Ni-yamita, as, ā, am, checked, restrained, suppressed, bound, confined; governed, guided; fixed, regulated, prescribed, stipulated, agreed upon.

1. ni-yamya, as, ā, am, to be checked or re-

strained, restrainable, tamable.

2. ni-yamya, ind. having restrained, having guided, &c.

Ni-yāma, as, m. = ni-yama, restraint; religious vow, penance, fasting, &c., especially if an act of supererogation; = ni-yāmaka, a boatman, sailor; [cf.

nir-yāma.]

Ni-yāmaka, as, ā, am, restraining, checking, controlling, subduing, suppressing, overpowering; restrictive, limiting; defining more closely; guiding, governing, who or what regulates or restrains; a restrainer, ruler, master; (as), m. a charioteer; a boatman, a sailor, but variously applied to one who rows or steers, a pilot, a helmsman; [cf. nir-yama.] - Niyāmaka-tā, f. controllership, power of restraining, restraint; exact definition, explanation.

Ni-yāmana, am, n. taming, checking, restraining;

(probably incorrectly for ni-yamana.)

निययिन ni-yayin, ī, inī, i (fr. rt. yā with ni), Ved. driving over, passing over (as a carriage). Ni-yana, am, n., Ved. way, access.

नियव ni-yava. See under 2. ni-yu below.

नियातन ni-yātana, am, n. causing to fall or descend; (wrong reading for ni-pātana, q.v.)

निय 1. ni-yu, cl. 3. P. -yuyoti, &c., Ved. to repel, keep off.

नियु 2. ni-yu, cl. 2. P. -yauti, cl. 9. P. A. -yunāti, -nīte, -yavitum, to join, yoke, harness; to mix; to bestow.

Ni-yava, as, m. compact order, continuous line or

series; (Sāy.) mixing, mixture.

Ni-yut, t, f., Ved. series, line, row; (Sāy.) a horse, steed (as hamessed to a car), especially one of the horses of Vayu called Niyuts; praise, a praiser; (as), f. pl. series of words [cf. grantha, ni-bandhana], verses, a poem; (Say.) a team of horses, especially the Niyuts or horses of Vayu; N. of a wife of Rudra in one of his different forms. - Niyutvat, an, atī, at, Ved. forming a series; flowing continuously, as the Soma; drawn by a line of horses, as Vāyu or Indra, or the Maruts; (Sāy.) possessing the Niyut steeds, possessing horses; containing the word niyut or niyut-vat (as a verse or hymn).

Niyud-ratha, as, ā, am, Ved. one whose car is drawn by a line or team of horses; (Say.) having a harnessed chariot.

Ni-yuta, am, n. (according to some lexicographers also m.), a million; a hundred thousand; 100 Ayutas

= 10,000 Kotis.

Ni-yutvatīya, as, ā, am, Ved. belonging to

Niyut-vat (Vāyu).

नियुज ni-yuj, cl. 7. P. A. -yunakti, -yunkte, -yoktum, to join to, attach or fasten to; to put to (horses), yoke, harness; to place over, appoint, elect or depute any one to any office or duty (with acc. of the person and loc. of the thing or business); to give authority, authorize; to assign, employ, engage; to commit, intrust, commission; to enjoin, order, command; to constrain, urge, coerce, compel; to harass: Caus. (or cl. 10.) -yojayati, -yitum, to cause to be attached, cause to be placed or put, to fasten; to appoint, commission, charge, employ; to order, command, direct, prescribe; to urge, instigate, coerce; to perform, make, place in any state (e. g. sandehe, in jeopardy); to offer, present with, endow.

Ni-yukta, as, a, am, fastened to; engaged in, attached to; directed, enjoined, commanded; authorized, appointed; ascertained; (as), m. a functionary,

Ni-yuktaka, as, ā, am, appointed, elected, placed in authority.

Ni-yukti, is, f. injunction, order, command; appointment, commission, charge, office.

Ni-yujya, ind. having joined or attached; having put to or harnessed; having appointed, &c.

Ni-yujyamāna, as, ā, am, being appointed, being engaged or employed.

Ni-yunjāna, as, ā, am, appointing, authorizing, enjoining, constituting, appointing to an office.

Ni-yoktavya, as, a, am, to be appointed or authorized, to be employed, ordered, &c.

Ni-yoktri, tā, trī, tri, one who joins or fastens or attaches; (tā), m. a ruler, lord, master.

Ni-yoga, as, m. attaching or fastening to; application, use, employment, appointment, injunction, direction, order, command, commission, charge, precept; any trust or appointed task or duty, any business or function committed to one's charge; effort, exertion; certainty, ascertainment; necessity; (at or ena), ind. according to order or command, necessarily, certainly, surely. - Niyoga-karana, am, n. making a command, commanding. - Niyoga-tas, ind. according to order or command. - Niyogapāśa, as, m. a fastening, (probably) a halter. - Ni-yoga-prayojana, am, n. the object or business of any appointment, authorized act or duty. - Niyogavidhi, is, m. the form or rule of appointing to any act or duty. - Niyogartha (oga-aro), as, m. the object of an authorized act or appointment.

Ni-yogin, ī, inī, i, appointed, authorized, invested with authority, employed, engaged in any duty, attached to any business; (i), m. a functionary, an official, officer, man in office, a minister, a deputy, an agent, &c. - Niyogy-artha-grahopāya (°haup°), as, m. the resource of confiscating the property

of men in office.

Ni-yogya, as, a, am, to be enjoined or prescribed; fit to be appointed or authorized, able or qualified for a duty [cf. ni-yojya]; (as), m. (according to Vopadeva) a master.

Ni-yojana, am, n. tying or fastening (as an animal to the Yupa or sacrificial post); uniting, attaching to; that with which anything is fastened or tied (Ved.); ordering, prescribing, commanding, directing; urging, impelling; appointing (e. g. kriyāsu, to affairs); (i), f. a balter.

Ni-yojanīya, as, ā, am, to be attached or joined

to, to be appointed or authorized.

Ni-yojayitavya, as, ā, am (fr. the Cans.), to be appointed, to be commanded or urged or directed.

Ni-yojita, as, ā, am, joined or attached to, connected with, adapted to; appointed, authorized, commissioned; directed, ordered; Impelled, urged,

Ni-yojya, as, a, am, to be fastened or attached to; fit to be appointed or employed in; to be ordered, commanded, directed, instigated; proper to be enjoined; (as), m. a functionary, official, employé, servant.

नियत ni-yuta. See under 2. ni-yu, col. 1.

नियासा ni-yutsā, f. (fr. Desid. of rt. yudh with ni without reduplication), N. of the wife of Pra-stava and mother of Vi-bhu.

Ni-yuddha, am, n. (fr. rt. yudh with ni), fighting, especially fighting on foot, close fight or combat, personal struggle. - Niyuddha-bhū, ūs, f. a battlefield, a place where close fighting has taken place.

Ni-yoddhri, dhā, m. a combatant, a wrestler, a boxer; a cock.

Ni-yodhaka, as, m. a fighter, combatant, wrestler,

नियोग ni-yaga. See under ni-yuj above.

निर् nir euphonically substituted for nis, q. v., before vowels and soft consonants.

निरंश nir-anśa, as, ā, am, having no part or fraction remaining, whole. - Niransa-tva, am, n, the state of having no part or fraction over, wholeness, completeness.

निर्म nir-anśu, us, us, u, having no rays,

निरह्म nir-aksha, as, ā, am, having no dice; having no latitude; (as), m. (in astronomy) the place of no latitude, i.e. the terrestrial equator. - Niraksha-deśa, as, m. a first meridian, as Lankā; a place where the sun is always vertical and the days and nights are equal; the equatorial region.

निर्िन nir-agni, is, is, i, or niragnika, as, ã, am, having no fire, having lost or neglected the consecrated fire.

निर्घ nir-agha, as, ā, am, sinless, blameless, free from fault or imperfection.

निरङ्ग nir-ankuśa, as, ā, am, unchecked (lit. not held by a hook), uncontrolled, unruly, selfwilled, unfettered, independant, completely free; (am), ind. freely. - Nirankuśa-tā, f. or nirankuśatva, am, n. unruliness, independance, self-will, wil-

निरङ्ग nir-anga, as, ā, am, having no resources, deprived of expedients.

निरज nir-aj, cl. 1. P. -ajati, -ajitum (Ved. inf. -aje), Ved. to drive or bring out, extricate, remove; to issue out.

निर्जिन nir-ajina, as, ā, am, without a skin or hide, skinless.

निरम्बन ni-ranchana, am, n. (fr. ranch = lanch with ni), a mark or knot in a measuring line.

निरञ्जन I. nir-anjana, as, ā, am, without collyrium or ointment, unstained, untinged, unblackened, unpainted; free from falsehood; artless; (as), m. an epithet of Siva; N. of one of the attendants of Siva; (a), f. an epithet of Durga; the day of full moon,

निय्त्रन 2. ni-ranjana, as, ā, am, void of passion or emotion, (applied to the Supreme Being.)

निर्ण ni-ran, cl. 1. P. -ranati, -ranitum, Ved. to rejoice, delight in.

निर्ता ni-rata. See ni-ram, p. 492, col. 2.

निर्तिशय nir-atisaya, as, ā, am, unsurpassed. - Niratisaya-tva, am, n. the state of being unsurpassed, unsurpassedness.

निर्त्यय nir-atyaya, as, ā, am, free from danger, dangerless, secure, infallible, completely successful, faultless, unblamable.

निर्धिष्ठान nir-adhishthana, as, a, am, having no fixed resting-place, having no solid basis.

निरध्व nir-adhva, as, ā, am, (probably) one who has lost his way.

निर्नुक्रोश nir-anukrasa, as, m. absence of compassion, hard-heartedness, unmercifulness; (as, a, am), uncompassionate, without pity, pitiless, merciless; hard-hearted towards any person or thing (with loc.). — Niranukrośa-kārin, ī, inī, i, acting without compassion or pitilessly. — Niranukrośa-tā, f. pitilessness, unmercifulness; hard-heartedness, cruelty. - Niranukrośa-yukta, as, ā, am, uncompassionate, ruthless, hard-hearted.

निर्नुग nir-anuga, as, ā, am, unattended, without retinue or followers.

निर्नग्रह nir-anugraha, as, ā, am, unfavourable, unkind, ungracious.

निरनुनासिक nir-anunāsika, as, ā, am, not marked with the nasal symbol called Anunasika (Gram. 7), not nasal.

निर्नुमान nir-anumana, as, ā, am, without inference, not binding one's self to conclusions or

निरनरोध nir-anurodha, as, ā, am, unfavourable, unfriendly, unkind, ungracious, unamiable.