arch and containing four or originally two stars placed under the regency of a dual divinity, \$Indragni\$, Indra and Agni\$; it is probably to be connected with the quadrangle of stars \$i\$, \$a\$, \$B\$, \$\gamma\$ Libræ; see \$nakshatra\$)\$; the cucurbitaceous plant Momordica Charantia, (in this sense fem. sing.) \$\inVi\tilde{a}kha-ja\$, \$as\$, m. 'born under the asterism Vi\tilde{s}kha-ja\$, \$as\$, m. in this saterism, or about the end of October). \$\inVi\tilde{a}kha-datta\$, \$as\$, m., N. of the author of the Mudr\tilde{a}-datta\$, \$as\$, m., N. of a king.

Viśākhala, am, n. an attitude in shooting. (See

vi-sākha.)

विशासिल viśākhila, as, m., N. of an author.

विशातन vi-śātana, &c. See under vi-śad.

विशाप viśāpa, as, m., N. of a Muni.

विशारण vi-śāraņa. See under vi-śṛī.

fanta visārada, as, ā, am (said to be connected with visāla), leamed, wise; skilful, skilled in, versed in, conversant with (often at the end of comps., cf. sarva-śāstra-v°); famous, celebrated; confident, bold, presuming.

विशाल viśāla, as, ā, am (in Uṇādi-s. I. 117. said to be fr. rt. 1. vis; according to some connected with 2. vi-śri), large, great, wide, broad, extensive; great, eminent, illustrious; (as), m. a sort of deer; a sort of bird; N. of a son of Trinavinda; (ā), f., N. of the city Ujjayinī or Ougein; of another town (see vaisālī, vaisalī); the bitter apple, Cucumis Colocynthis; (i), f. a particolar plant (=aja-modā). - Višāla-kula, am, n. a great or illustrious family; (as, ā, am), of noble family. -Viśāla-kula-sambhava, as, ā, am, sprung from an illustrious race. - Viśāla-tā, f. or viśāla-tva, am, n. largeness, greatness, width, breadth, expansion, magnitude, bulk; eminence, distinction. - Visālatvać, k, m. 'having large bark,' the tree Echites Scholaris. - Visāla-nagara, am, n., N. of a town. -Visāla-netra, as, ā, am, large-eyed. - Visālapuri, f., N. of a town. - Visālāksha ('la-ak'), as, i, am, large-eyed, having beautiful eyes; (as), m. epithet of Siva; of Garuda; N. of a son of Dhritarāshṭra; (i), f. epithet of Pārvatī; N. of a daughter of Sandilya.

বিলিন্ত vi-śikshu, us, us, u (see śikshu), Ved. especially instructing or accomplishing, (Say. = viśeshena śikshayitri, sādhayitri.)

faiste vi-śikha, as, ā, am, devoid of the Sikhā or tust of hair lest on the head after tonsure; pointless, without a point or top, without a crest; weak (Ved.?); (as), m. an arrow; an iron crow, (in these and some following senses vi may denote intensity or largeoess); a sort of Sara or reed; (ā), f. a spade; a hoe; a minute arrow; a sort of pin or needle; a spindle; a highway, broad or carriage road; a barber's wife; a sick room or the dwelling of the sick. Višikha-śrenī or višikhāvalī (°kha-āv°), f. a line of arrows.

বিহিন্দ্র vi-śinj, cl. 2. A. -śinkte, -śinjitum, to sound, resound, tinkle.

Vi-sinjāna, as, ā, am, sounding, singing, uttering cries; tinkling.

বিহ্মিন vi-śita, as, ū, am (fr. rt. 1. śi or rt. śo with vi), sharpened, sharp.

विशिष visipa, am, n. (in Uṇādi-s. III. 145. said to be fr. nt. 1. vis), a house; a palace; a temple.

বিগিনিম viśi-śipra, as, m. (so divided in the Pada text), Ved. 'deprived of jaws' or 'noseless,' N. of a person represented in Rig-veda V. 45, 6, as rquered by Manu, (Say. = vigata-hanu, Say. also that Manu may stand for Indra, and Viśi-śipra mean Vṛitra.)

fafiq vi-sish, el. 7. P. -sinashti, -seshtum, to distinguish, make distinct or different; to particularize, specify, define, describe; to excel (with acc.): Pass. -sishyate, to be distinguished; to differ or be different from; to be better than or more excellent than (with abl. and sometimes with inst., e. g. maunāt satyam visishyate, truth is more excellent than silence; yajnaih sthitir visishyate, continuance in duty is better than sacrifices); to be of more weight; to be best: Caus. -seshayati, -yitum, to distinguish, make distinct or different, define.

Vi-sishta, as, a, am, distinguished, distinct, particular, especial, special, peculiar; having distinctive qualities or exclusive properties; superior, excellent, choice, more excellent, better; distinguished by, endowed with, possessed of, having; (as), m., N. of Vishnu. - Visishta-tā, f. or visishta-tva, am, n. distinction, individuality, the having distinguishing or characteristic qualities, speciality, peculiarity (of any kind); excellence, superiority, eminence. - Visishta-buddhi, is, f. 'differenced knowledge,' distinguishing knowledge (e.g. the knowledge of 'a man carrying a staff' which distinguishes him from 'a man' indifferently). - Visishta-varna, as, ā, am, having a distinguished colour. - Visishtādvaita-vādin ('ta-ad'), i, ini, i, one who asserts the identity of what is distinct, i. e. of the two distinct things Prakriti and Purusha with Brahma. - Visishtopamā (°ta-up°), f. a particular comparison. - Visishtopamā-yukta (°ta-up°), am, n., scil. rūpaka, a metaphor which contains a particular comparison (said to be a variety of the Rūpaka or metaphor general).

Vi-sesha, as, m. the act of distinguishing or discriminating, discrimination; difference, distinction, individuality, individual identity (consisting in distinction from every other individual or species), characteristic difference, peculiar mark, special property, speciality, peculiarity (sometimes at the beginning of compounds and to be translated by 'peculiar,' 'special,' &ce., cf. višesha-guna); particularity; (in the Vaiseshika school of the Nyāya phil.) the eternal distinguishing nature or individual essence of each of the nine Dravyas or substances (i. e. of each of the five atoms of earth, water, fire, air, and mind, and of ether, time, space, and soul; these nine eternal substances are said to be so essentially different that one can never be the other); predicament (in logic); peculiar attribute; (in grammar) a word which defines or limits the meaning of another word, (any word in which the general meaning of another word is merged is said to be the Visesha of that word); a distinguishing mark made on the forehead with sandal; species, kind, sort, variety, mode, manner, various method (often at the end of comps., e.g. vriksha-višesha, a kind of tree; tapo-višeshāh, m. pl. various kinds of penance: and sometimes to be translated by 'different,' 'special,' e. g. purusha- v° , a different man; $das\tilde{a}-v^{\circ}$, a special condition); variation, change, alteration for the better, amendment; a favourable turn or crisis in sickness; a distinct or different object; a limb, member; distinction, peculiar merit, excellence, superiority: the best of anything (at the end of comps. or even at the beginning, and sometimes to be translated by 'excellent, 'superior,' e. g. rasa-v', an excellent juice, cf. prasādhana-v'); a particular figure in rhetoric (said to be of three kinds, cf. rišeshokti, col. 3); N. of the mundane egg; viseshena or viseshat, ind. especially, particularly, even more. - Viseshakāma, as, ā, am, peculiarly desirous or amorous. -Visesha-krit, t, t, t, making a distinction, distinguishing. - Višesha-guņa, as, m. a special or distinct quality, distinguishing property; an object or substance of a single and distinct kind (as soul, time, space, ether, and the atoms of earth, water, fire, air, and mind). - Visesha-jna, as, ā, am, knowing distinctions, critical, intelligent, wise, discriminating, a connoisseur. - Visesha-tas, ind. especially, particularly, in particular, specifically. - Visesha-dharma, as, m. a peculiar or different duty; a special law. - Visesha-padartha ("da-ar"), as, m. 1

(in the Nyaya) the category of particularity. - Viscsha-pratishedha, as, m. a special exception. - Viśeska-pramāņa, am, n. special authority. - Viśesha-bhavana, f. reflecting on or perceiving differences; (in mathematics) a particular operation in extracting roots, composition by the difference of the products. - Visesha-ramaniya, as, a, am, especially delightful, particularly pleasant. - Visesha-lakshana. am, n. any specific or characteristic mark or sign. -Visesha-linga, am, n. a particular marlt, specific property, attribute of a subordinate class. - Višeshavaćana, am, n. a special text, different text, special rule or precept. - Visesha-vat, an, atī, at, possessed of some distinguishing property, peculiar, excellent, superior, better. - Visesha-vidvas, an, m. eminently learned, a sage, philosopher. - Viśesha-vidhi, is, m. a special rule or observance, special form. - Visesha-vyāpti, is, f. (in logic) a form of Vyāpti or pervasion, (according to Sabda-k .= pratiyogi-vyadhikarana - svasamānādhikaranātyantābhāvā pratiyogitva.) - Visesha-sālin, ī, inī, i, possessing peculiar merit or excellence. - Viśesha-śāstra, am, n. (in grammar) a special rule (=apa- $v\bar{a}da$). -Viśeshātideśa (°sha-at°), as, m. a special supplementary rule. - Viseshartham ("sha-ar"), ind. for the sake of distinction or difference. - Visesharthin ("sha-ar"), ī, inī, i, seeking for excellence or distiaction; particular in searching for (anything). - Viśeshokti (osha-uko), is, f. (in rhetoric) statement of distinction' or 'description of excellence,' (either coupling cause with effect so as to explain any peculiar condition or enhancing the beauty of a subject by dwelling upon certain adverse circumstances in spite of which this excellence exists); enumeration of merits, panegyric. - Viseshoćchvasita (°sha-uć°), am, n. the peculiar breath or life (of another), a peculiar treasure (applied to an object especially dear). - Višeshoddeša ("sha-ud"), as, m. (in the Nyāya) a particular kind of enunciation.

Vi-seshaka, as, ā, am, distinguishing, discriminative, characteristic, attributive; (as, am), m. n. any distinguishing property or characteristic; an attribute, predicate; a mark on the forehead made with sandal &c. (worn either as an ornament or for sectarial distinction; pattra-viśeshaka, strokes or lines drawn on the face with pigments); discriminative faculty or perception; a particular arrangement of poetical composition. — Viśeshaka-cchedya, am, n. a particular form of Tilaka or sectarial mark, (according to Sabda-k. = catuhshashti-kalāntargata-shashtha-kalā.)

Vi-seshana, as, ī, am, distinguishing, discriminative, attributive; distinctive (as a property &c.); (am), n. the act of distinguishing or discriminating, distinction, discrimination; a distinguishing mark or attribute; a word which particularizes or defines another word, the 'differencer' or distinguisher of another word (which other word is called vi-seshya, q. v.); an epithet, attribute, adjective; a word used in apposition. -Viseshana-tā, f. the state of a distinguisher or of distinguishing, the being a distinguishing mark; the being an adjective; individuality. -Viseshanatā-sambandha, as, m. the relation of

seshanawas amountand, as, in the relation of predicability, relation of predicate to subject. -Vi-seshana-vat, ān, atī, at, endowed with discrimination; having a distinguishing attribute. -Viseshana-varga, as, m., N. of a division of the Sabdaratnāvalī lexicon.

Vi-seshaniya, as, ā, am, to be distinguished or discriminated; to be marked as different or distinct; to be particularized.

Vi-śeshtta, as, ā, am, distinguished, made different or distinct, defined, separated, divided; having as an attribute, distinguished by an attribute; predicated; excellent, superior.

Vi-śeshya, as, ā, am, to be distinguished or discriminated; requiring to be defined or determined; distinguished, pre-eminent, principal, primary, chief; (am), n. the word to be 'differenced' or distinguished, the thing or object to be particularized or defined by another word (which other word is called