

अपास्यत्, mfn. discarding, throwing off, &c.
अपासङ्ग् apā-saṅga, as, m. ($\sqrt{sāñj}$)?, Kāth.; = upāsaṅga, L.

अपासि apāsi, mfn. having a bad or no sword.

अपासु apāsu, mfn. lifeless, Naish.

अपासु apā- $\sqrt{sṛī}$ (apa-ā-; or apā for apa, the ā standing in the antepenultimate of a śloka), to turn off from, avoid (with abl.), Yājñ. ii, 262.

अपासराणा, am, n. departing, L.

अपास्रिता, mfn. gone, departed, gone away, L.

अपास्या apā- $\sqrt{sthā}$, to go off towards, AitBr.; ŚāṅkhŚr. (v. l. upā- $\sqrt{sthā}$, q. v.)

अपाहन् apā- \sqrt{han} , to throw off or back, ShaḍvBr.

अपाहाय apā-hāya, ind. p. (fr. $\sqrt{3}$. hā with apa, the a being metrically lengthened), quitting, MBh.; disregarding, ib.; excepting, except, ib.

अपाहृ apā- $\sqrt{hṛī}$, Ā. to take off, ŠBr.

अपि ápi, or sometimes pi (see pi-dribh, pi-dhā, pi-nah), expresses placing near or over, uniting to, annexing, reaching to, proximity, &c. [cf. Gk. ἐπί; Zend api; Germ. and Eng. prefix be]; in later Sanskrit its place seems frequently supplied by abhi.

(As a separable adv.) and, also, moreover, besides, assuredly, surely; api api or api-ca, as well as; na vāpi or na apivā or na nacāpi, neither, nor; cāpi, (and at the beginning of a sentence) api-ca, moreover.

अपि is often used to express emphasis, in the sense of even, also, very; e.g. anyad api, also another, something more; adyāpi, this very day, even now; tathāpi, even thus, notwithstanding; yady api, even if, although; yadyāpi tathāpi, although, nevertheless; na kadācid api, never at any time: sometimes in the sense of but, only, at least, e.g. muhūrtam api, only a moment.

अपि may be affixed to an interrogative to make it indefinite, e.g. ko 'pi, any one; kutrāpi, anywhere.

अपि imparts to numerals the notion of totality, e.g. caturṇām api varṇānām, of all the four castes.

अपि may be interrogative at the beginning of a sentence.

अपि may strengthen the original force of the Potential, or may soften the Imperative, like the English 'be pleased to'; sometimes it is a mere expletive.

अपि तु, but, but yet.

अपि-त्वा, am, n. having part, share, AV.; ŠBr.; (cf. apa-pitvā). **अपि-त्विन्**, mfn. having part, sharing, ŠBr.

अपि-नामा (in the beginning of a phrase), perhaps, in all probability, I wish that, Mṛicch.; Śāk. &c.

अपि-वत्, mf(vati)n. See api- \sqrt{vat} .

अपि-कक्षा api-kakshá, as, m. the region of the arm-pits and shoulder-blades (especially in animals), RV. iv, 40, 4; x, 134, 7; Lāty.; N. of a man & (ās), m. pl. his descendants.

अपि-कक्ष्या (5), mfn. connected with the region of the arm-pits, RV. i, 117, 22.

अपि-कर्णा api-karṇá, am, n. the region of the ears, RV. vi, 48, 16.

अपि-कृ api- $\sqrt{kṛī}$, to bring into order, arrange, prepare, TS.; TBr.; PBr.

अपि-कृत् api- $\sqrt{2}$. kṛit (1. sg. -kṛintāmi, fut. 1. sg. -kartṣyāmi) to cut off, VS.; AV.; TS.; ŠBr.

अपि-क्षै api- $\sqrt{kṣhai}$, Caus. -kṣhāpayati, to consume by fire, AV. xii, 5, 44 & 51.

अपि-गम् api- \sqrt{gam} , Ved. to go into, enter, approach, join, [aor. Subj. 3. pl. ápi gman, RV. v, 33, 10] RV. &c.; to approach a woman, RV. i, 179, 1.

अपि-गा api- $\sqrt{1}$. gā, Ved. to enter, get into, mingle with, RV. vii, 21, 5, &c.

अपि-गीर्णा api-girṇa, mfn. praised, L.

अपि-गुणा api-guṇa, mfn. excellent, MBh. xii, 2677.

अपि-ग्रह् api- \sqrt{grah} (with or without mu-kham, nāsike, &c.), to close (the mouth, nose, &c.), ŠBr.; AitBr.; ChUp.

1. **अपि-ग्रीह्या**, ind. p. closing the mouth, TS.

2. **अपि-ग्रीह्या** [Ved., Pāṇ. iii, 1, 118] or **अपि-ग्राह्या** [ib., Comm.], am, n. impers. (with abl.) the mouth to be closed before (a bad smell, &c.).

अपिघस् api- \sqrt{ghas} , to eat off or away (perf. 3. pl. -jakshuh), ŠBr.; (aor. Ā. 3. sg. -gdha [fr. gh-s-ta], which by Sāy. is derived fr. \sqrt{han}), RV. i, 158, 5.

अपिच्छिल a-picchila, mfn. clear, free from sediment or soil.

अपिजन् api-já, as, m. born after or in addition to (N. of Prajāpati and other divinities), VS.

अपिरङ् a-pindā, mfn. without funeral balls.

अपित् 1. a-pít, mfn. (\sqrt{pi}), not swelling, dry, RV. vii, 82, 3.

2. a-pit, mfn. (in Gr.) not having the it or Anu-bandha p, Pāṇ.

अपितु á-pitri, tā, m. not a father, ŠBr. xiv. — **देवत्या** (á-pitri-), mfn. not having the Manes as deities, ŠBr.

अ-पित्रिका, mfn. not ancestral or paternal, uninheritied; fatherless, Āp.

अ-पित्र्या, mfn. not inherited, not ancestral or paternal, Mn. ix, 205.

अपिदह् api- \sqrt{dah} , -dahati (impf. -adahat) to touch with fire, to singe, TS.; Kāth.

अपिदो api- \sqrt{do} (1. sg. -dyāmi) to cut off, AV. iv, 37, 3.

अपिधम् api- \sqrt{dham} , to blow upon, Kauś.

अपिधा api- $\sqrt{dhā}$, Ved. to place upon or into, put to, give; chiefly Ved. to shut, close, cover, conceal (in later texts more usually pi- $\sqrt{dhā}$, q. v.)

अपि-धाना, am, n. placing upon, covering, KātyŚr.; a cover, a cloth for covering, RV. &c.; a lid, BhP.; a bar, Kum.; (i), f. a cover, Āp.; (cf. pi-dhāna.) — **वत्** (apidhāna-), mfn. 'having a cover,' concealed, RV. v, 29, 12.

अपि-धी, is, m. 'that which is placed upon the fire,' a gift to Agni, RV. i, 127, 7.

अपि-हिता, mfn. put to, placed into, RV.; shut, covered, concealed, RV. &c.; (cf. pi-hita)

अपि-हिति, is, f. a bar, MaitrS.; PBr.

अपिधाव् api- $\sqrt{dhāv}$, to run into, Vait.

अपिनह् api- \sqrt{nah} , to tie on, fasten (usually pi- \sqrt{nah} , q. v.); to tie up, close, stop up (Ved.; later on pi- \sqrt{nah} , q. v.)

अपि-नाड्धा, mfn. closed, concealed, RV. x, 68, 8; ŠBr.; (cf. pi-nāḍḍha.)

अपिनी api- $\sqrt{nī}$, to lead towards or to, bring to a state or condition, TS.; ŠBr.; AitBr.

अपि-नेत्रि, tā, m. one who leads towards (gen.), ŠBr.

अपिपक्ष api-pakshá, as, m. the region or direction to the side, TS.

अपिपथ् api- \sqrt{path} , Caus. -pāthayati, to lead upon a path (acc.), KaushBr.; ŚāṅkhŚr.

अपिपद् api- \sqrt{pad} , to go in, enter, ŠBr.

अपिपास a-pipāsā, mfn. free from thirst or desire, ŠBr. xiv; ChUp.

अपिपृच् api- $\sqrt{prīc}$ (aor. 3. sg. aprāg ápi) to mix with (loc.), AV. x, 4, 26; (-priñcanti, AV. v, 2, 3, according to BR. a mistake for -vriñjanti.)

अपिप्राण api-prāṇa, mf(i)n. uttered or produced with every breath, RV. i, 186, 11.

अपिवन्ध् api- \sqrt{bandh} , Ā. to fasten upon, put on (a wreath), ĀśvGr.

अपि-बद्धा, mfn. fastened, R. iii, 68, 42.

अपिभाग ápi-bhāga, mfn. having part in, sharing in, ŠBr.

अपिभू api- $\sqrt{bhū}$, to be in, AV.; to have part in, RV.; AitBr.

अपिमन्त्र api-mantra, mfn. giving an explanation or an account of, Kāth.

अपिमृष् api- \sqrt{mrish} , Ā. -mrishyate (1. sg. -mrishye; aor. Subj. 2. sg. -mrishṭhās) to forget, neglect, RV.

अपियाच् api- $\sqrt{yāc}$, Caus. -yācāyate, to despise, refuse (?), AV. xii, 4, 38.

अपिरित् ápi-ripta, mfn. (\sqrt{rip}), 'smeared over,' i.e. grown blind, RV. i, 118, 7; viii, 5, 23.

अपिरुह् api- \sqrt{ruh} , ápi-rohati, to grow together, grow whole again, TS.

अपिवत् api- \sqrt{vat} (Opt. 1. pl. -vatema; pr. p.-vātāt) to understand, comprehend, RV. vii, 3, 10; 60, 6: Caus. (Imper. 2. sg. -vātaya; pr. p. -vātāyat; aor. 3. pl. avīvatan, RV. x, 13, 5) to cause to understand, make intelligible to (with or without dat.), RV. (1. pl. -vātayāmasi) to excite, awaken, RV. i, 128, 2.

अपि-वती (scil. vāc), f. of a conjecturable adj. ápi-vatya, intelligible, TBr. [‘containing the word api or what is meant by api,’ Comm. & BR.]

अपिवप् api- $\sqrt{2}$. vap (1. sg. -vapāmi) to scatter upon, AV.; ŠBr.; TBr.

अपि-वापा, as, m. ‘scattering upon,’ N. of particular Puroḍāśa, TBr.

अपिवान्यवत्सा apivānya-vatsā=abhibhānyā, q. v., Kauś.

अपिवृ api- $\sqrt{1}$. vṛi (perf. Ā. -vavre) to conceal, RV. iii, 38, 8.

अपि-व्रिता, mfn. concealed, covered, RV.

अपिवृज् api- \sqrt{vrij} (3. pl. -vriñjanti; aor. 3. pl. avrījann ápi, RV. x, 48, 3) ‘to turn to,’ procure to, bestow upon (dat. or loc.), RV.

अपिवृत् api- \sqrt{vrit} , Caus. (impf. 2. sg. -avartayas) to throw into (acc.), RV. i, 121, 13.

अपिव्ये api- $\sqrt{vyē}$ (1. pl. P. -vyayāmasi) to cover, AV. i, 27, 1.

अपिव्रत ápi-vrata, mfn. sharing in the same religious acts, related by blood, ŠBr.; KātyŚr.

अपिव्रश् api- $\sqrt{vraśc}$ (perf. Imper. 2. du. -vavṛiktaṁ, RV. vi, 62, 10) to strike off, cut off, RV.; AV.

अपिश्वर् api- $\sqrt{śarvara}$, mfn. ‘contiguous to the night,’ being at the beginning or end of the night, AitBr.; (ām), n. the time early in the morning, RV.

अपिशल apisala, as, m., N. of a man; (ās), m. pl. the descendants of Apiśala. See āpiśali.

अपिशस् api-śas, f. (only used in abl. -śās) slitting, ripping up, MaitrS.; AitBr.

अपिशुन a-piśuna, mfn. unmalicious, upright, honest.

अपिश्टि api- $\sqrt{śrī}$, P. to break off, AV.; Ā. id., ŠBr.: Pass. -śiryate, to break, PBr.

अपि-शर्ना, mfn. broken, AV. iv, 3, 6.

अपिष्टुत api-shṭuta, mfn. (\sqrt{stu}), praised, L.

अपिष्टा api-shṭhā ($\sqrt{sthā}$), to stand (too) near, stand in any one’s way, AV. iii, 13, 4 & v, 13, 5.

अपि-श्विता, mfn. approached, RV. i, 145, 4.