Anyonya or anyo-'nya (said to be fr. anyas, nom. sing. m., and anya; cf. paraspara; in most cases the first anya may be regarded as the subject of the sentence, while the latter assumes the acc., inst., gen., or loc. cases as required by the verb; but there are many instances in which the first anya, originally a nominative, is equivalent to an oblique case); one another, mutual; (am), or -tas, ind. mutually. - kalaha, m. mutual quarrel. - ghāta, m. mutual conflict, killing one another. - pakshanayana, n. transposing (of numbers) from one side to another. - bheda, m. mutual division or enmity. -mithuna, n. mutual union; (as), m. united mutually. - vibhaga, m. mutual partition (of an inheritance). - vritti, m. mutual effect of one upon another. - vyatikara, m. reciprocal action, relation or influence. - samsraya, m. reciprocal relation (of cause and effect). - sapeksha, mfn. mutually relating. - hārâbhihata, mfn. (two quantities) mutually multiplied by their denominators. Anyonyâpahrita, mfn. taken or secreted from one another, taken secretly. Anyonyâbhāva, m. mutual non-existence, mutual negation, relative difference. Anyonyâsraya, m. mutual or reciprocal support or connection or dependance; mutually depending. Anyonyasrita, mfn. mutually supported or depending. Anyonyôkti, f. conversation.

अन्यङ्ग a-nyanga, mfn. 'spotless,' in comp. with -sveta, mfn. white and without spot (as a sacrificial animal), AitBr.

अन्यतस् anyá-tas, &c. See s.v. 2. anyá. Anyá-thā, anya-dā, &c. See ib.

अन्या $\acute{a}ny\bar{a}$ (3), f. inexhaustible (as the milk of a cow), RV. viii, 1, 10 & 27, 11; SV.

अन्याय a-nyāya, as, m. unjust or unlawful action; impropriety, indecorum; irregularity, disorder. — vartin or -vritta, mfn. acting unjustly; following evil courses.

A-nyāyin or **a-nyāyya**, mfn. unjust, improper, indecorous, unbecoming.

ষান্দ্র \acute{a} -ny \ddot{u} na, mf(\ddot{a})n. not defective, not less than (with abl.); entire, complete. **A-nyū-nâtirikta** [SBr.] or **a-nyūnâdhika**, mfn. not too little and not too much; neither deficient nor excessive.

स्रन्योकस् á-ny-okas, mfn. not remaining in one's habitation (okas), AV.

মনবস্ত anv-aksha, mfn. (fr. 4. aksha), following, L.; (am), ind. afterwards, immediately after, R. &c., cf. gaṇa sarad-ādi.

अन्यक्षरसन्धि anv-akshara-sandhi, is, m. a kind of Sandhi in the Vedas, RPrāt.

अन्वक्रम् anv-angám, ind. after every member or part, SBr.

श्रान्य anváñc, an, $\bar{u}ci$ and $\dot{u}c\bar{\imath}$, ak (\sqrt{anc}), following the direction of another, going after, following; lying lengthwise; ($an\bar{u}ci$), loc. ind. in the rear, behind; (ak), ind. afterwards; behind (with acc.) Anvag-bhāvam, ind. afterwards, L.; friendly disposed, Pāṇ. iii, 4, 64. Anvag-bhūya, ind. becoming friendly disposed, ib.

श्रम्बझ् anv-√añj, to anoint, SBr.; Kaus. सम्बतिसच् anv-ati-√sic, to pour out over or along, TBr.

स्रन्वती anv-ati (\sqrt{i}), cl. 2. P. -atyeti, to pass over to, follow, SBr.

स्विधिह् $anv-adhi-\sqrt{ruh}$, to ascend after another, Laty.

अन्वध्यस् anv-adhy-√2. as, to throw upon after another, MānŚr.

अन्वध्यायम् anv-adhyāyam, ind. according to the chapters (of the Veda), according to the sacred texts, Nir.

अन्वपक्रम् anv-upa-√kram, to run away after another, TBr.

सन्द्रिभिष्य anv-abhi-shic (\sqrt{sic}), \bar{A} . -siñ-cate, to have one's self anointed by another (with acc.), MBh. xii, 2803 (both editions).

खन्त्रय anv-aya, as, m. (\sqrt{i} , see anv- \sqrt{i}),

following, succession; connection, association, being linked to or concerned with; the natural order or connection of words in a sentence, syntax, construing; logical connection of words; logical connection of cause and effect, or proposition and conclusion; drift, tenor, purport; descendants, race, lineage, family. -jña, m. a genealogist. -vat, mfn. having a connection (as a consequence), following, agreeing with; belonging to race or family; (vat), ind. in connection with, in the sight of, Mn. viii, 332. - vyatireka, n. agreement and contrariety; a positive and negative proposition; species and difference; rule and exception; logical connection and disconnection. - vyatirekin, mfn. (in phil.) affirmative and negative. - vyāpti, f. an affirmative argument.

Anvayin, mfn. connected (as a consequence); belonging to the same family, Rājat. Anvayi-tva, n. the state of being a necessary consequence.

अन्वर्च anv-√arc, to horour with shouts or songs of jubilee, RV. v, 29, 2.

अन्वर्जे anv-√arj, to let go, SBr.

सन्वर्ते anvart (according to NBD.) shortened for anu-vart (\sqrt{vrit}), to go after, demand (a girl in marriage), AV. xiv, 1, 56. For the abbreviation, cf. anvā, apvā, a-bhva.

Anvartitrí for anu-vartitrí, tā, m. a wooer, RV. x, 109, 2.

the meaning, agreeing with the true meaning, Ragh. iv, 12; having the meaning obvious, intelligible, clear. — grahana, n. the literal acceptation of the meaning of a word (as opposed to the conventional). — samjñā, f. a term whose meaning is intelligible in itself (opposed to such technical terms as bha, ghu, &c.)

स्वव् $anv-\sqrt{av}$, to encourage, RV. viii, 7, 24.

स्न-विवक् anv-ava-√1. kṛi, to despise, refuse, MaitrS.

अन्त्रवक् $anv-ava-\sqrt{1.} kr\overline{i}$, to scatter or strew about (with instr.), Yājñ.

Anv-avakirana, am, n. scattering about successively, L.

अन्वक्रम् anv-ava-√kram, to descend or enter in succession, SBr. xiv.

सन्ववगा anv-ava, $\sqrt{1.g\bar{a}}$, to go and join another, SBr.

सन्दवस् $anv-ava-\sqrt{car}$, to insinuate one's self into, enter stealthily, TS. &c.

Anv-avacāra, as, m. See án-anvavacāra.

सन्वया anv-ava- $\sqrt{dh\bar{a}}$, to place into successively, $\bar{A}p\dot{S}r$.

अन्ववपा anv-ava-√1. pā, Ved. Inf. -pātoḥ, to drink after others, ŠāńkhBr.

अन्ववसु anv-ava-√plu, -plavate, to dive after, TBr.

अन्ववम्श् anv-ava-√mṛis, to touch or come in contact with or along, Gobh.

सन्वरह $anv-ava-\sqrt{ruh}$, to ascend or enter upon after another, MBh.

अन्ववलुप anv-ava-√lup, Pass. -lupyate, to drop off after another, PBr.

अन्ववसृज anv-ava-√srii, to let go along or towards, TS.: TBr.

Anv-avasarga, as, m. letting down, slackening, TPrāt.; Pat.; permission to do as one likes, Pān. i, 4, 96.

सन्वसो anv-ava- \sqrt{so} , -syati, to adhere to, cling to, TBr. &c.; to long for, desire, SBr. &c.

Anv-ava-sāyín, mfn. adhering to, depending on (gen.), TS.; SBr.

Anv-ava-sita, mfn. seized by, SankhBr.

अन्ववस्था anv-ava-√sthā, to descend after another. SBr.

अन्ववस् anv-ava-√sru, Caus. -srāvayati, to cause to flow down upon or along, TS.; TBr.; ŚBr.

अन्ववहन् anv-ava-√han, to throw down by striking, ŠBr.

अन्ववह anv-ava-√hri, to lower (the shoulder), ŠānkhGṛ.

अन्ववार्ज anv-avarj (\sqrt{arj}), to cause to go after or in a particular direction, SBr.; to afflict with (instr.), AitUp.

ञ्चन्वास् $anv-av\hat{a}s$ ($\sqrt{2}$. as), to place upon (dat.), TS.

सन्ववे anv- $av\vec{e}$ (\sqrt{i}), cl. 2. P. -avaiti, to follow, walk up to or get into.

Anv-avāya, as, m. race, lineage, MBh. Anv-avāyana, am, n. See án-anvavāyana.

स्विचे स्व $anv-av\hat{e}ksh$ ($\sqrt{i}ksh$), to look at, inspect.

Anv-avekshā, f. regard, consideration.

सन्दश् $anv-\sqrt{1}$. $a\dot{s}$, cl. 5. P. \ddot{A} . - $a\dot{s}noti$, -nute, to reach, come up to, equal, RV.; AV.

প্রান্থ anv-ashṭakā, f. the ninth day in the latter half of the three (or four) months following the full moon in Agrahāyaṇa, Pausha, Māgha (& Phālguna), Mn. iv, 150.

Anvashṭakya, am, n. a Śrāddha or funeral ceremony performed on the Anvashṭakās.

अन्त्रस् anv-√1. as, to be near, Lāṭy.; to be at hand, RV.; AitBr.; to reach, RV.

श्चन्यस्त $\acute{a}nv$ -asta, mfn. ($\sqrt{2.as}$), shot along, shot; interwoven (as in silk), chequered, $\dot{S}Br$.

अन्बह् $anv-\sqrt{ah}$, perf. $-\bar{a}ha$, to pronounce (especially a ceremonial formula, SBr. &c.)

अन्वहम् anv-ahám, ind. day after day, every day.

স্থাৰা anvā (for 2. anu-vā, q. v.), blowing after, TāṇḍyaBr.; GopBr.

সানবাক $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{1.}$ kri, to give to any one to take with him, to give a portion to a daughter, SānkhBr.

Anv-ā-kṛiti, is, f. shaping after, imitation, SānkhGr.

श्रन्याक्रम् $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{kram}$, $\bar{\Lambda}$. to ascend towards or to, TS.: P. to visit in succession, BhP.

अन्वाक्शायम् $anv-\bar{a}-ks\dot{a}yam$, ind. $(ks\bar{a}$ for $khy\bar{a}$), reciting successively, MaitrS.

अन्वाख्या anv-ā- \(\lambda \text{hya}, \text{to enumerate, Lāty.} \)
Anv-ākhyāna, am, n. an explanation keeping close to the text, SBr.; a minute account or statement. Pat.

স্থান্দ্ $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{gam}$, to follow, come after, VS.; ŠBr. &c.: Desid. -jigānsati, to wish or intend to follow, ŠBr.

स्रान्यामा anv- \bar{a} - $\sqrt{1}$. $g\bar{a}$, to follow, RV. i, 126, 3.

अन्वाचक्ष $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{caksh}$, to name after, SBr.

स्वाचम् $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{cam}$, to follow in rinsing the mouth, \bar{A} svGr.

अन्वाचय anv- $\bar{a}caya$, as, m. (\sqrt{ci}), laying down a rule of secondary importance (after that which is $pradh\bar{a}na$ or primary); connecting of a secondary action with the main action (e.g. the conjunction ca is sometimes used $anv\bar{a}caye$). — sish-ta, mfn. propounded as a rule or matter of secon-

dary importance.

Anv-ācita, mfn. secondary, inferior.

জালাবা $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{car}$, to follow or imitate in doing, BhP.

अन्याज $anv\bar{a}je$ ($\sqrt{a}j$?), only used in connection with $\sqrt{1.kri}$, e.g. $anv\bar{a}je$ kri, to support, aid, assist, $P\bar{a}n$, i, 4, 73.

सन्दातन् $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{tan}$, to extend, spread, RV. viii, 48, 13, &c.; to overspread, extend over, VS.

श्रन्वादा $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{1}$. $d\bar{a}$, \bar{A} . to resume, $\dot{S}Br$.