A-bhāvanā, am, f. n. absence of judgment or right perception.

A-bhāvanīya, mfn. not to be inferred or contemplated.

A-bhāvayitri, mfn. not perceiving, not inferring, not comprehending.

A-bhāvin, mfn. what is not to be or will not be, not destined to be.

A-bhāvya, mfn. id.

सभवदोय a-bhavadīya, mfn. not belonging to your Honour, Das.

सभस्त a-bhastra, mfn. without bellows.

A-bhastrakā or a-bhastrikā, f. a badly made or inferior pair of bellows (i. e. small), said to mean also (a woman) who has no bellows, Pān. vii, 3, 47.

अभाग a- $bh\bar{a}g\acute{a}$ ,  $mf(\bar{a})n$ . having no share, RV. x, 83, 5, &c.

A-bhāgin, mfn. having no share; not participating in, excluded from (gen.)

A-bhāgya, mfn. unfortunate, wretched.

सभाषण a-bhāshaṇa, am, n. not speaking, silence.

आधिabhí, ind. (a prefix to verbs and nouns, expressing) to, towards, into, over, upon.

(As a prefix to verbs of motion) it expresses the notion of moving or going towards, approaching, &c. (As a prefix to nouns not derived from verbs) it expresses superiority intensity &c.

presses superiority, intensity, &c.; e.g. abhi-tāmra, abhi-nava, q. v.

(As a separate adverb or preposition) it expresses

(As a separate adverb or preposition) it expresses (with acc.) to, towards, in the direction of, against; into, SBr. & KātyŚr.; for, for the sake of; on account of; on, upon, with regard to; by, before, in front of; over. It may even express one after the other, severally, Pāṇ. i, 4, 91, e. g. vṛiksham vṛiksham abhi, tree after tree [cf. Gk. ἀμφί; Lat. ob; Zend aibi, aiwi; Goth. bi; Old High Germ. bī].

Abhika, mfn. (Pān. v, 2, 74) lustful, libidinous, Ragh. xix, 4; (cf. 1. abhīka and anuka); (as), m. a lover, Naish.

Abhi-tarám [MaitrS.] or abhi-tarám [SBr.; AitBr. (see 2. abhí)], ind. nearer.

Abhi-tas, ind. near to, towards, MBh.&c.; near, in the proximity or presence of (gen.), Bhag. &c.; (with acc.) on both sides, SBr. &c.; (with acc.) before and after, AsvSr.; KātySr.; Gaut.; (with acc.) on all sides, everywhere, about, round; entirely, MBh.; quickly, L. Abhitah-sara, mfn. running on both sides, Up. Abhitah-sara, mfn. running on both sides, Up. Abhitas-cara, ās, m. pl. the attendants, retinue, MBh. &c.

Abhito (in Sandhi for abhitas). — deva-yajanamātra-deša, mfn. whose space on all sides suffices for a sacrificial ground, KātyŚr. — bhāvin, mfn. being on both sides, Pān. vi, 2, 182. — rātrám, ind. near (i. e. either just at the beginning or end of) the night, ŚBr. — 'sthi (abhitó-), mfn. surrounded by bones (as the eyes), ŚBr.

खिनकम abhi-√kam (fut. -kamishyate) to desire, love, TBr.: Caus. -kāmayate, id., MBh.; BhP.

Abhi-kāma, as, m. (ifc. f. ā) affection, desire, N.; BhP.; (mf(ā)n.), affectionate, loving, desirous (with acc. or ifc.); (am), ind. with desire, L.; (cf. ābhikāmika.)

where abhi-√kamp,-kampate, to tremble vehemently, MBh. iii, 15721: Caus. -kampayati, to stir, allure, KātyŚr.

समिकाङ्क abhi-√kānksh, -kānkshati, °te, rarely Caus. -ayate, to long for, desire; to strive.

Abhi-kānkshā, f. longing for, desire (with acc. or ifc.)

Abhi-kānkshita, mfn. longed for, wished, desired.
Abhi-kānkshin, mfn. longing for, desiring (with acc. [BhP.] or ifc. [Mn. iv, 91, &c.]).

सभिकाल abhi-kāla, as, m., N. of a village, R. ii, 68, 17.

sg. °sīmi; Imper. 2. sg. °sīhi; impf. 1. sg. -acākasam) to illuminate, irradiate, VS.; to look on, to
perceive, RV.; ŠBr. xiv.

सिमकृत्स abhi-\/kuts, to revile, inveigh against, R. ii, 75, 2.

स्मिन् abhi-\kush, -kushnāti, to tear, pull at, pinch, Sušr.

स्मिक्ज abhi-\kūj, to twitter, warble, R.

willing abhi-√1. kṛi, to do with reference to or in behalf of, ŚBr.; (perf. 2. pl. -cakrá) to procure, effect, AV. iii, 9, 1; (with nivešam) to settle. Abhi-karana. See svapnābhikárana.

Abhi-kriti, is, f., N. of a metre (containing one hundred syllables), RPrāt. &c.

Abhi-kritvarī, f. 'producing (diseases), 'a female demon, AV. ii, 8, 2.

स्मिक्ष abhi- Vkrish, -karshati, to overpower, MBh. iii, 15064.

अभिकृ abhi-√1. kṛī, -kirati, to pour over, throw over, cover.

सिक्ष्प abhi-\/klrip, A. (p. -kálpamāna) to be adequate to, be in accordance with (acc.), VS. xiii, 25: Caus. -kalpayati, to put in order, R.

Abhi-klripta, mfn. being adequate to, in accordance with, SBr.; Up.

सिम्भूयम् abhi-knūyam, ind. (√knūy), so as to bemoisten, SBr. xiv.

सभिक्रत abhí-kratu, mfn. insolent, haughty, RV. iii, 34, 10.

shout at, roar at, neigh or whinny at, RV.; AV.; Lāṭy.: Caus. (aor. -acikradat), id., RV. ix, 68, 2 & 82, I: Intens. (p. -kánikradat), id., RV.

Abhi-kranda, as, m. a shout, MBh.; indrasyâ-bhikranda, m., N. of a Sāman.

P. -krámya) to step or go near to, approach, RV. &c.; to attack, overpower, RV. vi, 49, 15 & ix, 40, 1; to step upon; to undertake, begin, RPrät.; (with gamanāya) to get on one's way, R. i, 77, 18: Caus. -kramayati, to bring near, TS.

Abhi-krama, as, m. stepping near, approaching; assault, attack, L.; overpowering, PBr.; Gaut.; ascending; undertaking, attempt, beginning. — nāsa, m. unsuccessful effort, Bhag.

Abhi-kramana, am, n. stepping near, approaching, Gaut. &c.

Abhi-krānta, mfn. approached; attacked; begun; (am), n. = abhi-krānti, PBr.

Abhi-kranti, is, f., Ved. overpowering, bringing into one's possession, TS.; AitBr. &c.

Abhi-krāntin, mfn. one who has undertaken (the study of), i. e. conversant with (loc.), Lāṭy.

Abhi-krāmam, ind. so as to step near, KātyŚr.

अभिक्री abhi-√krī, to buy for a special purpose, SBr.

अभिकृध abhi-√krudh, to be angry with (acc.), Pāṇ. i, 4, 38, Sch.; Vikr.

Abhi-kruddha, mfn. being angry, MBh.; BhP.

out to, to call to (in a scolding manner), AV. &c.; to lament with tears, bemoan, R. iv, 24, 22.

Abhi-króżaka, as, m. a reviler (nindaka), VS.

अधिष्ठत् abhi-kshattrí,tā,m.(√kshad), one who carves and distributes (food), an host, RV. ii, 29, 2 & vii, 21, 8; ['a destroyer, Sāy.]

सिखदा a-bhiksha-da [Padap. abhi-ksha-da], mfn. giving without being asked, RV. vi, 50, 1; [according to the Padap. (cf. abhi-kshattrí) 'destroy-ing, a destroyer,' Sāy.]

A-bhikshita, mfn. not asked for alms, SBr.

मानिस्म abhi-√ksham (Opt. -kshameta; Imper. 2. pl. -kshámadhvam) to be gracious, propitious to (dat. or loc.), RV.; to pardon (perf. Opt. 2. sg. -cakshamīthāḥ), RV. ii, 33, 7.

सिमहार abhi-√kshar (aor. 3. sg. -akshāḥ, RV. ix, 97, 45) to flow near or round, RV.; SBr.; to pour on, AV.

श्रामिश्चिष abhi-\/kship (only P., Pāṇ. i, 3, 8o; pr. p. -kshipát) to fling at (as the lash of a whip at a horse), RV. v, 83, 3; to excel, Bhaṭṭ.

सिमलन abhi-√khan, to dig up, turn up (the soil), SBr. &c.

अभिष्या 1. abhi-√khyā (Subj. 1. 2. 3. sg. -khyam, -khyas & -khyás, -khyát; impf. 3. sg. abhy

Akhyat; ind. p. -khyaya) to see, view, perceive, RV.; to cast a kind or gracious look upon any one, to be gracious, RV.; (impf. 3. pl. abhí ákhyan) TS.: Caus. -khyapayati, to make known, Mn. &c.

2. Abhi-khyā, f. a gracious look, RV. x, 112, 10; splendour, RV. i, 148, 5 & viii, 23, 5; beauty, Ragh. &c.; fame, glory, Kathās.; telling, L.; 'calling, addressing,' a name, appellation.

Abhi-khyāta, mfn. become known, manifested, MBh.; (neg. an-) Yājñ. iii, 301.

Abhi-khyātrí, tá, m. a supervisor (N. of Indra), RV. iv, 17, 17.

Abhi-khyāna, am, n. fame, glory, L.

to, approach (with acc.); to follow, Kāth.; R.; to meet with, find; to cohabit (said of men and women), Yājñ. ii, 205, &c.; to undertake; to get, gain, obtain, AV.; SBr. &c.; (with mánasā or medháyā or hrídayena) to understand, RV. iii, 60, 1; TS.; SBr.: Caus. -gamayati, to study, MBh. i, 1295.

Abhi-gata, mfn. approaching, &c. Abhi-gata, mfn. approached, &c.

Abhi-gantrí, tā, m. one who understands, ŚBr.; one who pursues, insidious, Kāth.; one who has intercourse with a woman.

Abhi-gama, as, m. (gaņa anušatikādi, q. v.), approaching; visiting, Megh.; Ragh. v, 11; sexual intercourse, Yājñ. ii, 291.

Abhi-gamana, am, n. = abhi-gama; the act of cleansing and smearing with cowdung the way leading to the image of the deity (one of the five parts of the updsana with the Rāmānujas), Sarvad.

1. Abhi-gamya, mfn. to be visited, Kum. vi, 56,

&c.; accessible, tempting (for a visit), Ragh. i, 16.

2. Abhi-gamya, ind. p. having approached.

Abhi-gāmin,mfn. having sexual intercourse with

अभिगर्जे abhi-√garj, to roar at, bawl at, raise savage or ferocious cries, MBh. &c.

Abhi-garjana, am, n. ferocious roaring, up-roar, R.

Abhi-garjita, am, n. a savage cry, uproar, R. Estern abhi- \( 1.g\bar{a}, -jig\bar{a}ti\) (impf. -ajig\bar{a}t; aor. Subj. -g\bar{a}t)\) to go near to, to approach, arrive at, RV. &c.; to get, gain.

खिमगाइ abhi-√gāh, Ā. (p. -gāhamāna) to penetrate into (acc.), RV. x, 103, 7.

स्राभगुप्त abhi-gupta, mfn. guarded, protected.

Abhi-gupti, is, f. guarding, protecting, SBr. &c. Abhi-goptri, mfn. guarding, protecting, SBr. &c.

खिनगुन्मित abhi-gumphita, mfn. strung together, interwoven, Sis.

Abhi-gūrti, is, f. song of praise, RV. i, 162, 6&12.

Abhi-gūrta, (Ved.) ind. p. having approved of, RV. i, 37, 3.

सभिगुध abhi-gṛidhna,mfn. Seemithyâbhi-gṛidhna.

address with approbation; to join in (acc.); to welcome, praise; to approve of, accept propitiously, allow.

Abhi-gará, as, m. a calling out in approbation (part of the sacrificial ceremony), VS.; KātyŚr.; the priest who calls out approvingly (to the other priests), MaitrS.; Lāṭy.; (cf. apagara.)

exfirst abhi-\squai (Imper. 2. sg. -gaya or -gaya; 2. pl. -gayata) to call or sing to (acc.), RV.; to enchant, AitBr.; to sing (a hymn, &c.), SBr.&c.; to fill with song, R.; to celebrate in song, R.

Abhí-gīta, mfn. addressed or praised in song, RV. ix, 96, 23.

Abhi-geshna, mfn. calling to, AitBr.

सभिग्रस्त abhi-grasta, mfn. = abhi-panna (overcome), L.

of, take up (from the soil), TS. &c.; to accept, receive, MBh.; to set (as a blossom), BhP.; to lay together, to fold (the hands), see abhigrihita-pāni below: