

Pañcat.; Kathās.; not to be visited by (gen.), Pañcat.; not to be used or practised, not to be eaten, drunk, &c.

**असोद्ध** a-sodha, mfn. not to be endured or mastered, Pān. i, 4, 26; (cf. d-shādha.)

**असोम** a-soma, as, m. not Soma juice, Kātyāśr.; not a Soma sacrifice, ib.; (mfn.) without Soma juice, MBh. xiii, 1793. — **पा**, mfn. one who does not drink or is not admitted to drink the Soma juice, AitBr. &c.; Mn. xi, 12. — **पीथा**, mfn. id., Śāṅkhśr. — **पीथिन्**, mfn. id., Kātyāśr. — **याजिन्**(d-soma-), mfn. one who has not offered a Soma sacrifice, ŚBr. i.

**असौ** asau (nom.) and ásau (voc.); see adás and amu. — **वि॒ क्रि**, to do such and such a thing, (gana sākshād-ādi, q. v.) — **नामन्**, mfn. having such and such a name, ŚBr. xiv (BrĀrUp.) — **याजा**, m., N. of a Praisha (with the address amuka yaja), Śāṅkhśr.

**असौन्दर्य** a-saundarya, am, n. ugliness.

**असौम्य** a-saumya, mfn. unlovely, disagreeable, displeasing, VP.; unpropitious, R. i, 74, 10.

**असौवर्ण** a-sauvarṇa, mfn. not consisting of gold, Mṛicch.

**असौषुप्त** a-saushṭhava, am, n. want of lightness or suppleness (of body), Sāh.

**असौहृद** a-sauhṛida, am, n. enmity, MBh. xv, 895.

**अस्फन्द** d-skanda, as, m. the non-spilling (as of the semen virile), TS.; ŚBr. — **त्वा** (d-skanda-), n. id., MaitrS.

**A-skandayat**, mfn. not spilling, Āp.; not neglecting, Mn. vi, 9.

**A-skandita**, mfn. not neglected or forgotten (as time or a vow), MBh. xii, 7002; BhP.

**A-skandin**, mfn. not coagulating, Suśr.

**A-skanna**, mfn. not spilt (as an oblation), VS. ii, 8; ŚBr.; MBh. xii, 2318; not covered (as a cow), AitBr. — **त्वा** (d-skanna-), n. the not being spilt, MaitrS.

**अस्कम्भन्** a-skambhanā, am, n. no pillar or support ['having no pillar or support,' the ether, Gmn.], RV. x, 149, 1.

**अस्कृधोयु** á-skṛidhoyu, mfn. (cf. kṛidhū), not deficient, abundant, RV. vi, 22, 3; 67, 11 & vii, 53, 3.

**अस्खल** a-skhala, as, m. 'not shaking or slipping,' N. of an Agni, PārGr.

**A-skhalita**, mfn. unshaken, unyielding, firm; not stumbling or slipping, undeviating; uninterrupted, unimpeded, undisturbed, Ragh. v, 20; xviii, 14; BhP. &c. — **प्रायाना**, mfn. not stumbling in progress, with unfaltering step, Hit.

**अस्त** 1. **asta**, mfn. (perf. Pass. p.  $\sqrt{2}$ . as), thrown, cast, Ragh. xii, 91; (án-, neg.) ŚBr. iii; (only in comp.) thrown off, left off, set aside, given up (as grief, anger, a vow, &c.), VP.; Kathās. &c.; (á), f. a missile, an arrow, AV. — **kopa**, mfn. one whose anger is laid aside, Comm. on Megh. — **tandri**, mfn. who has laid aside sloth, Kir. i, 9. — **dhi**, mfn. 'out of one's mind,' foolish. — **vastā**, mfn. scattered hither and thither, confused, disordered, Sūryapr. 18. — **samkhya**, mfn. innumerable, L.

**Astri**, mfn. (fut. p.) one who is about or intends to throw, RV. i, 61, 7; x, 133, 3; (tā), m. a thrower, shooter, RV.; AV.; (with a-pād) ŚBr.

**अस्त** 2. **ástā**, am, n. home, RV.; AV.; ŚBr.; (as), m. setting (as of the sun or of luminaries), VarBrS.; Sūryas.; 'end, death,' see asta-samaya below; the western mountain (behind which the sun is supposed to set), MBh.; R. &c.; (in astron.) the seventh lunar mansion, VarBr.; (ástam), ind. at home, home, RV. &c., especially used with verbs, e.g. ástam- $\sqrt{i}$  [ástam éti; pr. p. astam-yát, AV.; ŚBr.]; fut. p. astam-eshyát, AV.; perf. p. ástam-ita, see below s. v.] or ástam- $\sqrt{gam}$  [ástam gáchatī, AV. &c.; perf. p. astam-gata, MBh. &c., once in reversed order gata astam, R. i, 33, 21] or astam- $\sqrt{yā}$  [pr. p. -yāt, Mn. iv, 37] to go down, set, RV.; AV. &c.; astam- $\sqrt{i}$ , astam- $\sqrt{gam}$  (also Caus., see astam-gamita below), or - $\sqrt{prāp}$  [Kathās.], to go to one's eternal home, cease, vanish, perish, die, ŚBr. xiv; MBh. &c.; astam- $\sqrt{nī}$  [-nāyati], to lead to setting, cause to set, MBh. iii, 17330;

(ástā), ind. v. l. for ástam, SV. — **m-yát** and **-m-yāt**, see ástam before s. v. ásta. — **kshitibhrit**, m. 'the mountain Asta,' the western mountain (behind which the sun is supposed to set), Ratnāv.

— **gamana**, n. setting (of the sun), MBh. i, 6058. — **giri**, m. = **kshitibhrit**, q. v., Śis. ix, 1. — **m-gamita**, mfn. (Caus. perf. Pass. p.) brought to an end, destroyed, Megh. — **tāti** (d-sta-), f. home, RV. v, 7, 6. — **nimagna**, mfn. set (as the sun), Ragh. xvi, 11. — **bhavana**, n. the seventh lunar mansion, VarBr. — **m-ayā**, m. setting (of the sun), ŚBr.; ChUp. &c.; disappearance, vanishing, perishing, KathUp. (said of the senses); Ragh. — **m-áyana**, n. setting of the sun, ŚBr. xiii. — **mastaka**, m. n. (the head, i. e.) the top of the mountain Asta, Ratnāv.

— **m-ita** (d-st<sup>o</sup>), set (as the sun), AV. &c.; come to an end, ceased, dead, R.; Ragh. &c.; (e), loc. ind. after sunset, ĀśvGr. — **m-iké**, loc. ind. (fr. 2. añc, cf. samikā, &c.) at home, RV. i, 129, 9. — **mūrdhan**, m. = **mastaka**, q. v., R. iii, 67, 24. — **m-eshyát**, see ástam before s. v. ásta. — **rāsi**, m. = **bhavana**, q. v., VarBr. — **sikhara**, m. = **mastaka**, q. v., Śak.; Kathās. — **samaya**, m. 'the moment of sunset' and 'the moment of end or death,' Śis. ix, 5. **Astācala**, m. = **asta-kshitibhrit**, q. v., Hit. **Astādri**, m. id. **Astāvalambin**, mfn. reclining on the western mountain, about to set.

**Astaka**, am, n. home, AV. ii, 26, 5 (cf. sv-astakā); (as), m. going to one's eternal home, L.

**Astamana**, am, n. (a corruption of astam-áyana, q. v.), setting, MBh.; R. &c.

**Astya**, am, n. (v. l. for ásta) a house, Naigh.

**अस्तम्** a-stabdhā, mfn. 'not fixed,' moving, agile (as a bird), R. iii, 79, 22; not arrogant or obstinate, unassuming, modest, MBh. v, 1360; xii, 2709.

— **tā**, f. unassumingness, Kām. — **tva**, n. id., Hit.

**A-stambha**, mf(ā)n. without pillars, Ragh. i, 41; unassuming, Rājat.

**अस्ताघ** a-stāgha, mfn. 'not shallow,' very deep, Jain. (only in Prākrit atthāha).

**अस्ति** 1. **asti**, ind. (3. sg. pr.  $\sqrt{1}$ . as; gana cādi and svar-ādi, q. v.) sometimes used as a mere particle at the beginning of fables, Pañcat.; Kathās.; existent, present, L. — **kāya**, m. an ontological category (of which five are distinguished, viz. jīvāstikāya, ajīvāst<sup>o</sup>, dharmāst<sup>o</sup>, adharmāst<sup>o</sup>, pudga-lāst<sup>o</sup>), Jain. — **kshirā**, f. having milk (as a cow), Pān. ii, 2, 24, Comm. — **tā**, f. existence, reality, Comm. on Bād.; Sarvad. — **tva**, n. id., ib. — **nāsti**, ind. partly true and partly not, doubtful, L. — **pravāda**, m., N. of the fourth of the fourteen Pūrvas or older writings of the Jainas. — **mat**, mfn. possessed of property, opulent, L.

2. **Asti**, is, f. (as-ti=s-ti, q. v.), N. of a sister of Prāpti (daughter of Jarāsandhas and wife of Kānsa), MBh. ii, 595; Hariv. 4955; BhP.

**Astu** (3. sg. Imper.), let it be, be it so; there must be or should be (implying an order). — **m-kāra**, mfn. 'one who says astu,' conceding, assenting unwillingly, or 'ordering,' Pān. vi, 3, 70, Comm. — **vid**, mfn. knowing that anything must be done, Rājat.

**अस्तुता** á-stuta, mfn. not praised (by a hymn), AitBr.; not recited (as a hymn), ib.; not liked, not popular, RV. v, 61, 8; 67, 5.

**A-stuti**, mfn. not praising anybody, MBh. xii.

**A-stutya**, mfn. not to be praised, Pañcat.

**A-stotri**, mfn. = **a-stuti**, q. v., MBh. i, 3314; Kum. vi, 83.

**अस्तु ास्त्रि**. See 1. asta.

**अस्तुता** á-strita, mfn. not overcome, invincible, indestructible, RV.; AV. xix, 46; (said of the gold) KaushUp. & ĀśvGr. [v. l. a-srutā, ŚBr. xiv & PārGr.]; (a-stritā), mfn. id., AV. i, 20, 4 & v, 9, 7. — **yajvan** (á-strita-), mfn. sacrificing indefatigably or invincibly, RV. viii, 43, 1.

**A-striti**, is, f. invincibility, PBr. (ed. a-stiti).

**अस्तेन** á-stena, as, m. not a thief, ŚBr. xiv.

— **mānin**, mfn. not believing one's self to be a thief, Mn. viii, 197.

**A-steya**, am, n. not stealing, Mn.; Yājñ. &c.

**अस्तोक** a-stoka, mfn. not slight or little, Mālatim.

**अस्तोत्र** a-stotri. See á-stuta.

**अस्तोभ** a-stobha, mfn. without stoppage or

pause, Lalit.; without the interjection of the sound called stobha (in the Sāman), Lāty.

**अस्त्य** astya. See 2. ásta.

**अस्त्यान** a-styāna, am, n. disregard, L.

**अस्त्र** astrā, am, n. (exceptionally as, m., Hariv. 10703, &c.), ( $\sqrt{2}$ . as), a missile weapon, bolt, arrow, AV. xi, 10, 16; MuṇḍUp. &c.; a weapon in general, L.; a sword, L.; a bow, L.; N. of a Mantra (pronounced, for instance, before reading a book or while kindling a fire &c.), BhavP. &c.; N. of the mystical syllable phat, RāmatUp. [cf. Gk. ἄστρον and ἄστρη, 'that which throws out or emits rays of light' (?)].

— **kantaka**, m. an arrow, L. — **kāra** or **kāraka**, m. a maker of weapons, armourer, L. — **kārin**, m. id., L. — **kshepaka**, mfn. shooting arrows, L. — **grāma**, m. a heap or collection of different missile weapons, Venīs. — **cikitsaka**, m. a surgeon, L. — **cikitsā**, f. surgery, L. — **jit**, n., N. of a plant, L. — **jīva**, m. 'living on arms,' a soldier, L.

— **dhāraṇa**, n. the bearing of arms, L. — **dhārin**, mfn. 'bearing arms,' a soldier, L. — **nivāraṇa**, n. warding off a blow. — **bandha**, m. an uninterrupted series of arrows, R. — **bhṛit**, m. a shooter, R. v, 43, 2. — **mantra**, m. a Mantra used to charm arrows, Ragh. v, 59. — **mārja**, m. a sword-polisher or tool-cleaner, armourer, L. — **vid**, mfn. skilled in shooting, a good marksman, Ragh. v, 59. — **vidyā**, f. the military science, L. — **vṛishṭi**, f. a shower of arrows, Ragh. iii, 58. — **śastra**, āñi, n. pl. all sorts of arms (as arrows and swords), R. i, 23, 14. — **śikshā**, f. military exercise, L. — **sāyaka**, m. an iron arrow, L. — **hīna**, mfn. unarmed, defenceless. **Astrāgāra**, n. an arsenal, armoury, Venīs. (quoted in Sāh.); MatsyaP. **Astrāghāta**, n. a wound, cut. **Astrāhata**, mfn. wounded, killed. **Astrōpanishad**, f. science of arms, Mcar.

**Astrāya**, Nom. Ā.  $\overset{\circ}{y}ate$  (perf. p.  $\overset{\circ}{y}ita$ , mfn.) to become or turn into a weapon, Bālar.

**Astrin**, ī, m. an archer, BhP.; Śis. xviii, 71.

**अस्त्री** a-strī, f. not a woman, MBh. ii, 1694; (with lexicographers) 'not feminine,' i.e. the masculine and neuter genders. — **jita**, mfn. not wife-subdued, Rājat. — **sambhogin**, mfn. not enjoying women (by sexual intercourse), Comm. on Mn. vi, 26. **A-stry-upāyin**, mfn. id., Kātyāśr.

**A-strīnā**, mfn. without wives, AV. viii, 6, 16.

**अस्त्य** astha, only ifc. for ásthi, q. v., e.g. an-asthā, īrv-asthā, purushāsthā, q. v.

**Asthān**, the base of the weak cases of ásthi, q. v., e.g. instr. asthānā, &c. (Ved. also instr. pl. asthābhīs, RV. i, 84, 13; and n. pl. asthānī, Pān. vii, 1, 76). — **vāt**, mfn. having bones, bony, RV. i, 164, 4; ŚBr. vi; vertebrated (as an animal), Gaut.

**अस्त्या** asthā, ind. (?) at once, RV. x, 48, 10.

**अस्त्याघ** a-stāgha, mfn. = a-stāgha, q. v., L.

**अस्त्यान** a-sthāna, am, n. non-permanency, inconstancy (as of a sound), Jaim.; not a (fit) place for (gen.), Kād.; (e), loc. ind. [PBr.; R. &c.] or in comp. asthāna- [Megh.; Daś.], in a wrong place; in wrong time, unseasonably, unsuitably, (a-sthāne) R.; MārkP. &c.; (a-sthāna-) R. iv, 32, 6; Sāh.

— **yukta**, mfn. applied in the wrong place, Sāh.

— **sthā-pada**, mfn. having a word in the wrong place, Kpr. — **sthā-samāsa**, mfn. having a compound in the wrong place, ib.

**A-sthānin**, mfn. not being in one's proper place or order, Āśvār.

**A-sthāyin**, mfn. not permanent, transient, Rājat.; Sāring. &c. **Asthāyi-tva**, n. non-permanency, inconstancy, Suśr.

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