सन्वादिश anv-ā-√dis, to name or mention afresh, Pāṇ.

Anv-ādishţa, mfn. mentioned again, referring

to a previous rule, Pān. vi, 2, 190.

Anv-ādeša, as, m. mentioning after, a repeated mention, referring to what has been stated previously, re-employment of the same word in a subsequent part of a sentence, the employment again of the same thing to perform a subsequent operation.

Anv-ādesaka, mfn. referring to a previous statement, TPrāt.

धन्याधा $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{dh\bar{a}}$, to add in placing upon, place upon: \bar{A} . & P. to add fuel (to the fire), AitBr. &c.; to deliver over to a third person (in law).

Anv-ādhāna, am, n. adding or putting fuel (on

the three sacred fires); depositing.

1. Anv-ādhi, is, m. a bail or deposit given to any one for being delivered to a third person, Gaut.

Anv-ādheya or -ādheyaka, am, n. property presented after marriage to the wife by her husband's family, Mn. &c.

Anv-āhita, mfn. deposited with a person to be delivered ultimately to the right owner.

अन्वाधाव् anv-ā-√1.dhāv, torun after, Kāth.

अन्वाधी anv-ā-√dhī, to recollect, remember, think of, AV.; TĀr.

2. Anv-ādhi, is, m. repentance, remorse, L. Anv-ādhyá, ās, m. pl. a kind of divinity, SBr.

सन्वानी $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{n\bar{\imath}}$, to lead to or along.

अन्वानु $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{nu}$, Intens. -nónaviti, to sound through, RV. x, 68, 12.

सन्वान्त्र्य ánv-āntrya, mfn. being in the entrails, AV.

अन्ताप anv-√āp, to attain, reach, AitBr.: Desid. anv-īpsati, to harmonize in opinion, agree, VP.

अन्वाभज्ञ anv-ā-√bhaj, P. and Ā. to cause to take a share after or with another, SBr. &c.

Anv-ā-bhakta, mfn. entitled to take a share after or with another.

अन्वाभू $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{bh\bar{u}}$, to imitate, equal, TS. &c.

अन्वायत anv-ā-√yat, Caus. -yātayati, to dispose or add in regular sequence, bring into connection with (loc. or abl.), SBr. &c.

Anv-a-yatta, mfn. (with loc. or acc.) connected with, being in accordance with, being entitled to, TS. &c.

Anv-āyātya, mfn. to be brought in connection with, to be added, to be supplied, AsvSr.

अन्वायतन anv-āyatana, mfn. latitudinal.

touch from behind; to place one's self behind or at the side of, keep at the side of, AV. &c.: Caus.-rambha-yati, to place behind another (with loc.), TS.

Anv-ārábhya, mfn. to be touched from behind, SBr.

Anv-ārambhá, as, m. touching from behind, TBr.; KātyŚr.

Anv-ārambhaṇa, am, n. id., KātyŚr.

Anv-ārambhaṇīyā, f. an initiatory ceremony, KātyŚr.

अन्वाह् $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{ruh}$, to follow or join by ascending; to ascend: Caus. -rohayati, to place upon.

Anv-ārohá, ās, m. pl., N. of certain Japas uttered at the Soma-libations, TS.

Anv-ārohaṇa, am, n. (a widow's) ascending the funeral pile after or with the body of a husband, (gaṇa anupravacanâdi, q. v.)

Anv-ārohanīya, mfn. belonging to the Anv-ārohana, or rite of cremation, ibid.

खन्तालभ $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{labh}$, to lay hold of, grasp, handle, take in the hand or with the hand, RV. x, 130, 7, &c.

Anv-ālabhana or anv-ālambhana, am, n. a handle (?), MBh. iii, 17156.

अन्वालोच् anv-ā-√loc, Caus. -locayaii, to consider attentively.

अन्वावप anv-ā- 12. vap, 'to scatter in addition,' to add, Kaus.

अन्वावह $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{vah}$, to convey to or in the proximity of, RV. x, 29, 2.

अन्वाविश anv-ā-√viš, to enter, occupy, possess; to follow, act according to, ChUp. &c.

RV. v, 62, 2; to revolve or move after, follow, VS. &c.: Intens. -varīvartti (impf. 3. pl. ánv ávarīvuh for vrituh), to drive or move after or along, RV. x, 51, 6; TS.

सन्वाभो $anv-\bar{a}-\sqrt{\dot{s}\bar{\imath}}$, to lie along, be extended over, AV.

अन्वाध्रित anv-ā-srita, mfn. (√sri), one who has gone along; placed or situated along.

quently; to be seated at or near or round (with acc.); to live in the proximity of (with gen.), Heat.; to be engaged in (especially in a religious act).

Anv-āsana, am, n. sitting down after (another); service; regret, affliction, L.; a place where work is done, manufactory, house of industry, L.; an unctuous or cooling enema, L.

Anv-āsīna, mfn. sitting down after, seated alongside of.

Anv-āsyamāna, mfn. being accompanied by, attended by.

अन्वास्था anv-ā-√sthā, to go towards, to meet, attain, VS. &c.

अन्वाहित anv-ā-hita. See anv-ā-√dhā.

अन्वाह anv-ā-√hṛi, to make up, supply, SBr. &c.

Anv-ā-haraṇa, am, n. making up, supplying, Comm. on Lāṭy.

Anv-ā-hāra, as, m. id., Lāṭy.

Anv-āhāryà, as, m. a gift, consisting of food prepared with rice, presented to the Ritvij priest at the Daršapūrņamāsa ceremonies, TS. &c.; (am or abam) n the monthly Śrāddha (a. v.) held on the

the Darsapūrņamāsa ceremonies, TS. &c.; (am or akam), n. the monthly Śrāddha (q. v.) held on the day of new moon (according to Mn. iii, 123 it should be of meat eaten after the presentation of a Pinda or ball of rice). — pácana, m. the southern sacrificial fire, used in the Anvāhārya sacrifice, ŚBr. &c.

अन्वाद्धे anv-ā-√hve, to call to one's side in order or after another, Kauš.

Follow; to seek; to be guided by; to fall to one's share, RV. iv, 4, 11; Ved. Inf. ánv-etave, to reach or join [BR.], to imitate [Gmn.], RV. vii, 33, 8; ánv-etavaí, to go along (with acc.), RV. i, 24, 8; vii, 44, 5.

Anv-aya. See p. 46, col. I.

Anv-ita, mfn. gone along with; joined, attended, accompanied by, connected with, linked to; having as an essential or inherent part, endowed with, possessed of, possessing; acquired; reached by the mind, understood; following; connected as in grammar or construction. Anvitartha, mfn. having a clear meaning understood from the context, perspicuous.

Anv-iti, is, f. following after, VS.
Anv-iyamāna, mfn. being followed.

अन्विध् anv-√idh or anv-√indh, to kindle, AV.

desire, seek, seek after, search, aim at, AV. &c.: cl. 4. P. -ishyati, id., R. &c., Caus. -eshayati, id., Mricch. &c.

Anv-ishta or anv-ishyamāna, mfn. sought, required.

Anv-esha, as, m. [Sāk.] or anv-eshana, am, \bar{a} , n. f. seeking for, searching, investigating.

Anv-eshaka, mf(ikā)n. or anv-eshin or anv-eshtri [Pān. v, 2, 90, &c.], mfn. searching, inquiring.

Anv-eshtavya or anv-eshya, mfn. to be searched, to be investigated.

अन्तीक्ष anv-√iksh, to follow with one's looks, to keep looking or gazing, AV. &c.; to keep in view, SBr.

Anv-īkshana, am, n. or anv-īkshā, f. exa-

mining, inquiry, Comm. on Nyāyad.; meditation, BhP.

Anv-īkshitávya, mfn. to be kept in view or in mind, SBr.

स्वात anv-īta = anv-ita,q.v., Bālar.; Kir.

अन्वोपम् anv-īpám, ind. (fr. 2. ap), along the water, along the river, MaitrS.; cf. Pān. vi, 3, 98, Sch.

अन्तृ anv-√ri(cl.3. P.-iyarti), aor. Ā.-arta, to follow in rising, RV. v; 52, 6.

अन्व्चम् anv-ricám, ind. verse after verse, SBr.

सन्देन ánv-riju, mfn. moving straightforwards or in the right way (N. of Indra), MaitrS.

अन्य anv-\ridh, cl. 6. P. -ridháti, to carry out, accomplish, RV. vii, 87, 7.

सन्वे $anv-\hat{e}$ $(\bar{a}-\sqrt{i})$, cl. 2. P. -aiti, to come after, to follow as an adherent or attendant, RV. i, 161, 3, &c.

अन्त्रेतवे ánv-etave, &c. See anv-√i.

खप् 1. áp, n. (gen. apás), work (according to NBD.), RV. i, 151, 4.

अप 2. áp (in Ved. used in sing. and plur., but in the classical language only in plur., apas), f. water; air, the intermediate region, Naigh.; the star & Virginis; the Waters considered as divinities. Ifc. ap may become apa or īpa, ūpa after i- and ustems respectively. [Cf. Lat. aqua; Goth. ahva, 'a river;' Old Germ. aha, and affa at the end of compounds; Lith. uppê, 'a river;' perhaps Lat. amnis, 'a river,' for apnis; cf. also ἀφρός.] Apa-vat, mfn. watery, AV. xviii, 4, 24. Apah-samvarta, m. destruction (of the world) by water, Buddh. Apam-vatsa, m. 'calf of the waters,' N. of a star. Apām-nápāt [RV.; VS.] or apām-naptri [Pān. iv, 2, 27] or apam-garbha [VS.] or apo-naptri [Pān. iv, 2, 27], m. 'grandson of the waters,' N. of Agni or fire as sprung from water. Apamnaptriya [Pān. iv, 2, 27] or apām-naptrīya [Kāṭh.] or apo-naptriya [PBr.] or apo-naptriya [MaitrS.; TS.; AitBr. &c.], mfn. relating to Agni. Apām-nātha, m. the ocean, L. Apām-nidhi, m. the ocean, L.; N. of a Sāman. Apām-pati or ap-pati [Mn.], m. the ocean; N. of Varuna. Apam-pitta or ap-pitta, n. fire; a plant; L. Ap-kritsna, n. deep meditation performed by means of water, Buddh. Ap-cara, m. an aquatic animal, Mn. vii, 72. Ap-saras, see s. v.

Aptyá (3), mfn. watery, RV. i, 124, 5.

Apya (2,3), mf(ápyā; once ápī, RV. vi, 67,9)n. being in water, coming from water, connected with water, RV. (cf. 3. ápya).

Apsavá, apsavyà, apsa. See s. v.

Apsu, for words beginning thus, see s. v. apsu.
Ab-, for words beginning thus, see s. v. ab-indhana,
ab-ja, &c.

werbs, expresses) away, off, back (opposed to μρα, ánu, sam, pra); down (opposed to ud). — tarám, ind. farther off, MaitrS.

When prefixed to nouns, it may sometimes = the neg. particle a, e. g. $apa-bh\bar{i}$, fearless; or may express deterioration, inferiority, &c. (cf. $apa-p\bar{a}tha$).

(As a separable particle or adverb in Ved., with abl.) away from, on the outside of, without, with the exception of [cf. Gk. ἀπό; Lat. ab; Goth. af; Eng. of].

अपकर्ण apa-karuna, mfn. cruel.

अपकलङ्क apa-kalanka, as, m. a deep stain or mark of disgrace, L.

अपकल्मम apa-kalmasha, mf(ā)n. stainless, sinless.

अपकष् apa-√kash, to scrape off, AV.

अपकषाय apa-kashāya, mfn. sinless, MarkP.

अपकाम apa-kāmá, as, m. aversion, abhorrence, RV. vi, 75, 2; AV.; abominableness, AV.; (ám), ind. against one's liking, unwillingly, AV.