

आदृ *ā-√dri* (Pāṇ. vii, 4, 28), Ā. -*driyate*, rarely poet. P. [ādriyat, BhP. iv, 4, 7] to regard with attention, attend to, be careful about (acc.), ŚBr.; AitBr.; MBh.; Śak. &c.; to respect, honour, reverence, Pañcat.; BhP.; Ragh.

Ā-dara, *as*, m. respect, regard, notice; care, trouble, Pañcat.; Hit.; Ragh.; Kir. &c.; ādaram-*√1. kṛi*, to exert or interest one's self for; ādarena and ādarāt, adv. respectfully; carefully, zealously. -vat, mfn. showing respect, solicitous, Kād.

Ā-darana, *am*, n. showing respect or regard.

Ā-daraniya, mf(ā)n. to be attended to or regarded, venerable, respectable. -tva, n. the state of being venerable.

Ā-dartavya, mfn. = ā-daraniya above.

Ā-duri, mfn. attentive, NBD. (according to Sāy. on RV. iv, 30, 24 belonging to ā-√dri below).

Ā-drita, mf(ā)n. attentive, careful, zealous, diligent, R.; Pañcat.; BhP.; Ragh. &c.; respected, honoured, worshipped, Mn.; Kathās. &c.

1. Ā-dritya, mf(ā)n. venerable, respectable, R.; Bhaṭṭ.

2. Ā-dritya, ind. p. having respected, having honoured.

आदृश *ā-√driś*, Ā. (3. sg. perf. Pass. -dādriśe, RV. x, 111, 7) to appear, be seen: Caus. -darśayati, to show, exhibit.

Ā-darsā, *as*, m. the act of perceiving by the eyes; a looking-glass, mirror, ŚBr.; BrĀrUp.; MBh.; R. &c.; 'illustrating,' a commentary (often = *darpana*); ideal perfection; a copy, Comm. on VarBr.; N. of a son of the eleventh Manu, Hariv.; N. of a country, Comm. on Pāṇ.; of a species of Soma, L.; of a mountain. -bimba, m. a round mirror, Kum. vii, 22. -maṇḍala, m. 'having mirror-like spots,' N. of a species of serpent, Suśr.; a round mirror, L. -maya, mfn. being a mirror, Kād.

Ā-darsaka, mfn. (Comm. on Pāṇ. iv, 2, 124) belonging to the country Ādarśa; (*as*), m. a mirror, R.

Ā-darsita, mfn. shown, pointed out, Ragh. iv, 38.

Ā-dṛishṭi, f. sight; a glance, look, Daś. -go-caram, ind. within range of sight, Kathās. -prā-saram, ind. id., Amar. 74.

आदृ *ā-√dri*, P. Ā. (2. sg. Subj. ā-darshi, RV. viii, 6, 23, &c.; 3. sg. Subj. aor. ā-darshate, RV. x, 120, 6; 2. sg. Subj. Intens. ā-dardarshi, RV. ii, 12, 15) to crush, force or split open; to make accessible, bring to light: Intens. (2. sg. Impv. ā-dardṛihi, RV. iii, 20, 24) to crack, split open.

Ā-dardirā, mfn. crushing, splitting, RV. x, 78, 16.

Ā-dārā, *as*, m. (according to Sāy. on RV. i, 46, 5 = ā-dara fr. ā-√dri above), N. of a plant that can be substituted for the Soma. -bimbī, f. a plant.

Ā-dārin, mfn. breaking open, RV. viii, 45, 13. -bimbī (ā-dāri-), f., N. of a plant, Suśr.

Ā-dīrya, ind. p. having cracked, ŚBr. xiv, 1, 2, 12.

Ā-duri, m. 'destroyer (of enemies),' N. of Indra, RV. iv, 30, 24 [Sāy.; see also under ā-√dri above].

आदेय *ā-deya*, mfn. See under ā-√1. dā above.

आदेव 1. ādeva, mf(ā)n. v. l. *adeva*, q. v.

आदेव 2. ā-deva, *as*, m. (scil. *jana*) 'all creatures including the gods' (Sāy. on RV. ii, 4, 1); mf(ā)n. devoted to the gods [NBD.]

आदेवक *ā-devaka*, mf(ā)n. (√div), one who sports or plays, L.

Ā-devana, *am*, n. a place for playing, ĀśvGr. i, 5, 5; Gobh.; a means of playing, L.; gain in playing, L.

आदे *ā-√dai*, Ā. only p. pr. 2. Ā-dāyamāna, mfn. (for 1. see ā-√1. dā) examining, proving, MBh.

आदो *ā-√do*, P. -dāti, -dyāti (Subj. 1. pl. ā-dyāmasi, &c.) to reduce to small pieces, to crush, AV.

3. Ā-dāna, *am*, n. reducing to small pieces, crushing, Jaim.; a part; (for 1. and 2. ādāna see ā-√1. dā and ā-√4. dā.)

आद्य *ā-adya*, mf(ā)n. (√ad), to be eaten, edible, AV. viii, 2, 19; (*am*), n. food; grain, L.

आद्युत *ā-√2. dyut*, Ā. (pf. 3. sg. -didyōta) to grow rotten, AV. vi, 24, 2.

आद्युन *ādyūna*, mf(ā)n. [etym. doubtful], shamelessly voracious, greedy, MBh.; Rājat.

आद्योत *ā-dyota*, *as*, m. (fr. √1. dyut), light, brilliance, L.

आद्रिसार *ādrisāra*, mf(ā)n. (fr. adri-s^o), made of iron, iron, R.

आदृ *ā-√1. dru*, P.-dravati, to run towards, hasten towards, approach running, ŚBr.; VS.; AitBr.; MBh.

Ā-drava (?), *as*, m., N. of a man, VāyuP.

आद्वादशम *ā-dvādaśdm*, ind. up to twelve, RV. x, 114, 6.

आद्वारम *ā-dvāram*, ind. up to the gate or door, MārkP.

आधमन *ā-dhamana*, *am*, n. (fr. ā-√dhā), pledging, Maṇ. viii, 165.

आधमण्य *ādhamarṇya*, *am*, n. (fr. adhamarna), the state of being a debtor, Pāṇ. ii, 3, 70, &c.

आधर *ā-dhara*. See under ā-√dhṛi.

आधर्मिक *ādharmika*, mf(ā)n. (fr. a-dharma), unjust, unrighteous, Kāty. on Pāṇ. iv, 4, 41.

आधर्य *ādharya*, *am*, n. (fr. adhara), the state of being inferior or of losing a cause (in law), Vishṇus.

आधर्ष *ā-dharsha*, &c. See under ā-√dhrish.

आधव *ā-dhava*, &c. See under ā-√dhu.

आधा *ā-√dhā*, P. Ā. -dadhāti, -dhatte (in the later language usually Ā.), [1. sg. ā-dadhāmi, AV. ii, 10, 5, &c.; Impv. 2. sg. ā-dhehi, AV. vi, 26, 1, &c.; pf. 3. pl. -dadhus, RV. viii, 103, 1, &c.; aor. 3. pl. ā-dhus, RV. iv, 6, 6, &c.; p. -dadhāna, p. Pass. -dhiyamāna (in comp., e.g. ā-dhiyamāna-citta, Rājat. v, 164); perf. -dadhu, &c.; see under √1. dhā], (P. and Ā.) to place on, put down, deposit, put; to impregnate, instil (e.g. good sentiments), impress, direct; to apply, appoint; RV.; AV.; ŚBr.; MBh. &c.; to add (fuel to fire), RV.; ŚBr.; ĀśvGr.; PārGr. &c.; to give or deposit in pledge, stake (money), RV.; to give, supply, lend, deliver, RV.; AV.; PārGr.; BhP. &c.; to accept, receive, RV.; AV.; MBh.; BhP. &c.; to make, constitute, effect, Ragh.; Mālav.; Rājat. &c.; (only Ā.) to keep, preserve, appropriate to one's self, hold, possess, take; to conceive (as a woman), get children, RV. &c.: Caus. -dhāpayati, to cause to put: Desid. Ā.-dhītate, to wish to kindle (a fire), TBr.; P. (p. -dhīsat) to be about to take up (a stick for punishing), MBh. xii, 3170.

Ā-dhātavya, mfn. to be distributed or assigned, Comm. on Nyāyam.

Ā-dhātri, m. one who has kindled the sacred fire, Nyāyam.; the giver (of knowledge), a teacher, Mālav.

Ā-dhāna, *am*, n. putting near or upon, depositing, placing, ŚBr.; KātySr.; Mn. &c.; lighting, kindling, placing a fire (especially the sacred fire, cf. agny-ā above), ŚBr.; KātySr.; ĀśvGr. &c.; impregnating (cf. garbhā), Megh. iii, &c.; a ceremony performed before coition; adding, Vām.; causing, effecting, MBh.; Ragh.; Megh. &c.; pledging, depositing, Yājñ.; taking, having, receiving; assigning, attributing, employing; containing, being in possession of; the place in which anything is deposited or rests, ŚBr.; the bit of a bridle, TS. -kārikā, f., N. of a work. -paddhati, f. id. -vidhi, m. id.

Ādhānika, *am*, n. a ceremony performed before conception, L.

Ā-dhāya, ind. p. having placed, Mricch.; having given; having delivered, MBh.; having received.

Ā-dhāyaka, mf(ikā)n. [Pāṇ. iii, 3, 10] ifc. bestowing, giving; causing, effecting, Sāh. -tva, n. the state of giving &c., ib.

Ā-dhāyin, mfn. ifc. = ā-dhāyaka above, Rājat. -tā, f. the state of causing &c., ib.

1. Ā-dhī, *is*, m. (for 2. see p. 139, col. 2) a receptacle, BhP. xi, 13, 33; place, situation, L.; foundation, Nyāyam.; a pledge, deposit, pawn, mortgage,

RV.; Mn.; Yājñ.; hire, rent, Āp.; an attribute, title, epithet (cf. upddhi), L. -tā, f. the nature or circumstance of a pledge, Comm. on Yājñ. -bhoga, m. enjoyment or use of a deposit (use of a horse, cow, &c. when pledged), Gaut. xii, 35.

Ā-dhītsu, mfn. (fr. the Desid.), wishing to receive, Comm. on TBr. i, 58, 3.

Ādhī-*√1. kṛi*, to pledge, mortgage, pawn, make a deposit, Comm. on Yājñ. -karāna (ādhī-), n. pledging, mortgaging. -kṛita, mfn. pledged, pawned, mortgaged. -kṛitya, ind. p. having pledged, &c.

Ā-dheyā, mf(ā)n. to be kindled or placed (as a fire), Comm. on Pāṇ. ii, 3, 69; to be deposited or placed; to be pledged or mortgaged, Yājñ.; to be assigned or attributed or given or conceded, Pañcat. &c.; being contained, comprehended, included, Comm. on Pāṇ. ii, 3, 4; Bālar.; being imputed, Bālar.; (am), n. putting on, placing (cf. agnyā above), ĀśvSr. &c.; an attribute, predicate, Sāh. &c.; to be effected; to be fixed, T.

Ā-hita, mfn. placed on, placed, deposited, put on, Pāṇ. viii, 4, 8; RV.; AV.; MBh. &c.; added (as fuel to the fire); one who has added; deposited, pledged, pawned, Comm. on Yājñ. &c.; given, delivered; conceived; performed, done, effected, MBh.; entertained, felt, L.; comprising, containing. -krama, mfn. overcome with fatigue, exhausted. -lakṣhana, mfn. noted or known for good qualities (=ā-hatal^o, q. v.), L.; one who has laid down his banner, T. -samit-ka, mfn. one who has added fuel to the fire or who keeps up a fire. Āhitāgni, mfn. one who has placed the sacred fire upon the altar; (is), m. sacrificer, a Brāhmaṇa who maintains a perpetual sacred fire in a family &c., TS.; ŚBr. &c.; āhitāgnī-ādi, m. a gaṇa (Pāṇ. ii, 2, 37). Āhitāṅka, mfn. marked, spotted, stained.

आधार *ā-dhāra*, &c. See under ā-√dhṛi.

आधाव *ā-√dhāv*, P. ā-dhāvati (Ā. only p. -dhāvamāna, MBh.) to flow towards, run near, RV. ix, 17, 4 and ix, 67, 14; to come running, run or hasten towards; to return, RV.; Lāty.; ŚBr.; Hariv.

आधि *ā-dhi*. See under ā-√dhā and ā-√dhyai.

आधिकरणिक *ādhikaraṇika*, *as*, m. (fr. adhikarana), a judge, government official, Mricch. (see adhi^o).

Ādhikārika, mf(ā)n. (fr. adhi-kāra), belonging to a chief master or principal person, Sāh. &c.; belonging to particular sections or head chapters (adhikāra), SāṅkhGr.; official, relating to any office or duty, Bādar.; (as), m. the supreme ruler, the supreme spirit, Bādar.

आधिक्य *ādhikya*, *am*, n. (fr. adhika), excess, abundance, superabundance, high degree; overweight, preponderance; superiority, R.; Mn.; Suśr.; Comm. on Pāṇ. &c.

आधिदैविक *ādhidaivika*, mf(ā)n. (fr. adhi-deva), relating to or proceeding from gods or from spirits, Mn.; Suśr.; proceeding from the influence of the atmosphere or planets, proceeding from divine or supernatural agencies.

Ādhidaivata, mfn. id. ib.

आधिपत्य *ādhipatya*, *am*, n. [Pāṇ. v, 1, 124] (fr. adhi-pati), supremacy, sovereignty, power, RV. x, 124, 5; AV. xviii, 4, 54; VS.; TS.; AitBr.; ŚBr.; Mn.; Yājñ.; Pañcat. &c.

आधिबन्ध *ādhī-bandha*. See under ā-√dhyai.

आधिभौतिक *ādhībhautika*, mf(ā)n. (fr. adhi-bhūta), belonging or relating to created beings, Suśr.; elementary, derived or produced from the primitive elements, material.

आधिमन्त्र *ādhīmanu*, avas, m. pl. (fr. adhi-manu), febrile heat, L.

आधिरथि *ādhīrathi*, *is*, m. (Pāṇ. iv, 1, 95) 'son of Adhi ratha,' N. of Karṇa, MBh.

आधिराज्य *ādhīrājya*, *am*, n. (fr. adhi-rāja), royalty, royal government, supreme sway, Ragh.; Bālar.

आधिवेदनिक *ādhivedanika*, mfn. (fr. adhi-vedana), belonging to a second marriage, T.; (am),