°pa-abh°), am, n. violation of a teacher's bed. - Gurutalpin, i, ini, i, one who has criminal intercourse with his teacher's wife. - Guru-tā, f. weight, beaviness, burden, trouble; dignity; importance; the office of a teacher. - Guru-tāpa, as, m. excessive heat. - Gurutva, am, n. weight, heaviness; burden, trouble; sevenity, hardness; greatness, magnitude; respectability, venerableness, sacredness; the office of a teacher. - Gurutvaka, am, n. heaviness. - Gurudakshinā, f. a fee given to a spiritual preceptor. - Guru-dana, am, n. a Guru's gift, a present to a

religious teacher. - Guru-dāsa, as, m., N. of a teacher. - Guru-dikshā-tantra, am, n., N. of a Tantra. - Guru-daivata, as, m. the eighth lunar constellation Pushya, (of which Brihaspati is the ruling deity.) - Guru-pattra, f. the Tamarind tree; (am), n. tin. - Guru-paripāți, f. a series of Jaina sages. - Guru-pāka, as, ā, am, difficult of digestion. - Guru-pūjā, f. the ceremonies in propitiation of Brihaspati when a work is to be performed or undertaken; the worship of one's spiritual guide. - Guru-pramoda, as, m. happiness, delight. - Guru-prasada, as, m. propitiousness or the favour of one's Guru; the product of a Guru's blessing, i. e. learning &c. - Guru-priya, as, ā, am, dear to a preceptor. - Guru-bha, as, m. the constellation of Brihaspati, i. e. the lunar mansion Pushya. -Guru-bhāra, as, m., N. of a son of Garuda. - Guru-bhāva, as, m. the condition of a spiritual preceptor, importance, consequence, weight. - Gurubhrit, t, t, t, Ved. bearing heavy things (as the earth). - Guru-mat, an, atī, at, containing a vowel which is long by nature or position. - Guru-mardala, as, m. a kind of drum or tabor. - Guru-ratna, am, n. a topaz. - Gurulaghu-tā, f. (fr. guru-laghu), heaviness and lightness. - Guru-laghava, as, m. (?) length and shortness of vowels; (am), n. great and small importance, relative importance or value. -Guru-vat, ind. like a Guru, as a Guru, as if to a Gun. - Guruvad-vritti, is, f. behaving to any one with as much respect as to a sacred teacher. - Guruvarćo-ghna, as, m. the lime or citron, = limpāka. - Guru-varna, as, m. a heavy vowel; [cf. guru.] - Guru-vartin, ī, inī, i, or guru-vritta, as, ā, am, treating parents or venerable persons with respect. - Guruvāra, as, m. the day of Jnpiter, Thursday. - Guruvritti, is, is, i, loog by nature. - Guru-vyatha, as, ā, am, heavily distressed. - Guru-sinsapā, f. the tree Dalbergia Sisu; [cf. sinsapā.] - Guru-sikharin, i, m. epithet of the Himālaya (the venerable mountain). - Guru-sishya-samvāda, as, m. a philosophical dialogue by Carana-dāsa. - Guru-susrūshā. f. service of a Guru. - Guru-sokānala (°ka-an°), as, m. the fire of heavy sorrow. - Guru-sārā, f., N. of a tree, = sinsapā. - Guru-sevā, f. obsequiousness to a spiritual preceptor. - Guru-skandha, as, m., N. of a large mountain. - Guru-sthira, as, ā, am, very firm. - Guru-han, ā, m. the murderer of a Guru or spiritual parent; (this is the worst of all criminals according to the Hindus.) - Gurv-akshara, am, n. a long syllable. - Gurv-anganā, f. the wife of a Guru; any woman entitled to great respect. - Gurv-artha, as, m. a Guru's fee for instructing a pupil; (am), ind. for or on account of a Guru; (as, ā, am), important. - Gurvartha-gahvara, as, ā, am, deep in meaning.

Guruka, as, i, am, a little heavy; (in prosody) long.

Gurviņī, f. pregnant, a pregnant woman; N. of an irregular species of the Āryā metre.

गुहाटक guruntaka, as, m. a kind of bird, a sort of peacock. See tila-mayūra.

गुरुह guruha, ās, m. pl., N. of a people in Madhya-deśa; [cf. guduha, guluha, gulaha.]

गुर्नेर gurjara, as, m., N. of a district, Guijara or Guzerat; (ās), m. pl. the people of Guzerat; (ī), f. one of the Rāgiņis or female personifications of music; [cf. guijarī.]

मुद् gurd = gurd, q. v.

गुर्च gurv, cl. 1. P. gūrvati, jugūrva, &c., to raise; to endeavour, to aim or strive.

गुल gula, as, m. raw or unrefined sugar, molasses; the glans penis; the cliton's; (\bar{a}) , f. the plant Tithymalus Antiquonum; (\bar{i}) , f. a pill, a bolus, any small globular substance; small pox; [cf. guda and gola.]

Gulya, as, m. sweetness, a sweet or saccharine taste.

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