

MBh.; to embrace, Mn.; MBh.; BhP.; Śak.; R.; Pañcat.; Kathās. &c.: Caus. -śleshayati, to affix, stick on, Lāty.; Kātyār.; to embrace (see ā-śleshita).

**Ā-śliṣṭa**, mfn. adhering, clung to, ŚBr.; Kathās.; embracing, Hariv.; R.; Śiś.; embraced, surrounded; twisted round, MBh.; Kathās.; Ragh. &c.

**Ā-śleṣha**, as, m. intimate connection, contact; slight contact, L.; embracing, embrace; intwining, MBh.; BhP.; Megh.; Amar. &c.; adherence, clinging to, Nyāyam.; (ā), f. and (ās), f. pl., N. of the seventh Nakshatra, AV.; TS.; Suśr.; MBh.; VarBṛS.

**Ā-śleṣhanā**, am, n. adherence, hanging on, Nyāyam.

**Ā-śleṣhita**, mfn. embraced, R. v, 13, 58.

**आश्व āśva**, mf(i)n. (fr. aśva), belonging to a horse, equestrian, Nir.; Suśr.; drawn by horses (as a chariot), Comm. on Pāṇ.; (am), n. a number of horses, Pāṇ.; the state or action of a horse, Comm. on Pāṇ.; N. of several Sāmans.

**Āsvaghnā**, m. (fr. aśva-ghna), N. of a man, RV. x, 61, 22.

**Āsvatara**, m. (fr. aśva-tara), N. of Budila or Bulila, AitBr. **Āsvatarāśvi**, m. id., ŚBr.; ChUp.

**Āsvattha** (or <sup>o</sup>tthi or <sup>o</sup>tthika), mfn(i), gaṇa gau-rāddi, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 41) n. belonging to the Āsvattha tree (Ficus Religiosa), AitBr.; TS.; Kātyār.; ŚBr. &c.; relating to the fruit-bearing season of this tree, Comm. on Pāṇ.; belonging to the Nakshatra Āsvattha, L.; (am), n. the fruit of the Ficus Religiosa, Pāṇ. & L.

**Āsvapata**, mfn. belonging to Āśva-pati, Pāṇ.

**Āsvapālika**, m. f. a descendant of Āśva-pāli, Pāṇ.

**Āsvapeyin** or <sup>o</sup>pejin, m. followers or pupils of Āśva-pey(j)in, Pāṇ.

**Āsvabala**, mfn(i)n. coming from or made of the plant Āśva-balā, Suśr.

**Āsvabhārika**, mfn. (fr. aśva-bhāra), carrying a horse-load, Pāṇ.

**Āsvamedhā**, m. a descendant of Āśva-medha, RV. viii, 68, 15 & 16.

**Āsvamedhika**, mfn. (fr. id.), belonging to a horse-sacrifice, ŚBr.; Kātyār.; Ap.; (āśva-medhi-kam parva is the N. of the fourteenth book of the Mahā-bhārata.)

**Āsvayuj**, m. (fr. aśva-yuj), the month Āśvinā, MBh.

**Āsvayuja**, mfn(i)n. (fr. id.), born under the constellation Āsvayuj, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 36; belonging to or occurring in the month Āśvina, VarBṛS.; (as), m. the month Āśvina, Suśr.; Mn.; (i), f. (sc. paurnamāsi) day of full moon in that month, ĀśvGr.; PārGr.; Kātyār. **-karman** (āśva-yujī-), n. a Pākayajña or 'small sacrifice' [see Indian Wisdom, p. 197, note] to be performed on the day called Āsvayujī, ĀśvGr.; ŚāṅkhGr.; Gaut.

**Āsvayujaka**, mfn. sown on the day called Āsvayujī, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 45.

**Āsvaratha**, mfn. (fr. aśva-ratha), belonging to a chariot drawn by horses, Comm. on Pāṇ.

**Āsvalakshanika**, mfn. (fr. aśva-lakṣaṇa), knowing the marks of horses, Comm. on Pāṇ.

**Āsvavāra** and <sup>o</sup>vāla, mfn. made of the cane Āśva-vār(l)a, ŚBr.; Kātyār.; MaitrS.

**Āsvasūkta**, n., N. of a Sāman, = aśva-<sup>o</sup>, q.v.

**Āsvasūkti**, m. a descendant of Āśva-sūktin, TāṇḍyaBr.

**Āsvāyana**, as, m. a descendant of Āśva, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 110.

**Āsvika**, mfn. equestrian; relating to a horse; carrying a load of horses, Pāṇ.

1. **Āśvina**, mfn(i)n. like riders or horsemen, RV. ix, 86, 4; (am), n. a day's journey for a horseman, AV. vi, 131, 3.

2. **Āśvinā**, mfn. (fr. aśvin), belonging or devoted to the Āśvins, VS.; TS.; ŚBr.; Kātyār.; Āśvār.; (as), m., N. of a month in the rainy season (during which the moon is near to the constellation Āśvini); (i), f., N. of a kind of brick (iśṭakā), ŚBr.; Kātyār.; (am), n. the Nakshatra Āśvini, VarBṛS. **-cihnita**, n. the autumnal equinox, L. **-pātrā**, n. the vessel belonging to the Āśvins, ŚBr. iv, 1, 5, 19.

**Āsvineya**, as, m. (fr. aśvin), N. of Nakula; of Saha-deva, MBh.; (fr. aśvini), N. of either of the two Āśvins, Naish.

**Āśvina**, mfn. as much as can be passed over by a horse in one day (as a way or road), Pāṇ. v, 2, 19;

(am), n. a day's journey for a horse, AitBr.; TāṇḍyaBr.

**Āśveya**, as, m. (gaṇa subhrāddi, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 123), a descendant of Aśva.

**आश्वपत् āśv-apas**, &c. See under āśu.

**आश्वलायन āśvalāyana**, as, m. (fr. aśvala, gaṇa naḍādi, Pāṇ. iv, 1, 99), N. of a pupil of Śau-naka's, author of Sūtra or ritual works (relating to the Rig-veda) and founder of a Vedic school; (mf(i)n.) relating or belonging to Āśvalāyana; (ās), m. the school of Āśvalāyana. **-gṛihya-kārikā**, f. and **-brāhmaṇa**, n., N. of works. **-sākhā**, f. the school of Āśvalāyana. (*Āśvalāyanasākhin*, mfn. belonging to the school of Āśvalāyana.)

**आश्वस् ā-√śvas**, P. -śvasiti and -śvasati (Impv. 2. sg. -śvasihi and -śvasa [MBh. vi, 490]; impf. -śvasat [Bhaṭṭ.] and -śvasat [Kathās. xxxiii, 129]), Ā. -śvasate, to breathe, breathe again or freely; to take or recover breath, take heart or courage; to revive, MBh.; R.; Kathās.; BhP. &c.: Caus. -śvāsayati, to cause to take breath; to encourage, comfort; to calm, console, cheer up, MBh.; Suśr.; Ragh.; Kum. &c.

**Ā-śvasya**, ind. p. taking heart or confidence, MBh.

**Ā-śvāsa**, as, m. breathing again or freely, taking breath; recovery, Suśr.; cheering up, consolation; relying on, Kathās.; a chapter or section of a book, Sāh.

**Ā-śvāsaka**, mfn. causing to take breath or courage, consolatory, comforting, L.

**Ā-śvāsana**, am, n. causing to revive, refreshing, reviving; consoling, encouraging, cheering up, MBh.; R.; Pañcat.; Kathās.; refreshment, recreation, consolation, comfort, Bālar.; Veṇīs. &c.

**Ā-śvāsanīya**, mfn. to be refreshed or cheered up, Uttarar.

**Ā-śvāsita**, mfn. encouraged, animated, comforted, consoled, Daś.; BhP.; Pañcat. &c.

**Āśvāsin**, mfn. breathing freely, reviving, becoming cheerful, Śak. 35 a.

**Ā-śvāsya**, mfn. to be acquiesced in, Megh.

**आशाद् āshādha**, as, m. (fr. a-shādhā), N. of a month (corresponding to part of June and July) in which the full moon is near the constellation Ashādha, Suśr.; VarBṛS.; Megh.; Kathās. &c.; a staff of the wood of the Palāsa (carried by an ascetic during certain religious observances in the month Ashādha), Pāṇ. v, 1, 110; Kum. &c.; N. of a prince, MBh.; the Malaya mountain, L.; a festival (of Indra), Ap. i, 11, 20; (ās), f. (for a-shādhā, q.v.) the twenty-first and twenty-second lunar mansions (commonly compounded with pūrvā and uttara), L.; (i), f. the day of full moon in the month Ashādha, Kātyār.; Vait.; (mfn.) belonging to the month Ashādha, VarBṛS. **-pura**, n., N. of a mythical mountain, Kathās. **-bhava**, mfn. produced in the month Ashādha; (as), m. the planet Mars, L. **-bhūti**, m., N. of a man, Pañcat. **Āshādhdri-pura**, n., N. of a mythical mountain, Kathās. **Āshādhdhā-bhū**, m. produced in the month Ashādha; the planet Mars, L.

**Āshādhdaka**, as, m. the month Ashādha, L.; N. of a man, Kathās.; (ikā), f., N. of a Rākshasi, R.

**Āshādhi**, is, m. a descendant of Ashādha, ŚBr.

**Āshādhiya**, mfn. born under the constellation Ashādha, Kāty. on Pāṇ. iv, 3, 34.

**आष्टक āṣṭaka**, am, n., N. of a district, Pat. on Kāty. Vart. 31 on Pāṇ. iv, 2, 104.

**Āṣṭakīya**, mfn. belonging to or coming from the above country, ib.

**आष्टम āṣṭama**, as, m. (fr. aśṭama), the eighth part, Pāṇ.

**Āṣṭamīka**, mfn. taught in the eighth (book of Pāṇini), Pat.

**आष्ट्र āṣṭra**, am, n. (fr. √1. aś, Uṇ. iv, 159), ether, sky, atmosphere; (ās), f. a prick or goad for driving cattle (= aśṭrā, q.v.), Kāty.; (i), f. an extensive forest [Sāy.], RV. x, 165, 3.

**आष्ट्रा āṣṭhā**, f. region, quarter, L.

**आस ās**, ind. (an interjection implying

joy, anger, menace, pain, affliction, recollection) Ah! Oh! &c.

**आस** 2. ās, cl. 2. Ā. āste (and āsate, AV. xi, 8, 32, &c.; Impv. 2. sg. ās-sva, āsva, and āsasva; 2. pl. ādhvam; p. āsānā, āsat [R.], and āsīna [see below]; āsām-cakre [Pāṇ. iii, 1, 87]; āsīhyate; āsīṣṭa; āsītum) to sit, sit down, rest, lie, RV.; AV.; ŚBr.; Mn.; MBh.; Śak. &c.; to be present; to exist; to inhabit, dwell in; to make one's abode in, RV.; AV.; VS.; MBh. &c.; to sit quietly, abide, remain, continue, RV.; AV. &c.; to cease, have an end, Pañcat.; Daś.; Hit. &c.; to solemnize, celebrate; to do anything without interruption; to continue doing anything; to continue in any situation; to last; (it is used in the sense of 'continuing,' with a participle, adj., or subst., e.g. etat sāma gāyann āste, 'he continues singing this verse;' with an indeclinable participle in tvā, ya, or am, e.g. uparudhya arim āsīta, 'he should continue blockading the foe;' with an adverb, e.g. tūshṇīm āste, 'he continues quiet;' sukham āsva, 'continue well;' with an inst. case, e.g. sukhendste, 'he continues well;' with a dat. case, e.g. āstām tūshṇīye, 'may it be to your satisfaction'): Caus. āsayati, to cause any one to sit down, Comm. on Pāṇ.: Desid. Ā. āsīsīhate, ib.; [cf. Gk. ἡ(σ)-μα, ἡ(σ)-ται: Lat. āsa changed to āra; ā-nus for ās-nus.]

1. **Āsa**, as, m. seat (in sv-āsa-śhā, q.v.), RV.; TS.; ŚBr. &c.; the lower part of the body behind, posteriors, ChUp.

1. **Āsana** (but āsand, ŚBr.), am, n. sitting, sitting down, Kātyār.; Mn.; sitting in peculiar posture according to the custom of devotees, (five or, in other places, even eighty-four postures are enumerated; see padmāsana, bhadrāsana, vajrāsana, vīrāsana, svastikāsana: the manner of sitting forming part of the eightfold observances of ascetics); halting, stopping, encamping; abiding, dwelling, AV. xx, 127, 8; Ma.; Yājñ.; Hit. &c.; seat, place, stool, Kātyār.; ŚBr. xiv; Kum.; Mn. &c.; the withers of an elephant, the part where the driver sits, L.; maintaining a post against an enemy; (ās), f. stay, abiding, L.; (i), f. stay, abiding, sitting, L.; a shop, a stall, L.; a small seat, a stool, Kauś. **-bandha**, m. the act of sitting down, Ragh. ii, 6. **-mantra**, m. a Mantra or sacred formula to be spoken at taking a seat, T. **-vidhi**, m. the ceremony of offering a seat to a visitor. **-sthā**, mfn. abiding on a seat, sitting, Mn.; Ratnāv. **-ī-√1. kṛi**, to make a seat of anything (e.g. of a lotus), Kād.

**Āsikā**, f. turn or order of sitting, Comm. on Pāṇ.; sitting, ib.

**Āsita**, mfn. seated, being at rest; one who has sat down, one who is seated or dwells, Kathās.; R. &c.; (am), n. sitting, sitting down, Sāh.; MBh.; a seat; a place where one has lived, an abode, R.; way or manner of sitting (cf. dur-<sup>o</sup>); N. of several Sāmans.

**Āsitavya**, only am, n. (used impersonally) to be seated, BhP.

**Āsīna**, mfn. sitting, seated. **-pracalāyita**, n. nodding when seated, falling asleep on a seat, Rājat.

**Āsyā**, f. sitting, Suśr.; abiding, abode; state of rest, L.

**आस 3. ās (ā-√2. as)**, P. āsyati, to throw upon, lay or put upon, TBr.; Kāty. : Ā. (Impv. 2. pl. āsyadhvam) to cause to flow in, pour in, RV. x, 30, 2; ŚBr. i; to put or throw on for one's self, MaitrS.

**आस 4. ās**, n. (?) mouth, face, (only in abl. & instr.) āsās (with the prep. ā), from mouth to mouth, in close proximity, RV. vii, 99, 7; āsā and āsayā (generally used as an adv.), before one's eyes; by word of mouth; personally; present; in one's own person; immediately, RV. vi, 16, 9, &c. **-pātra**, n. a vessel fit for the mouth, a drinking vessel, ŚBr.

1. **Āsān**, n. (defective, Pāṇ. vi, 1, 63), mouth, jaws, RV.; AV.; VS.; ŚBr.; TBr. **-ishu** (āsānn-), mfn. having arrows in the mouth, RV. i, 84, 16.

**-vāt**, mfn. having a mouth (?); showing the mouth; present, AV. vi, 12, 2.

**Āsanyā**, mfn. being in the mouth, ŚBr. xiv, 4, 1, 8.

**Āsyā**, am, n. [isc. mf(ā)n.] mouth, jaws, RV.; AV.; VS.; MBh. &c.; face, Yājñ.; (mfn.) belonging to the mouth or face, belonging to that part of