

Kāntika, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, VP.
Kāntī, f., N. of a town. — **nagari**, f., N. of a city in the north (for *kānti-nagari*, cf. *kānti-pura*).

कान्तार *kāntāra*, as, am, m. n. a large wood, forest, wilderness, waste, MBh.; R.; Yajñ. ii, 38; Kathās.; Pañcat.; a difficult road through a forest, forest-path, L.; a hole, cavity, L.; (as), m. a red variety of the sugar-cane, Suśr.; a bamboo, L.; the mountain ebony (*Bauhinia variegata*), L.; (in music) a kind of measure, (i), f. a kind of sugar-cane, L.; (am), n. a national calamity, calamity, Kāraṇḍ. xlvi, 15 & 20; the blossom of a kind of lotus, lotus, L.; a symptom or symptomatic disease, W. — **ga**, mfn. wood-going. — **patha**, m. a path through a forest, Daś. — **opathika**, mfn. going on or conveyed on forest-roads, Pāṇ. v, 1, 77, Vārtt. i. — **bhava**, m. a dweller in the woods, VarBrS. — **vāsini**, f. 'wood-dwelling,' N. of Durgā, MBh. vi, 23, 11. **Kāntārekshu**, m. a kind of sugar-cane, Bhpr. ii, 64.

Kāntāraka, as, m. a kind of sugar-cane, L.; (as), m. pl., N. of a people, MBh. ii, 1117; (ikā), f. a kind of bee, Suśr.

कान्तोत्पीडा *kāntōtpīḍā*. See *kānta*.

कान्थक *kānthaka*, am, n. 'coming from the town Kanthā,' a particular substance, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 103.

Kānthika, mfn. (fr. *kanthā*), Pāṇ. iv, 2, 102.

कान्थक्य *kānthakya*, as, m. a descendant of Kanthaka, gaṇa *gargādi*; ^०*kyāyanī*, f., gaṇa *lohitādi*.

कान्द *kānda*, gaṇa *asmādi*.

Kāndakāyana, as, m. a descendant of Kāndaki, gaṇa *taulvalyādi*, Kāś.

Kāndaki, is, m. a patr., gaṇa *taulvalyādi*, Kāś.

कान्दम *kāndama*, as, m. a patr. of Eka-yāvan, TBr. ii, 7, 11, 2; (cf. *gām-dama*.)

कान्दपे *kāndarpa*, as, m. descended from or relating to Kandarpa, gaṇa *biddādi*.

Kāndarpika, am, n. 'treating of aphrodisiacs,' N. of the seventy-sixth Adhyāya of VarBrS.

कान्दव *kāndava*, mfn. (fr. *kandu*), roasted or baked in an iron pan or oven (as bread cakes &c.), W.

Kāndavika, mfn. employed in baking, L.; (as), m. a baker, Pañcad.

कान्दाविष *kāndā-vishá*, am, n. a species of poison, AV. x, 4, 22.

कांदिश *kāndiś*, k, mfn. (fr. *kām diśam*, 'to which region shall I fly?'), put to flight, running away, flying, MBh. xii, 6320; (cf. MBh. iii, 11113.) **Kāndig-bhūta**, mfn. run away, MBh. v, 1870; MārkP.

Kāndiśi-, ind. with $\sqrt{bhū}$, to take to flight, L.

Kāndiśika, mfn. running away, MBh. ix, 134; Rājat. &c.

कान्दुला *kāndulā*, f. a particular Rāgiṇī.

कान्दूरा *kāndurā*, f. a kind of plant, Gal.

कान्यकुञ्ज *kānyakubja*, am, n., N. of a city (= *kanya-kubja*, q.v.), MBh.; R.; BhP. &c.; (mf(i)n.) belonging to or dwelling in Kānyakubja; (i), f. a princess or a female inhabitant of Kānyakubja, Comm. on Pāṇ. iv, 1, 78. [In Kathās. lxi, 219 wrongly printed Kānyakubja.]

कान्यजा *kānyajā*, f. a kind of perfume, L.

कापट *kāpaṭa*, mf(i)n. (fr. *kapaṭa*), addicted to deceit or fraud, dishonest, VarBrS.

Kāpaṭika, mf(i)n. fraudulent, dishonest, wicked, perverse, bad, L.; (as), m. a flatterer, parasite, W.; a student, scholar, L.

Kāpaṭya, am, n. deceit, fraud, dishonesty, wickedness, W.

कापटव *kāpatava*, as, m. (gaṇa *sāṅgara-vāḍi*) a son or descendant of Kāpaṭu, VBr.; (i), f. a female descendant of Kāpaṭu, Comm. on Pāṇ. iv, 1, 78.

Kāpaṭavaka, mfn. coming from Kāpaṭava or from his family, Comm. on Pāṇ. iv, 3, 80.

कापथ *kā-patha*, as, m. (fr. 2. *kā+patha*), a bad road, bad ways, erring or evil course, Pāṇ. vi, 3, 104 & 108; Vop. vi, 94; MBh. v, 4193; R. ii, 108, 7; v, 86, 2; (as), m. N. of a Dānava, Hariv. 14287; (am), n. the fragrant root of Andropogon muricatus, L.

कापाकापाः *kāpākāpā*, f. a carriage (Gmn.), RV. x, 40, 3.

कापाटिक *kāpāṭika*, mfn. = *kapāṭikēva*, gaṇa *śarkarāḍi* (*kāpālikā*, Kāś.); also v.l. for *kāpāṭika*, L.

कापालः *kāpāla*, mf(i)n. (fr. *kapāla*), relating to the skull or cranium, R. i, 29, 13; VarBrS. (= Pañcat.); made of skulls, Prasannar. lxxviii, 15; (as), m. a follower of a particular Śaiva sect of ascetics (see *kāpālikā*); the plant *Cucumis utilissimus*, L.; (ās), m. pl. the school of Kapālin; (i), f. the Embelia Ribes, L.; a clever woman, L.; (am), n. a kind of leprosy, Car. vi, 7.

Kāpāli, is, m., N. of a Siddha, Sarvad.

Kāpālikā, mf(i)n. relating to or belonging to a skull (= *kapālikēva*), gaṇa *śarkarāḍi*, Pāṇ. v, 3, 107; (as), m. a kind of Śaiva ascetic who carries a human skull and uses it as a receptacle for his food (he belongs to the left-hand sect), VarBrS.; Bhartṛ. i, 64; Prab. liii, 5; Kathās. &c.; N. of a mixed class (*kapālin*), L.; N. of a teacher; (am), n. a kind of leprosy; (mfn.) peculiar to a Kāpālikā, Prab.; Pañcat.

Kāpālin, ī, m. 'adorned with skulls,' N. of Śiva, MBh. xiii, 1217 (cf. *kapālin*); N. of a mixed caste, BrahmavP.; N. of a son of Kṛishṇa and Yaudhishthirī, Hariv. 9196.

कापिक *kāpika*, mf(i)n. (fr. *kapi*), shaped or behaving like a monkey, gaṇa *aṅgulyādi*.

कापिञ्जल *kāpiñjala*, mfn. (fr. *kap°*), coming from the francoline partridge, Kauś. 46; (as), m. a patr. fr. *kap°* (v.l. *kup°*), gaṇa *sivāḍi*.

Kāpiñjalāda, ās, m. pl. the school of Kāpiñjalādya, Pat.

Kāpiñjalādi, is, m. a patr. fr. *kapiñjalāda*, gaṇa *kurvādi*.

Kāpiñjalādya, as, m. a patr. fr. *°lādi*, ib.

Kāpiñjali, is, m. a patr. fr. *kapiñjala*, Pat.

कापित्त *kāpittha*, mfn. (fr. *kapittha*), belonging to the tree *Feronia elephantum*, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 140.

Kāpitthaka, as, m. (?) N. of a place, Comm. on VarBr.

Kāpitthika, mfn., N. of certain ascetics, Hariv. 7988; (ās), f. (perhaps) the tree *Feronia elephantum*, Hariv. 7984.

कापिलः *kāpila*, mf(i)n. (fr. *kapila*), peculiar or belonging to or derived from Kapila, MBh.; R.; of a tawny or brownish colour, L.; (as), m. a follower of the teacher Kapila, follower of the Sāṅkhya system of philosophy (founded by Kapila), MBh. xii; Kāvyād.; Hcar.; a tawny colour, L.; (am), n., N. of a work by Kapila (= *sāṅkhya*, or according to others an *Upa-purāṇa*), Pañcar.; (with *tīrtha*) N. of a Tīrtha, SkandaP.; KapSamh. — **pu-rāṇa**, n., N. of a work. — **bali**, m., N. of a man, Car. **Kāpilēśvara-tīrtha**, n., N. of a Tīrtha, ŚivaP. **Kāpilikā**, as, m. a metron. fr. *kapilikā*, gaṇa *sivāḍi*.

Kāpileya, mfn. derived from Kapila, Pañcar.; (as), m. a patr. fr. *kapila* or a metron. fr. *kapilā*, AitBr. vii, 17; MBh.

Kāpilya, mfn. fr. *kapila*, gaṇa *samkāśādi*.

कापिवन *kāpivana*, as, m. (fr. *kapi-v°*), N. of a festival lasting two days, Kātyārī. — **कापिश** *kāpiśa*, am, n. (fr. *kapiśa*), a kind of spirituous liquor, L.; (i), f., N. of a place, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 99.

Kāpisāyana, mf(i)n. coming from Kāpiśi (e.g. *madhu*, honey, or *drākshā*, grape, W.), Pāṇ. iv, 2, 99; (as), m. a patr. or metron., Pravar.; (am), n. a kind of spirituous liquor, Śiś. x, 4; a deity, L.

Kāpiseya, as, m. (fr. *kapiśā*), a Piśāca, imp., goblin, L.

कापिष्ठल *kāpishṭhala*, as, m. a son or descendant of Kapishṭhala, Comm. on Nir. iv, 14; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people (cf. *Kaμβισθολοί*), VarBrS. — **kaṭha**, m. pl., N. of a school of the Yajur-veda.

Kāpishṭhalāyana, mfn. (fr. *kāpishṭhala*), Pāṇ. viii, 3, 91, Pat.

Kāpishṭhali, is, m. a son or descendant of Kapishṭhala, gaṇa *kraudyādi*; Pāṇ. viii, 3, 91, Vārtt.; (i), f. of *li*, gaṇa *kraudyādi*.

कापी *kāpi*, f. a patr. fr. *kāpya*; N. of a river, MBh. vi, 9, 24; VP. — **putra**, m., N. of a teacher, BrĀrUp.

कापियकानिका, as, m., N. of a Muni, VāyuP.

Kāpeya, mf(i)n. (fr. *kāpi*), belonging or peculiar to a monkey, R. vi, 111, 19; (as), m. a descendant of Kāpi, Comm. on Pāṇ. iv, 1, 107; (pl.) TāṇḍyaBr.; (am), n. monkey tricks, Pāṇ. v, 1, 127.

1. **Kāpya**, as, m. (Pāṇ. iv, 1, 107; gaṇa *gargāḍdi*) a descendant of Kāpi, BrĀrUp.

Kāpyāyanī, f. of *kāpya*, gaṇa *lohitādi*.

कापुरुष *kā-purusha*, as, m. (fr. 2. *kā*; Pāṇ. vi, 3, 106; Vop. vi, 94), a contemptible man, coward, wretch, R.; Pañcat.; Hit.; (mf(ā)n.) unmanly, cowardly, miserable, Hariv.; R. vi, 88, 13. — **tā**, f. and **-tva**, n. unmanliness, cowardliness.

Kāpurushya, am, n. unmanliness, meanness, cowardice, gaṇa *brāhmaṇāḍdi*.

कापोत *kāpota*, mf(i)n. (fr. *kapota*, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 135, Sch., 154, Sch.), belonging to or coming from a pigeon, MBh.; BhP.; Pat.; of the colour of a pigeon, of a dull white colour, grey, VarBrS.; (as), m. natron, fossil alkali, L.; antimony, a collyrium or application for the eyes, W.; (i), f. a kind of plant, Suśr. ii, 173, 12; (am), n. a flock of pigeons, Comm. on Pāṇ. iv, 2, 44; antimony, L.; N. of two Sāmans, BrĀrUp. **Kāpotāñjana**, n. antimony, a collyrium for the eyes, L.

Kāpotaka, mfn. fr. *kapotakīya*, gaṇa *bilvakādi*.

Kāpotapākya, as, m. a prince of the Kapotapākas, Pāṇ. v, 3, 113, Kāś.

Kāpotaretasa, as, m. a patr. fr. *kapota-r°*, Comm. on ŚāṅkhBr. iii, 2.

Kāpoti, is, m. (Pat.) a patr. fr. *kapota*, MBh. xiv, 2712.

कापोल *kāpola*, ās, m. pl., N. of a school of the Sāma-veda.

काप्य 1. *kāpya*. See *kāpi*.

काप्य 2. *kāpya*, only in comp. — **kara**, mfn. confessing sin, L. — **kāra**, mfn. confessing sin, L.; (as), m. confession of sin, L.

काफल *kā-phala*, as, m. = *kaṭphala*, L.

काबन्ध *kābandha* (fr. *kab°*). See *kāv°*.

Kābandhya, am, n. the state of being a trunk.

काबव *kābavā*, as, m., N. of certain evil spirits, AV. iii, 9, 3-5.

काभर्ती *kā-bhartṛī*, ā, m. a bad husband or lord or master, Sāh.

काम *kām*, ind. an interjection used in calling out to another, L.

काम *kāma*, as, m. (fr. √2. *kam*; once *kāmā*