अनुलाप anu-lāpa, as, m. (√lap), repetition of what has been said, tautology.

अनुलास anu-lāsa or -lāsya, as, m. a pea-cock.

अनुतिलप anu-√lip, P. to anoint, besmear; Ā. to anoint one's self after (bathing): Caus. -lepa-yati, to cause to be anointed.

Anu-lipta, mfn. smeared, anointed. Anuliptânga, mfn. having the limbs anointed.

Anu-lepa, as, m. unction, anointing, bedaubing.
Anu-lepaka, mfn. anointing the body with unguents, L.; (ikā), f. (gaņa mahishy-ādi, q.v.)

Anu-lepana, am, n. anointing the body; unguent so used; oily or emollient application.

अनुली anu-√lī, to disappear after, BhP. अनुल्भ anu-√lubh, Caus. -lobhayati, to

long for, desire, R.

अनुलोम anu-loma, mf(ā)n. with the hair or grain' (opposed to prati-loma, q.v.), in a natural direction, in order, regular, successive; conformable; (\tilde{a}) , f. a woman of a lower caste than that of the man's with whom she is connected, Yājñ.; (ās), m. 'descendants of an anuloma,' mixed castes, (gana upakādi, q.v.); (ám), ind. in regular order, SBr. &c. - kalpa, m. the thirty-fourth of the Atharvaparisishtas. - krishta, mfn. ploughed in the regular direction (with the grain). -ja, mfn. offspring of a mother inferior in caste to the father Mn.; Yājñ.], (as the Mūrdhāvasikta of a Brāhman father and Kshatriya mother, and so on with the Ambashtha Nishāda or Pārašava, Māhishya, Ugra, Karana.) - parinītā, f. married in regular gradation. Anulomâya, mfn. having fortune favourable. Anulomartha, mfn. one who holds favourable views on any question.

Anu-lomana, am, n. due regulation, sending or putting in the right direction, Suir.; carrying off

by the right channels, purging, Susr.

Anu-lomaya, Nom. P. anu-lomayati, to stroke or rub with the hair, Pān. iii, I, 25, Sch.; to send in the right direction or so as to carry off by the right channels, Suir.

सनुस्वण an-ulbaná, mf(ā)n. not excessive, not prominent, keeping the regular measure, RV.&c.

अनुवंश anu-vansa, as, m. a genealogical list or table; collateral branch of a family, Hariv.; (am), ind. according to race or family; $(mf(\bar{a})n.)$, of a corresponding family, of equal birth.

Anuvanisya, mfn. relating to a genealogical list.

अनुवक्र anu-vakra, mfn. somewhat crooked or oblique. — ga, mfn. having a somewhat oblique course (as a planet, &c.), Suir.

inviting to the sacrificial ceremony; to repeat, reiterate, recite; to communicate; to study: Caus. -vācayati, to cause to recite the inviting formulas, to cause to invite for some sacrificial act, KātyŚr.

Anu-vaktávya, mfn. to be repeated, SBr. Anu-vaktri, mfn. speaking after; replying.

Anu-vácana, am, n. speaking after, repetition, reciting, reading; lecture; a chapter, a section; recitation of certain texts in conformity with injunctions (prâlsha) spoken by other priests.

Anu-vacaniya, mfn. referring to the anuva-

cana, (gana anupravacanâdi, q.v.)

Anu-vāká, as, m. saying after, reciting, repeating, reading; a chapter of the Vedas, a subdivision or section. — sankhyā, f. the fourth of the eighteen Parisishtas of the Yajur-veda. Anuvākā-nukramanī, f. a work referring to the Rig-veda, attributed to Saunaka.

Anu-vākyà, mfn. to be recited, TBr.; to be repeated, reiterated, Gobh.; (à), f. the verse to be recited by the Hotri or Maitrāvaruņa priest, in which the god is invoked to partake of the offering intended for him, SBr. Anuvākyà-vat [SBr.] or anuvākyā-vat [ĀsvSr.], mfn. furnished or accompanied with an Anuvākyā.

Anu-vác, k, f = anu-vākyà, $\dot{S}Br$.; AitBr.

Anu-vācana, am, n. the act of causing the Hotri to recite the passages of the Rig-veda in obedience to the injunction (praisha) of the Adhvaryu priest, KātyŚr. — praisha, m. an injunction to recite as above, KātyŚr.

Anûkta, &c. See s.v., p. 42.

अनुवासर anu-vatsará, as, m. the fourth year in the Vedic cycle of five years, TBr. &c.; a year, L.; (am), ind. every year, yearly.

Anuvatsarina [TBr. &c.] or anuvatsariya [MānŚr.], mfn. referring to the anuvatsará.

भनुबद anu-\vad, P. (with acc.) to repeat the words of; to imitate (in speaking); to resound; to repeat, insist upon; (according to Pāṇ. i, 3, 49, also Ā. if without object or followed by a Gen.) Pass. (anûdyate) to be expressed correspondingly; cf. anûdita s. v.

Anu-vāda, as, m. saying after or again, repeating by way of explanation, explanatory repetition or reiteration with corroboration or illustration, explanatory reference to anything already said; translation; a passage of the Brāhmaṇas which explains or illustrates a rule (vidhi) previously propounded (such a passage is sometimes called anuvāda-vacana); confirmation, Nir.; slander, reviling, L.

Anu-vādaka or anu-vādin, mfn. repeating with comment and explanation, corroborative, concurrent, conformable, in harmony with; (the masculine of the last is also the name of any one of the three notes of the gamut.)

Anu-vādita, mfn. translated.

Anu-vādya, mfn. to be explained by an anuvāda, to be made the subject of one; (am), n. the subject of a predicate. — tva, n. the state of requiring to be explained by an anuvāda.

Anûdita. See s. v.

अनुवनम् anu-vanam, ind. along side of a wood, Kir.; (cf. Pān. ii, 1, 15.)

अनुवप anu-12. vap, P. to scatter over, Nir.; A. to scatter as dust, AV.: Pass. ánu upyáte, to be scattered as dust, RV. i, 176, 2.

अनुवर्ण anu-\varn, to mention, describe, recount; to praise.

अनुवर्तन anu-vartana, &c. See anu-√vrit.

अनुवश anu-vasa, as, m. obedience to the will of; (mfn.), obedient to the will of.

अनुवषद्ध anu-vashaṭ-kṛi (√1.kṛi), -karoti (Pot. -kuryāt) to make a secondary exclamation of vashat, SBr.; AitBr.; KaushBr.; SāṅkhSr.

Anu-vashatkāra, as, m. or -váshatkrita, am, n. a secondary exclamation of vashat.

अनुवस् 1. anu-√4. vas, to clothe, cover, RV. vi, 75, 18; AV. &c.

Anu-vasita, mfn. dressed up, wrapped.

अनुवस् 2. anu- √5. vas, to settle after another (acc.); to dwell near to; to inhabit along with: Caus.-vāsayati, to leave (the calf) with (the cow), TBr. Anu-vāsin, mfn. residing, resident.

अनुवह anu-√vah, to convey or carry along; to take after, Comm. on Mn. iii, 7.

Anu-vaha, as, m. 'bearing after,' one of the seven tongues of fire.

अनुवा 1. anu-√vā, cl. 2. P. -vāti, to blow upon, blow along or after, RV. &c.

2. Anu-vā, f. blowing after, TS.; (cf. anvā.)
Anu-vāte, ind. with the wind blowing in the same direction, to windward, Mn. ii, 203.

अनुवाक anu-vāká. See anu-√vac.

अनुवारम् anu-vāram, ind. time after time.

अनुवाश्वाण anu-√vās, to roar in reply to (acc.), VarBṛS.

अनुवास anu-√vās, to perfume.

Anu-vāsa, as, m. perfuming (especially the clothes); an oily enema; administering oily enemata.

Anu-vāsana, am, n. id.

Anu-vāsita, mfn scented, perfumed, fumigated; prepared or administered as an enema.

Anu-vāsya or -vāsanīya, mfn. to be scented or fumigated; requiring an enema.

अनुविकस् anu-vi-√kas, to blow, expand, as a flower.

अनुविकाश्वाग्ध anu-vi-√kās, Intens. -cākasīti, to penetrate with one's vision, AV.

अनुविक anu-vi-√1. kṛi, to shape after, sBr.

अनुविक् anu-vi-√1. krī, to bestrew, SBr.; to scatter separately, ĀpŚr.

अनुविक्रम् anu-vi-√kram, Ā. to step or walk after, follow, AV. &c.

अनुविचर anu-vi-√car, to walk or pass through, RV. vi, 28, 4; to walk up to, RV. viii, 32, 19.

अनुविचल anu-vi-√cal, to follow in changing place, AV.

अनुविचिन anu-vi-√cint, to recal to mind, Buddh.; to meditate upon, ib.

अनुवितन anu-vi-√tan, to extend all along or all over, SBr.

अनुविद् 1. anu-√1.vid, cl. 2. P., Ved.-vetti, to know thoroughly, RV. &c.

अनुविद् 2. anu-√3. vid, cl. 6. P. A. -vin-dati, °te, to find, obtain, discover, RV. &c.; to marry, MBh.; to deem, Gīt.

Anu-vitta, mfn. found, obtained, at hand, SBr. xiv, &c.

Anu-vitti, is, f. finding, SBr.

Anu-vidvás, mfn. perf. p. having found, AV.

अनुविधा anu-vi- \dhā, to assign to in order; to regulate, lay down a rule: Pass. -dhīyate, to be trained to follow rules; to yield or conform to (gen.)

Anu-vidhātavya, mfn. to be performed according to an order.

Anu-vidhāna, am, n. acting conformably to order, obedience.

Anu-vidhāyin, mfn. conforming to, compliant; imitating, Šiš. vi, 23.

सनुविधाव anu-vi- 1. dhāv, to flow or run along (acc. or loc.), Kāṭh.; KaṭhUp.; to flow through, RV. viii, 17, 5.

अनुविनद् anu-vi- √nad, Caus. P. -nādayati, to make resonant or musical.

अनुविनद्दे anu-vi-√nard, to answer with roars, Hariv.

अनुविनश् anu-vi-√2. nas, to disappear, perish, vanish after or with another (acc.), AV. &c.
Anu-vi-nāsa, as, m. perishing after.

अनुविनि:सृ anu-vi-niḥ-√sri, to go or come out in order, MārkP.

अनुविन्द anu-vinda, as, m., N. of a king of Oujein.

अनुविषश् anu-vi-√pas, -ví-pasyati, to look at, view, SBr.; PBr.

अनुविभू anu-vi-√bhū, to equal, correspond to, SBr.

अनुविम्श् anu-vi-√mṛis, to consider, Das. अनुविराज anu-vi-√rāj, to be bright after

or along, RV. v, 81, 2.

अनुविली anu-vi- \li, to dissolve (as salt in water), SBr. xiv.

अनुविवा anu-vi-√vā, to blow while passing through, TBr.

अनुविविश anu-vi-√vis, to settle along separately, TS.

अनुविवृत anu-vi-√vrit, to run along, RV. viii, 103, 2: Caus. A. -vartayate, to follow hastily,

अनुविश् anu-√vis, to enter after; to enter; to follow.

Anu-vesa, as, m. or -vesana, am, n. entering after, following.

सनुविश्व anu-visva, ās, m. pl., N. of a people in the north-east, VarBrS.

अनुविषस anu-vi-shanna, mfn. (√sad), fixed upon, ChUp.

अनुविष्य anu-vi-shic (√sic), to pour in addition to (acc.), AV.