

अरिक्त a-rikta, mfn. not empty, Kātyār.; BhP.; not with empty hands, ŚāṅkhGr.; abundant, BhP. iv, 22, 11.

अरिक्ता-भाज्, mfn. not entitled to a share of property, not an heir, (in a verse quoted by the) Comm. on Yājñ.

अरिक्तिया, mfn. id., Mn. ix, 147.

अरित् arītrī, tā, m. (\sqrt{ri}), a rower, RV. ii, 42, 1 & ix, 95, 2; [cf. Gk. ἐρέτης, ἐρετμόν, &c.; Lat. ratis, remex, &c.]

अरित्रा, mfn. (Pāṇ. iii, 2, 184) propelling, driving, RV. x, 46, 7; (arītra), as, m. an oar, ŚBr. iv; (arītra [RV. i, 46, 8] or áritra [AV. v, 4, 5]), am, n. (ifc. f. ā) an oar; (cf. dāśārītra, nītyārī, sātārī, sv-arītrā); [Lat. aratrum.] — gādha, mfn. oar-deep, shallow, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 4, Kāś. — pāraṇa, mf(ā)n. crossing over by means of oars, RV. x, 101, 2.

अरिन् arin, i, n. See ara.

अरिप्र a-riprā, mf(ā)n. spotless, clear, RV. & AV.; faultless, blameless, RV.

अरिफित a-riphita, mfn. (said of the Vi-sarga) not changed into r, Prāt.

अ-रेप्हा, mfn. without the letter r. — jāta, mfn. id., Up. — vat, mfn. id., RPrāt.

अ-रेफिन, mfn. = a-riphita, RPrāt.

अरिषय ा-rīshanya, mfn. not failing, certain, to be depended upon, RV. ii, 39, 4.

अ-रिशयत, mfn. id., RV.

अ-रिष्टा, mf(ā)n. unhurt, RV. &c.; proof against injury or damage, RV.; secure, safe, RV.; boding misfortune (as birds of ill-omen, &c.), Adbh-Br.; Hariv.; fatal, disastrous (as a house), R. ii, 42, 22; (as), m. a heron, L.; a crow, L.; the soapberry tree, Sapindus Detergens Roxb. (the fruits of which are used in washing, Yājñ. i, 186); cf. ari-shṭaka; Azadirachta Indica, R. ii, 94, 9; garlic, L.; a distilled mixture, a kind of liquor, Suśr.; N. of an Asura (with the shape of an ox, son of Bali, slain by Kṛishṇa or Vishṇu), Hariv.; BhP.; of a son of Manu Vaivasvata, VP. (v. l. for dishṭa); ill-luck, misfortune (see arīṣṭa, n.), MBh. xii, 6573; (ā), f. a bandage, Suśr.; a medical plant, L.; N. of Durgā, SkandaP.; N. of a daughter of Daksha and one of the wives of Kaśyapa, Hariv.; (am), n. bad or ill-luck, misfortune; a natural phenomenon boding misfortune, VarBrS.; BhP. &c.; sign or symptom of approaching death; good fortune, happiness, MBh. iv, 2126; buttermilk, L.; vinous spirit, L.; a woman's apartment, the lying-in chamber (cf. arīṣṭa-gṛīha & -śayyā below), L. — kārman, m., N. of a prince, VP. — gātu (ārīṣṭa-), mfn. having a secure residence, RV. v, 44, 3. — gu (ārīṣṭa-), mfn. whose cattle are unhurt, AV. x, 3, 10. — gṛīha, n. a lying-in chamber, L. — grāma (ārīṣṭa-), mfn. (said of the Maruts) whose troop is unbroken, i. e. complete in number, RV. i, 166, 6. — tāti (arīṣṭā-), f. safeness, security, RV. x & AV.; (mfn.) = arīṣṭasya kara, making fortunate, auspicious, Pāṇ. iv, 4, 143. — dushṭa-dhī, mfn. (= vivāsa) apprehensive of death, alarmed at its approach, L. — nemi (ārīṣṭa-), mfn. the felly of whose wheel is unhurt (N. of Tārkshya), RV.; (is), m., N. of a man (named together with Tārkshya), VS. xv, 18; (said to be the author of the hymn RV. x, 178) RAnukr.; N. of various princes, MBh.; VP.; of a Gandharva, BhP.; of the twenty-second of the twenty-four Jaina Tīrthaṅkaras of the present Avasarpiṇī. — nemin, m., N. of a brother of Garuḍa (= Arūpa, Comm.), R. v, 2, 10; of a Muni, R. vii, 90, 5; of the twenty-second Tīrthaṅkara (see -nemi), L. — pura, n., N. of a town, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 100. — bharman, mfn. yielding security, RV. viii, 18, 4 (voc.) — mathana, m. 'killer of the Asura Arīṣṭa,' N. of Śiva (i. e. Vishṇu). — ratha (ārīṣṭa-), mfn. whose carriage is unhurt, RV. x, 6, 3. — vīra (ārīṣṭa-), mfn. whose heroes are unhurt, RV. i, 114, 3 & AV. iii, 12, 1. — śayyā, f. a lying-in couch, Ragh. iii, 15. — sūdana or -han, m. (= -mathana, q.v.) N. of Vishṇu, L. Arīṣṭāśrita-pura, n., N. of a town, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 100, Sch. — Arīṣṭāsu, mfn. whose vital power is unhurt, AV. xiv, 2, 72.

अ-रिष्टाका, as, m. (= ārīṣṭa, m.) the soapberry tree (the fruits of which are used in washing, Mn. v, 120), Suśr.; (akā or ikā), f., N. of a plant, VarBrS.

अ-रिष्टि, is, f. Ved. safeness, security, RV. &c. — rishyat, mfn. not being hurt, RV. & AV.

अरील्हा á-rīlha, mfn. (for á-riḍha, \sqrt{rih} = lih), not licked, RV. iv, 18, 10.

अरीति a-riti, f. (in rhetoric) deficiency of style, a defect in the choice of expressions.

अ-रितिका, am, n. id., L.

अरीहा arīhā, as, m. the first N. of the following gaṇa. Arīhanādi, a gaṇa of Pāṇ. (iv, 2, 80).

अरु aru, us, m. the sun, L.; the red-blossomed Khadira tree, L.; for arus, n. only in comp. with — m-tuda, mf(ā)n. (Pāṇ. iii, 2, 35 & vi, 3, 67) 'beating or hurting a wound,' causing torments, painful, Mn. ii, 161, &c. Arū- \sqrt{v} i. kṛi, to wound, L.

अरुषिका, f. (fr. arūṇshi, pl. of arus, n.), scab on the head, Suśr.

अरुग्णा á-rugṇa, mfn. unbroken, RV. vi, 39, 2.

अ-रुज, mfn. painless (as a tumour), Suśr.; free from disease, sound, healthy.

अ-रुजा, mf(ā)n. painless (as a tumour, &c.), Suśr.; free from disease, sound, Suśr. &c.; brisk, gay, R. vii, 84, 16; (as), m. the plant Cassia Fistula; N. of a Dānava, Hariv. 14286.

अरुच् a-rūc, mfn. lightless, RV. vi, 39, 4.

अ-रुचि, is, f. want of appetite, disgust, Suśr.; aversion, dislike, Sāh.; Kād. (with upari).

अ-रुचिता, mfn. not agreeable or suitable to, ŚBr. xiv.

अ-रुचिरा, mfn. disagreeable, disgusting.

अ-रुच्या, mfn. id., L.

अरुज् a-ruj & a-ruja. See á-rugṇa.

अरुणा arūṇā, mf(ā) [RV. v, 63, 6, &c.] or ī [RV. x, 61, 4, & (nom. pl. arūṇāyas) 95, 6] n. (\sqrt{ri} , Uṇ.), reddish-brown, tawny, red, ruddy (the colour of the morning opposed to the darkness of night), RV. &c.; perplexed, L.; dumb, L.; (as), m. red colour, BhP.; the dawn (personified as the charioteer of the sun), Mn. x, 33, &c.; the sun, Śāk.; a kind of leprosy (with red [cf. AV. v, 22, 3 & vi, 20, 3] spots and insensibility of the skin), L.; a little poisonous animal, Suśr.; the plant Rottleria Tectoria, L.; molasses, L.; N. of a teacher, TS.; ŚBr.; TBr.; of the composer of the hymn RV. x, 91 (with the patron Vaitahavya), RAnukr.; of the Nāga priest Āṭa, PBr.; of a son of Kṛishṇa, BhP.; of the Daitya Mura, ib.; of an Asura, MBh. xvi, 119 (v. l. varuṇa); of the father of the fabulous bird Jatāyu, MBh. iii, 16045; (ārūṇa), as, m., N. of a pupil of Upaveśi (cf. arūṇā, m. above), ŚBr. xiv; (ās), m. pl., N. of a class of Ketus (seventy-seven in number), VarBrS.; (named as the composers of certain Mantras) Kāth.; (ā), f. the plants Betula, madder (Rubia Manjith), Tēori, a black kind of the same, Colocynth or bitter apple, the plant that yields the red and black berry used for the jewellers' weight (called Retti), L.; N. of a river, MBh. iii, 7022 & ix, 2429 seq.; (īs), f. red cow (in the Vedic myths), RV. & SV.; the dawn, RV.; (ām), n. red colour, RV. x, 168, 1; gold, AV. xiii, 4, 51; a ruby, BhP. — kamala, n. the red lotus. — kara, m. 'having red rays,' the sun, Kād. — kirāṇa, m. id., VarBrS. — ketu-brāhmaṇa, n. the Brāhmaṇa of the Arūṇā Ketavāḥ (see arūṇās above), AitrAnukr.

— cūḍa, m. 'red-combed,' a cock, L. — jyotiṣ, m., N. of Śiva. — tā, f. red colour, Siś. ix, 14; Suśr. — tva, n. id., Hcat. — datta, m., N. of an author, Comm. on Uṇ. iii, 159; iv, 117 & 184. — dūrvā, f. reddish fennel, ŚBr.; Kātyār. — netra, m. 'red-eyed,' a pigeon, L. — piśāṅgā, mfn. reddish-brown, TS. — pushpa (arūṇā-), mfn. having red flowers, ŚBr.; the blossom of a certain grass, Kātyār.; (ī), f. the plant Pentapetes Phoenicea, L. — priyā, f., N. of an Apsaras, Hariv. 12470. — psu (arūṇā-), mfn. of a red appearance, RV. — babhru (arūṇā-), mfn. reddish-yellow, VS. xxiv, 2. — yúj, mfn. furnished with red (rays of light), RV. vi, 65, 2. — locana, mfn. red-eyed (as in anger), MārkP.; (as), m. = -netra, q. v., L. — sārathi, m. 'whose charioteer is Arūpa,' the sun, L. — smṛiti, f., N. of a work.

अरुणाग्रaja, m. 'the first-born of Arūpa,' Garuḍa (the bird of Vishṇu), L.; (cf. arūṇānuja below.) Arūṇātmaja, m. 'son of Arūpa,' Jatāyu (see aru-

na, m. above), L. Arūṇāditya, m. one of the twelve shapes of the sun, SkandaP. Arūṇānuja, m. 'the younger brother of Arūpa,' Garuḍa, Kād. (cf. arūṇāgraja above & arūṇāvaraja below).

अरुणमन्या-विधि, m., N. of part of the Kāth. (cf. arūṇiya-vidhi). Arūṇārcis, m. the rising sun, Daś. Arūṇāvaraṇa, m. = arūṇānuja above, L. Arūṇāśva, mfn. driving with red horses (N. of the Maruts), RV. v, 57, 4. Arūṇi-kṛita, mfn. reddened, turned or become red, Kād.; Sāh. Arūṇātā, mfn. yellow-dappled, TS. Arūṇādā, n., N. of a lake, VP.; of one of the seas surrounding the world, Jain. Arūṇādaya, m. break of day, dawn, Mn. x, 33; -saptami, f. the seventh day in the bright half of Māgha, L. Arūṇāpala, m. a ruby, L.

अरुणाया, Nom. P. yati, to reddens, Kād.; (perf. Pass. p. arūṇita) reddened, Siś. vi, 32; Kum. v, 11.

अरुणि, is, m., N. of a Muni, BhP. (cf. arūṇi).

अरुणिमान, ā, m. redness, ruddiness, Sāh.; Bālar.

अरुणिया-विधि, is, m. = arūṇāmnāya-vidhi above, Sāy. on Tār.

अरुतहनु á-ruta-hanu, mfn. one whose cheeks or jaws are not broken, RV. x, 105, 7.

अरुद्ध a-ruddha, mfn. not hindered.

अरुमुद arum-tuda. See aru.

अरुचती a-rundhati, f. a medicinal climbing plant, AV.; the wife of Vasishtha, R. &c.; the wife of Dharmā, Hariv.; the little and scarcely visible star Alcor (belonging to the Great Bear, and personified as the wife of one of its seven chief stars, Vasishtha, or of all the seven, the so-called seven Rishis; at marriage ceremonies Arundhati is invoked as a pattern of conjugal excellence by the bridegroom), ĀśvGr. &c.; N. of a kind of supernatural faculty (also called kundalinī). — jāni or -nātha, m. 'husband of Arundhati,' Vasishtha (one of the seven Rishis or saints, and stars in the Great Bear), L. — vāṭa, m., N. of a Tīrtha, MBh. iii, 8019. — sahacara, m. 'companion of Arundhati,' Vasishtha.

अरुमुख arun-mukha, ās, m. pl. (an irregular form developed fr. arur-magha below), N. of certain Yatis, KaushUp.

अरुर-मग्हा arur-magha, ās, m. pl. (cf. pūnar-magha), N. of certain miserly evil spirits (as the Panis, &c.), AitBr.

अरुश aruṣa, am, n., N. of a Tantra.

— hān, m. (aruṣa = aruṣā?) striking the red (clouds), N. of Indra ['killing enemies,' Sāy.], RV. x, 116, 4.

अरुष् I. a-rush, mfn. not angry, good-tempered, Pañcat.

अरुष् I. aruṣā, mf(ārūṣī, RV. i, 92, 1 & 2; x, 5, 5) n. red, reddish (the colour of Agni and his horses; of cows; of the team of Ushas, the Āśvins, &c.), RV. & VS.; (ās), m. the sun, the day, RV. vi, 49, 3 & vii, 71, 1 (cf. aruṣha); (ās, āsas), m. pl. the red horses of Agni, RV.; AV.; (ārūṣī), f. the dawn, RV.; a red mare (a N. applied to the team of Agni and Ushas, and to Agni's flames), RV.; (ām), n. shape, Naigh. — stūpa (aruṣā-), mfn. having a fiery tuft (as Agni), RV. iii, 29, 3.

2. Aruṣha, Nom. P. aruṣhati, to go, Naigh.

अरुष्या, Nom. P. aruṣhyati, v.l. for aruṣhati.

अरुस् árus, mfn. wounded, sore, ŚBr.; (us), n. a sore or wound, AV. v, 5, 4; ŚBr. &c.; the sun, Uṇ.; ind. a joint, L. — srāṇa, n. (defectively written aru-srā) a kind of medical preparation for wounds, AV. ii, 3, 3 & 5.

Aru (& arū- \sqrt{v} i. kṛi). See s. v.

अरुष (in comp. for árus). — kara, mfn. causing wounds, wounding, Suśr.; (as), m. the tree Semecarpus Anacardium; (am), n. the nut of that tree, Suśr. — kṛita (aruṣā-), mfn. wounded, ŚBr.

अरुष्का, ifc. for árus, Car.; (as), m. (= aruṣ-kara above) Semecarpus Anacardium, L.

अरुहा a-ruhā, f., N. of a plant, L.

अरुक्षा á-rūkṣha, mfn. soft, MaitrS. — tā (arūkṣā-), f. softness, ŚBr.

अरुक्षिता, mfn. soft, supple, RV. iv, 11, 1.

अरुक्षिता, mfn. soft, tender, AV. viii, 2, 16.

अरुप a-rūpa, mf(ā)n. formless, shapeless,