Adhi-vāká, as, m. advocacy, protection, RV. viii, 16, 5; AV.

अधिवद adhi-√vad, to speak, pronounce over or at, SBr.; TBr.

Adhi-vādá, as, m. offensive words, MaitrS.

सधिवप adhi- 12. vap, A. -vapate, to put on, fasten, RV. i, 92, 4; to scatter, TS.

अधिवस् 1. adhi-√4. vas, Ā. -vaste, to put on or over (as clothes, &c.), RV. x, 75, 8.

A'dhi-vastra, mfn. clothed, RV. viii, 26, 13.

1. Adhi-vāsá [SBr.] or adhī-vāsá [RV.; SBr. &c.], as, m. or 1. adhī-vāsas [Vait.], as, n. an upper garment, mantle.

अधिवस् 2. adhi-√5. vas, to inhabit; to settle or perch upon.

2. Adhi-vāsa, as, m. an inhabitant; a neighbour; one who dwells above; a habitation, abode, settlement, site; sitting before a person's house without taking food till he ceases to oppose or refuse a demand (commonly called 'sitting in dharnā'); pertinacity. — bhūmi, f. a dwelling-place, settlement.

1. Adhi-vāsana, am, n. causing a divinity to dwell in an image; sitting in dharṇā (see above).

Adhi-vāsin, mfn. inhabiting, settled in. Adhi-

vāsi-tā, f. settled residence.

Adhy-ushita, see s. v.

अधिवाज्यकुलाद्य adhivājya-kulâdya, m., N. of a country, MBh.

अधिवास adhi-√vās, to scent, perfume.

3. Adhi-vāsa, as, m. perfume, fragrance; application of perfumes or fragrant cosmetics.

2. Adhi-vāsana, am, n. application of perfumes, &c.; the ceremony of touching a vessel containing fragrant objects (that have been presented to an idol); preliminary purification of an image.

Adhi-vāsita, mfn. scented, perfumed.

अधिवाहन adhi-vāhana, as, m., N. of a man (said to be a son of Anga).

अधिविकतेन adhi-vi-kártana, am, n. the act of cutting off or cutting asunder, R.V. x, 85, 35.

सिंधिविक्रम् adhi-vi-√kram, Ā.to come forth on behalf of (dat.), KātyŚr.

अधिविज्ञान adhi-vijñāna, am, n. the highest knowledge.

अधिवद adhi-√3. vid, cl. 6. P. -vindati, to obtain; to marry in addition to.

Adhi-vinnā, f. a wife whose husband has married again; a neglected or superseded wife.

Adhi-vettavyā, f. a wife in addition to whom it is proper to marry another.

Adhi-vettri, tā, m. a husband who marries an additional wife.

Adhi-vedana, am, n. marrying an additional wife.

Adhi-vedaniyā or -vedyā, f. = -vettavyā.

अधिविद्यम् adhi-vidyam, ind. on the subject of science (treated of in the Upanishads), TUp.

अधिविधा adhi-vi-√dhā, to distribute or scatter over, SBr. &c.

अधिवियत adhi-vi-√yat, Caus. -yātayati, to subjoin, annex, Kāth.

अधिविराज adhi-vi-√rāj, to surpass in brightness, RV.

अधिविश adhi-√vis, Caus. -vesayati, to cause to sit down; to place upon.

सिंधवृत्त adhi-\vrij, cl. 7. P. -vrinákti, to place near or over (the fire), SBr.

सिंधनृत adhi- vrit (Pot. 3. pl. -vavrityuh) to move or pass along or over (loc.), RV. x, 27, 6: Caus. id., TBr.

खिष्य adhi- \vridh, P. (Subj. -vardhat) to refresh, gladden, RV. vi, 38, 3; A. -várdhate, to prosper through or by (loc.), RV. ix, 75, 1.

खधिवेदम् adhi-vedám, ind. concerning the Veda, SBr. xiv.

अधिवेलम् adhi-velam, ind. on the shore, Sis. iii, 71. खिये adhi-\vye, to envelop.

Adhi-vīta, mfn. wrapped up, enveloped in.

अधिशस्त adhi-sasta, mfn.(√sans),(=abhi-sasta), notorious, MBh. xiii, 3139.

अधिशो adhi-√sī, to lie down upon, to lie upon, to sleep upon (loc., but generally acc.)

Adhi-saya, as, m. addition, anything added or given extra, Laty.

Adhi-sayana, mfn. lying on, sleeping on.

Adhi-sayita, mfn. recumbent upon; used for lying or sleeping upon.

सिधित्र adhi-√sri (Ved. Inf. ádhi-srayitavaí, SBr.) to put in the fire; to spread over, AV.

Adhi-sraya, as, m. a receptacle.

Adhi-srayana, am, n. the act or ceremony of putting on the fire; (i), f. a fire-place, oven.

Adhi-srayaniya, mfn. relating to or connected with the Adhi-srayana.

Adhi-srita, mfn. put on the fire (as a pot); resided in, dwelt in; occupied by.

pare the Soma juice, RV. ix, 91, 2.

Adhi-shávana, am, n. (generally used in the dual), hand-press for extracting and straining the Soma juice; (mfn.), used for extracting and straining the Soma juice.

Adhi-shavanyà (6), m. du, the two parts of the hand-press for extracting and straining the Soma juice, RV. i, 28, 2.

सिधिकन्द adhi-shkand(\skand),(aor.3.sg. -shkán) to cover in copulation, RV. x, 61, 7; AV.

Adhi-shkannā, f. (a cow) covered (by the bull),
TS.

exfusi adhi-shthā (\sqrt{sthā}), to stand upon, depend upon; to inhabit, abide; to stand over; to superintend, govern; to step over or across; to overcome; to ascend, mount; to attain, arrive at.

Adhi-shthātri, mfn. superintending, presiding, governing, tutelary; (\bar{a}) , m. a ruler; the Supreme Ruler (or Providence personified and identified with one or other of the Hindū gods); a chief; a protector.

Adhi-shṭhāna, am, n. standing by, being at hand, approach; standing or resting upon; a basis, base; the standing-place of the warrior upon the car, SāmavBr.; a position, site, residence, abode, seat; a settlement, town; standing over; government, authority, power; a precedent, rule; a benediction, Buddh. — deha or -sarīra, n. the intermediate body which serves to clothe and support the departed spirit during its several residences in the Pitri-loka or world of spirits (also called the Preta-sarīra).

Adhi-shthāyaka, mfn. governing, superintending, guarding.

Adhi-shthita, mfn. settled; inhabited; superintended; regulated; appointed; superintending. Adhi-shtheya, mfn. to be superintended or

governed.
आधिक्वन् adhi-shvan (√svan), to roar along

or over (3. sg. aor. Pass. in the sense of P. adhi-shváni), RV. ix, 66, 9.

सियसंवस adhi-sam-√5.vas(3.pl.-vásante) to dwell or reside together, TS. (quoted in TBr.)

सिंधसंवृत्त adhi-sam-\vrit (impf. sám-avartatádhi) to originate from, RV. x, 129, 4.

आधिमंधा adhi-sam-√dhā (perf. 3. pl. -da-dhúh) to put or join together, RV. iii, 3, 3.

अधिमृष् adhi - √srip, to glide along, SānkhSr.

सिंगिस्त्र adhi-stri, ind. concerning a woman or a wife, Pāṇ. ii, 1, 6, Sch.

Adhi-strī, f. a superior woman, Hariv.

सिंधस्पर्ध adhi-√spardh (3. pl. p. -spár-dhante & perf. -paspridhre) to compete for an aim, strive at (loc.), RV.

slightly, SBr.: Caus. (Pot. -sparsáyet) to cause to reach to, to extend to, TS.

अधिस्विक्षां-√sru, to trickle or drop off, SBr. अधिस्दि adhi-hari, ind. concerning Hari, Pāṇ. ii, 1, 6, Sch.

अधिहस्ति adhi-hasti, ind. on an elephant, Ragh.

अधिह adhi-√hu (impf. 3. pl. -ájuhvata) to make an oblation upon or over, RV. i, 51, 5.

सिंह adhi-√hri, to procure, furnish.

अधी adhî (vi), adhy-éti or ádhy-eti (exceptionally adhiyati, RV.x, 32, 3), to turn the mind towards, observe, understand, RV. & AV.; chiefly Ved. (with gen. [cf. Pan. ii, 3, 72] or acc.) to mind, remember, care for, long for, RV. &c.; to know, know by heart, TS.; SBr.; Up. &c.; to go over, study, MBh. iii, 13689; to learn from (a teacher's mouth, abl.), MBh. iii, 10713; to declare, teach, SBr. x; Up.: A. adhîté or (more rarely) adhîyate (Mn. iv, 125; Pot. 3. pl. adhîyīran, Kaus.; Mn. x, 1) to study, learn by heart, read, recite: Caus. adhy-āpayati (aor. -āpipat, Pān. ii, 4, 51) to cause to read or study, teach, instruct: Caus. Desid. adhy-āpipavishati, to be desirous of teaching Pan. ii, 4, 51: Desid. adhîshishati, to be desirous of studying, Pān. viii, 3, 61, Sch.

Adhîta, mfn. attained; studied, read; well read, learned. — véda, m. one who has studied the Vedas or whose studies are finished, SBr. xiv.

Adhîti, is, f. perusal, study, TĀr.; desire, recol-

lection, RV. ii, 4, 8; AV.

Adhîtin, mfn. well read, proficient, (gaṇa ishṭādi, q.v.)&c.; occupied with the study of the Vedas, Kum. Adhîtya, ind. p. having gone over, having studied. Adhîyat, mfn. remembering, proficient.

Adhîyāná, mfn. reading, studying; (as), m. a student; one who goes over the Veda either as a student or a teacher.

Adhy-ayana, am, n. reading, studying, especially the Vedas (one of the six duties of a Brāhman).

- tapasī, n. du. study and penance. — punya, n. religious merit acquired by studying.

Adhy-ayanīya, mfn. fit to be read or studied.

Adhy-āpaka, mfn. a teacher (especially of sacred knowledge). Adhyāpakôdita, m. styled a teacher.

Adhy-āpana, am, n. instruction, lecturing.

Adhy-āpayitri, tā, m. a teacher, RPrāt.

Adhy-āpita, mfn. instructed, Mn.; Kum. iii, 6.

Adhy-āpya, mfn. fit or proper to be instructed.

Adhy-āya, as, m. a lesson, lecture, chapter; reading; proper time for reading or for a lesson;

reading; proper time for reading or for a lesson; ifc. a reader (see vedâdhyāya), Pān. iii, 2, 1, Sch. — sata-pāṭha, m. 'Index of One Hundred Chapters,' N. of a work.

Adhy-āyin, mfn. engaged in reading, a student.

Adhy-etavya or -eya, mfn. to be read.

Adhy-etri, tā, m. a student, reader.

Adhy-eshyamāṇa, $mf(\bar{a})n$. (fut. p.) intending to study, about to read, Mn.

अधोकार adhī-kāra (= adhi-kāra), as, m. superintendence over (loc.), Mn. xi, 63; authorization, capability, MBh.

अधीख adhîksh (√īksh), to expect.

अधीन adhīna, mfn.(fr. adhi), ifc. resting on or in, situated; depending on, subject to, subservient to. — tā, f. or -tva, n. subjection, dependence.

अधीमन्य adhī-mantha = adhi-mantha, q.v.

4; AV.; not fixed, movable; confused; deficient in calm self-command; excitable; capricious; querulous; weak-minded, foolish; (a), f. lightning; a capricious or bellicose mistress. — ta, f. want of confidence.

सधीलोहकण adhīloha-kárņa, mfn. = addhyāloha-kárņa, q.v., TS.

अधीवास adhī-vāsá = 1. adhi-vāsá, q.v. 2. Adhī-vāsas, ind. over the garment, KātyŚr.

सधीश adhîsa, as, m. a lord or master over (others).

Adhîsvara, as, m. a supreme lord or king, an emperor; an Arhat, Jain.

asked for instruction (as a teacher), Pān.; (as? or am), m. n. instruction given by a teacher solicited for it, Pān. Sch.

Adhy-eshana, am, ā, m. f. solicitation, asking for instruction.

अधुना adhuna, ind. at this time, now.