than, a dog, Pān. v, 4, 96; (ā), m., N. of a tribe (?), (gana pakshadi, q. v.)

स्रातमक áti-shakta or (in later texts) atisakta, mfn. (\stanij), connected with, AV. &c.

खतिषित áti-shita, mfn. tied or bound round (so as to prevent the flow of any liquid), RV. x, 73, 9.

खातिष्कन्द ati-shkand (√skand), to cover (said of a bull), RV. v, 52, 3; to leap or jump over, Ved. Inf. (dat.) ati-shkade, RV. viii, 67, 19; Ved. Inf. (abl.) -shkádas, RV. x, 108, 2; to omit, án-atiskandat, mfn. not omitting anything, uniform, TBr.

Ati-shkádvan, mf(arī)n. jumping over, transgressing.

अतिष्टिघम ati-shtigham (√stigh), ind. so as to overwhelm, MaitrS.

स्रतिष्ठ ati-shtu (√stu), to go on too far in reciting hymns of praise, PBr.; Lāty.

स्रातष्ट्रत á-tishthat, mfn. not standing, unstable, RV.

अतिष्ठा 1.ati-shthā (√sthā), to be at the head of, govern, RV.; AV.; to jut over or out, TBr.

2. Ati-shtha, f. precedence, superiority, SBr. &c.; (ās), m. f. or ati-shthavan, m. or atishtha-vat [AV.], mfn. superior in standing, surpassing.

अतिसंधा ati-sam-√dhā, to overreach, deceive, Sāk.; to wrong or injure, VarBrS.

Ati-sandhám, ind. so as to violate an agreement or any fixed order, SBr.

Ati-sam-dhāna, am, n. overreaching, cheating. Ati-sandhita, mfn. overreached, cheated.

Ati-sam-dheya, mfn. easy to be conciliated, easy to be settled.

अतिसव ati-sarva, mfn. superior to all, Pān. Sch.; (as), m. the Supreme.

खतिसांवासर ati-sāmvatsara, mfn. extending over more than a year, Mn.

खितसाम्या ati-sāmyā, f. the sweet juice of the Bengal Madder, Rubia Manjith.

खातम ati-√sri, Caus. to cause to pass through: Pass. -sāryate; to be purged, Sušr.

Ati-sará, as, m. effort, exertion, AV.

Ati-sāra or atī-sāra, as, m. purging, dysentery. Ati-sārakin or atī-sārakin or ati-sārin or atī-sārin, mfn. afflicted with purging or dysentery.

खतिसृज् ati-√srij, to glide over or along, RV.; to send away, dismiss, abandon; to leave as a remnant; to remit, forgive; to give away, present; to create in a higher degree, SBr. xiv.

Ati-sargá, as, m. act of parting with, dismissal, giving away; granting permission, leave; atisargám √1. dā, to bid any one farewell, MaitrS.

Ati-sarjana, am, n. the act of giving away, granting; liberality; a gift; sending out of the world, killing.

Ati-sríjya, mfn. to be dismissed, SBr. Ati-srishti, is, f. a higher creation, SBr. xiv.

अतिमृप् ati-√srip, to glide or creep over, get over, RV. &c.

खतिसेन ati-sena, as, m., N. of a prince.

स्तिसेव् ati-\sev, to use or enjoy immoderately, to practise excessively; cf. ati-sevā s.v. ati.

स्तिसापणे ati-sauparna, mfn. superior to (the powers of) Suparna or Garuda.

स्तिस्ति ati-stri, mf(is or ī) n. surpassing a woman, L.; see Gram. 123. b.

खातसम ati-√srans, to drop or turn away from, to escape, RV. vi, 11, 6.

आतम् ati-√sru, to flow over or flow ex-

cessively. Ati-sravita, mfn. caused to flow excessively (as a wound), Susr.

Ati-sruta, mfn. that which has been flowing over (N. of Soma), VS.

स्तिस् ati-\svri, to hold or sustain a note, PBr.; ChUp.

Ati-svārya, mfn. the last of the seven notes, TS, Prāt.

अतिहन ati-√han, Desid. -jighānsati (for -jighāsati fr. √2. hā?), to try to escape, AitBr.

Ati-hata, mfn. firmly fixed, SBr.; utterly destroyed, Car.

खतिहस्तय ati-hastaya, Nom.(fr. ati-hasta), P. atihastayati, to stretch out the hands; (fr. atihastin), to overtake on an elephant.

स्रातहा ati-√2. hā, to jump over, RV. &c.; to pass jumping from one place to another.

खतिहिमम् ati-himam, ind. after the frost; past the cold.

खातह ati-vhri, to hold over; to reach over; to cause to jut over; to add.

स्रतिहे ati-\/hve (I. sg. A. -hvaye), to call over to one's side, TBr.

अतो ati (√i), el. 2. P. aty-eti, -etum, to pass by, elapse, pass over, overflow; to pass on; to get over; (Ved. Inf. áty-etavaí), to pass through, RV. v, 83, 10; to defer; to enter; to overcome, overtake, outdo; to pass by, neglect; to overstep, violate; to be redundant; to die: Intens. atiyate, to overcome.

Atîta, mfn. gone by, past, passed away, dead; one who has gone through or got over or beyond, one who has passed by or neglected; negligent; passed, left behind; excessive; (as), m., N. of a particular Saiva sect; (am), n. the past. - kāla, m. the past time or tense. - nauka, mfn. passed out of a ship, landed.

Atîtvarī, f. a female transgressor, bad woman, VS. Aty-aya, aty-aya, see s. v.

अतोक्ष्ण á-tīkshna, mfn. not sharp, blunt; not severe or rigid.

खतीन्द्रिय atindriya, mfn. beyond the (cognizance of the) senses; (as), m. (in Sānkhya phil.) the soul; (am), n., N. of Pradhana; the mind.

अतीरक atī-reká. See ati-√ric.

स्तीव ativa, ind. exceedingly, very; excessively, too; quite; surpassing (with acc.): Compar. ativa-tarām, ind. exceedingly, excessively, Sis. iv. 25.

खतीव a-tīvra, mfn. not sharp, blunt; not pungent.

खतीप् atîsh (√ish), to pass by (acc.), MaitrS. अतीसार atī-sāra. See ati-√sri.

अतुङ्ग a-tunga, mfn. not tall, short, dwarfish.

खतुन्द a-tunda, mfn. not stout, thin. अतर á-tura, mfn. not liberal, not rich, AV.

अतुल a-tula, mfn. unequalled; (as), m. (destitute of weight), the Sesamum seed and plant. A-tulya, mfn. unequalled.

अतुष a-tushá, mfn. without husks, SBr.

अतुषारकर a-tushāra-kara, as, m. having not cold rays,' the sun.

सन्दि a-tushți, is, f. displeasure, discontent.

अतुहिन a-tuhina, not cold. - dhāman or -rasmi or -ruci, m. 'having not cold light,' the sun, VarBrS.

सत्तां व á-tūtuji, mfn. not quick, slow, RV. vii, 28, 3.

अनूते á-tūrta [RV. viii, 99, 7] or a-tūrta [RV.], mfn. not outrun, not outdone, not obstructed, unhurt; (a-tiertam), n. illimited space, RV. x, 149, I. - daksha, m. 'having designs that cannot be obstructed,' N. of the Asvins, RV. viii, 26, I. - pathin (átūrta-), m(nom. -panthās) fn. having a path that cannot be obstructed, RV.

अतृणाद á-trinâda, as, m. not an eater of grass,' a newly-born calf, SBr. xiv.

A-trinya, f. a small quantity or short supply of grass, Pān. vi, 2, 156, Sch.

अतृदिल á-tridila, mfn. having no interstices,' solid, RV. x, 94, II.

अनुप a-tripá, mfn.not satisfied, RV.iv, 5, 14.

Atrippuvat, mfn. insatiable, RV. iv, 19, 3. A-tripta, mfn. unsatisfied, insatiable, eager. -dris, mfn. looking with eagerness.

A-tripti, is, f. unsatisfied condition, insatiability. खन्धित á-trishita, mfn. not thirsty, not greedy, RV. x, 94, 11.

A-trishnaj, mfn. not thirsty, RV. x, 94, 11. A-trishyá, mfn. beyond the reach of thirst, AV. A-trishyat, mfn. not thirsting after, not greedy, not eager, RV. i, 71, 3.

खतजस a-tejas, as, n. absence of brightness or vigour; dimness, shade, shadow; feebleness, dulness, insignificance; (a-tejás), mfn. [AV.] or a-tejáska [SBr. xiv] or a-tejasvin, mfn. not bright, dim, not vigorous. A-tejo-máya, mfn. not consisting of light or brightness, SBr. xiv.

खतोषणीय a-toshaniya, mfn. not to be pleased or appeased.

अति átka, as, (vat), m. a traveller, L.; a limb or member, L.; armour, mail, garment, RV.; N. of an Asura, RV.

अलील atkīla, as, m., N. of an ancient Rishi (utkīla, q.v.), AsvSr.

सत्रति attali, is, m., N. of a man.

अत्रव्य attavya, mfn. (√ad), fit or proper to be eaten, Mn.

Atti, is, m. an eater, SBr. xiv.

Attri, tā, m. an eater, AV. &c.; f. attrī, TS.

अता attā, f. (probably a colloquialism borrowed from the Deccan, said to occur chiefly in dramas), a mother, L.; mother's sister, L.; elder sister, L.; (in Prākrit) a mother-in-law, L. See akkā.

Atti, is, or attikā, f. elder sister, L.

अह्न attra. See 3. & 4. atra, p. 17, col. 2. सिद्ध attri. See átri, p. 17, col. 2.

सत atna, as, or atnu, us, m. (vat), the sun, L.

Atya (2, 3), as, m. a courser, steed, RV.

खत्यहम áty-anhas, mfn. beyond the reach of evil or distress, VS.

Aty-anhá, as, m., N. of a man, TBr.

सत्पान aty-agni, is, m. too rapid digestion; (mfir.), surpassing fire. - somarka, mfn. brighter than fire or the moon or the sun.

खत्यग्निष्टोम aty-agnishtoma, as, m., N. of the second of the seven modifications of the Jyotishtoma sacrifice; the Vedic verse chanted at the close of that ceremony.

खत्यग्र áty-agra, mfn. whose point is jutting over, TS.

अत्यद्भश्चा aty-ankusa, mfn. past or beyond the (elephant-driver's) hook, unmanageable.

अत्यङ्गल aty-angula, mfn. exceeding an angula (finger's breadth).

अत्यतिक्रम् aty-ati-\kram, to approach for sexual intercourse, MBh. खत्पतिरिच् aty-ati-√ric, Pass. -ricyate, to

surpass exceedingly. अत्यनिल aty-anila, mfn. surpassing the

wind. खत्यनुम् aty-anu-√sri, Caus. -sārayati, to

pursue excessively, MBh.

खत्यना aty-anta, mfn. beyond the proper end or limit; excessive, very great, very strong; endless, unbroken, perpetual; absolute, perfect; (am), ind. excessively, exceedingly; in perpetuity; absolutely, completely; to the end; (aya), dat. ind. for ever, perpetually, Pat.; quite, Pat. - kopana, mfn. very passionate. - ga, mfn. going very much or very fast, Pān. iii, 2, 48. - gata, mfn. completely pertinent; always applicable, Nir.; gone for ever, Ragh. - gati, f. complete accomplishment; (in Gr.) the sense of 'completely.' - gamin, mfn. = -ga above. - gunin, mfn. having extraordinary qualities. - tiraskrita-vācya-dhvani, f. (in rhetoric) a metaphoric or hyperbolical use of depreciatory language. - pīdana, n. act of giving excessive pain. - vāsin, m, a student who perpetually resides with his teacher.