अनुत् anu- \trī (3. pl. -taranti) to follow across or to the end, AV. vi, 122, 2.

Anu-tara, am, n. fare, freight, L.

अनुत्क an-utka, mfn. free from regret, not regretting, self-complacent, not repenting of.

अनुक्षे an-utkarsha, as, m. non-elevation, inferiority.

सनुत्र á-nutta, mfn. not cast down, invincible, RV. — manyu (á-nutta-), m. 'of invincible wrath,' Indra, RV. vii, 31, 12; viii, 6, 35 & 96, 19.

incomparably the best or chief, excellent; excessive; not the best; (in Gr.) not used in the uttama or first person. An-uttamâmbhas, n. (in Sānkhya phil.) indifference to and consequent abstinence from sensual enjoyment (as fatiguing). An-uttamâmbhasika, n. indifference to and abstinence from sensual enjoyment (as involving injury to external objects).

best, excellent; without a reply, unable to answer, silent; fixed, firm; low, inferior, base; south, southern; (am), n. a reply which is coherent or evasive and therefore held to be no answer; (ās), m. pl. a class of gods among the Jainas. — yoga-tantra, n. title of the last of the four Bauddhatantras. Anuttarôpapātika, ās, m. pl. a class of gods, Jain. Anuttarôpapātika-dasā, ās, f. pl. title of the ninth anga of the Jainas treating of those gods.

अनुत्रान an-uttāna, mfn. lying with the face towards the ground; not supine; not flat, Suir.

अनुत्यान an-utthāna, am, n. (√sthā), the not rising, want of exertion or of energy, Rājat.

An-utthita, mfn. not risen, not grown up (as grain).

urfila an-utpatti, is, f. failure, non-production; (mfn.), not (yet) produced, Buddh. — sama, as, ā, m. f. (in Nyāya phil.) arguing against a thing by trying to show that nothing exists from which it could spring.

Anutpattika-dharma-kshānti, is, f. acquiescence in the state which is still future, preparation

for a future state, Buddh.

An-utpanna, mfn. unborn, unproduced; uneffected, unaccomplished.

An-utpāda, as, m. non-production, not coming into existence; not taking effect. - kshānti, f. acquiescence in not having to undergo another birth.

An-utpādana, am, n. not producing, non-production.

An-utpadya, mfn. not to be created, eternal.

खनुत्सन्न án-utsanna, mfn. not lost, SBr. vii.

want of effort; want of energy or determination; listlessness; (mfn.), deficient in determination. — tā, f. want of determination, Sāh.

सनुत्मुक an-utsuka, mfn. not eager, calm, retiring; moderate. — tā, f. moderateness, Vikr.

अनुत्सूत an-utsūtra, mfn. not anomalous.

अनुत्सेक an-utseka, as, m. absence of arrogance or highmindedness.

An-utsekin, mfn. not arrogant or puffed up, Šāk. \mathbf{an} -utsekin, mfn. not arrogant or puffed up, Šāk. \mathbf{an} -udaká, mf (\dot{a}) n. waterless, RV. vii, 50, 4, &c.; (am), ind. without touching water, KātyŠr.; without adding water, ib.

सनुद्रम् an-udagra, mfn. not lofty, low; not projecting.

अनुद्धि anu-daṇḍi, is, f. back-bone, MBh. अनुद्य an-udaya, as, m. non-rising, the

not rising (of a luminary).

1. A'n-udita, mfn. not risen, not appeared.

खनुदर an-udara, mf(ā)n. (see 3. a) thin, lank, Pat.

सनुदद्द anu-\dah, to burn up, RV. &c.; to take fire (aor. Subj. 2. sg.-dakshi[!for dhakshi]), RV. ii, I, 10; to be consumed by fire subsequently after (acc.), MBh. xii, 8107.

सनुदा anu- 1. dā (Pass. -dāyi) to permit, restore, RV.; to give way, yield, RV.; AV.; to remit, AV.; to pay one out (?), MBh. vii, 9499.

Anu-da. See anānudá.

Anu-datta, mfn. granted, remitted, given back, Pān. vii, 4, 47, Comm.

Anu-déyā, am, n. a present, RV. vi, 20, 11; (anu-déyī), f. a bride's maid (Gmn. & Sāy.), RV. x, 85, 6; 135, 5 & 6; ['gift,' NBD.]

अनुदात an-udātta, mfn. not raised, not elevated, not pronounced with the Udatta accent, grave; accentless, having the neutral general tone neither high nor low (i. e. both the grave or nonelevated accent explained by Pānini as sannatara, q. v.—which immediately precedes the Udātta, and also the general accentless, neutral tone, neither high nor low, explained as eka-sruti); having the one monotonous ordinary intonation which belongs to the generality of syllables in a sentence; (as), m. one of the three accents to be observed in reading the Vedas, the grave accent. - tara, m. 'more than Anudātta, still lower in sound than Anudātta,' i. e. the very Anudatta accent (or a syllable having this accent which immediately precedes a syllable having the Udatta or Svarita accent, and is therefore more depressed than the ordinary Anudatta, Pan. i, 2, 31, Sch.), Pān. i, 2, 40, Sch. Anudāttadi, n. (in Gr.) a nominal base of which the first syllable is Anudātta. Anudāttêt, m. a verbal root having for its Anubandha the Anudatta accent to indicate that it takes the Atmane-pada terminations only; also anudāttôpadeša. Anudāttôdaya, n. a syllable immediately preceding the Anudatta accent.

अनुदार 1. an-udāra, mfn. niggardly, mean.

अनुदार 2. anu-dāra, mfn. adhered to or followed by a wife.

ञ्चनुदिग्ध anu-digdha, mfn.(√dih), covered (ifc.), Car.

अनुदित 2. án-udita, mfn. unsaid, unuttered; unutterable, blamable (cf. a-vadyá), RV. x, 95, 1; AV. v, 1, 2 (see 1. án-udita s. v. an-udaya).

अनुदिनम् anu-dinam, ind. every day.

सन्दिवसम् anu-divasam, ind. id.

सनुद्धि anu-\dis, to point out for, assign.
Anu-disam, ind. in every quarter.

Anu-desa, as, m. a rule or injunction pointing back to a previous rule; reference to something prior.

Anu-desin, mfn. pointing back, referring back; being the object of an Anudesa; residing at the same place, AsvGr.

अनुदुष् anu-√dush, to become demoralized as a result of, MBh. v, 4543.

अनुद्भ anu-√dribh, to make into bundles or chains, KaushBr.

No. 20, 7) to survey, behold; to keep in view or in mind, to foresee: Caus. P. -daršayati, to show, tell, teach: Pass. -drišyate (also perf. Ā. -dadriše, RV. viii, I, 34), to become or be visible.

Anu-darsana, am, n. consideration, regard.
Anu-darsin, mfn. considering, foreseeing.

Anu-drishți, is, f., N. of the ancestress of Anu-drishțineya, (gana subhrâdi and kalyāny-ādi.)
Anu-drashţavya, mfn. to be observed, visible.

सनुद् anu-\dri, Pass. -diryate, to break through after (another); to be scattered or confused in consequence of the confusion of others.

अनुदेहम् anu-deham, ind. behind the body, Sis. ix, 73-

सनुदैध्ये anu-dairghya, mfn. longitudinal.

सनुद्धीर्थ an-udgirna, mfn. not vomited forth, not disdained; not spurned.

अनुडत án-uddhata, mfn. (\sqrt{han}), not lifted up, humble; unsurpassed; unopposed; (as), m. not a high place, TBr.

सनुद्वरण an-uddharana, am, n. (√hri), non-removal; not offering, not establishing or proving.

An-uddhāra, as, m. non-partition, not taking a share; non-removal.

A'n-uddhṛita, mfn. non-removed, not taken away; uninjured, undestroyed; unoffered; undivided, unpartitioned; unestablished, unproved. An-uddhṛitâbhyastamaya, m. sunset (abhy-astamaya) taking place whilst the Āhavanīya fire continues unremoved from the Gārhapatya, KātyŚr.

अनुद्रट an-udbhaṭa, mfn. not exalted, un-assuming.

अनुद्ध an-udya, mfn. unutterable, Pāņ. iii, 1, 101, Sch.

An-udyamāna, mfn. not being spoken, ŠBr.

सनुद्यत an-udyata, mfn. (√yam), inactive, idle, destitute of perseverance.

भनुद्धत anu-dyūta, am, n. continuation of the play at dice, N. of the chapters 70-79 in the second book of the MBh.

अनुद्याग an-udyoga, as, m. absence of exertion or effort, inactivity, laziness.

An-udyogin, mfn. inactive, lazy, indifferent.

अनुद्ध an-udrá, mfn. waterless, RV. x, 115, 6.

अनुद्ध anu- 12. dru, to run after, follow; to accompany; to pursue; to run over in reciting, AitBr.

Anu-druta, mfn. followed, pursued; having followed or pursued; accompanied; (am), n. a measure of time in music (half a Druta, or one-fourth of a Mātrā or of the time taken to articulate a short vowel).

सनुद्राह an-udvāha, as, m. non-marriage, celibacy.

अनुद्धिन an-udvigna, mfn. free from apprehension or perplexity, easy in mind, Mricch. &c.

An-udvega, mfn. free from anxiety; (as), m. freedom from uneasiness. - kara, mfn. not causing apprehension, not overawing.

अनुहिष् anu-√dvish, to wreak one's anger upon, BhP.

सन्धन्व anu-\dhanv (perf. A. 3. sg. -da-dhanvé) to run near, RV. ii, 5, 3.

अनुधम् anu-√dham (3. pl. dhámanty ánu) to sprinkle over, RV. viii, 7, 16.

अनुधा anu-√dhā, to add in placing upon, Lāṭy.; to stimulate to, RV. vi, 36, 2; to concede, allow, (Pass. aor. -dhāyi) RV. vi, 20, 2.

अनुधाव 1. anu-√1. dhāv, to run after, run up to; to follow; to pursue.

I. Anu-dhāvana, am, n. chasing, pursuing, running after; close pursuit of any object, going after a mistress.

Anu-dhāvita, mfn. pursued, run after (literally or figuratively).

सन्धाव् 2. anu-√2. dhāv, to cleanse.

2. Anu-dhāvana, am, n. cleansing, purification

सनुधी anu- \dhī (p. Ā. -dīdhyāna; impf. P. 3. pl. -dīdhiyuh) to think of, RV. iii, 4, 7 & x, 40, 10; AV.

सनुधूपितánu-dhūpita,mfn.(\dhūp),puffed up, proud, RV. ii, 30, 10.

अनुधं anu-\dhe, Caus. -dhāpayati, to cause to suck, to put to the breast, SBr. xiv.

सनुध्ये anu- / dhyai, to consider attentively, think of, muse; to miss, Kāth.; to bear a grudge, TS.

Anu-dhyāna, f. sorrow, AV. vii, 114, 2.

Anu-dhyāna, am, n. meditation, religious contemplation, solicitude.

Anu-dhyāyín, mfn. contemplating, meditating; missing, MaitrS.

अनुध्वंस anu-√dhvans, A. (perf.-dadhvasé) to fall or drop upon, TS.

अनुनद anu-√nad, to sound towards (acc.): Caus. P. -nādayati, to make resonant or musical.

Anu-nāda, as, m. sound, vibration, Šiš.; reverberation, echo.

Anu-nādita, mfn. made to resound.
Anu-nādin, mfn. resounding, echoing, resonant.

अनुनन्द् anu-√nand, to enjoy.