

गङ्गुक gaṅguka, for *kaṅg*^o, Suśr. i, 20, 2.

गङ्गुय gaṅguya (onomat.), P.^o *yati*, to shout, give a shout, TāṇḍyaBr. xiv, 3, 19.

गच्छ gaccha, as, m. (\sqrt{gam}) a tree, L.; the period (number of terms) of a progression, Āryabh. ii, 20 & Sch. on 19; family, race, Jain.; (*āś*), m. pl., N. of a people (v.l. for *kaksha*).

Gacchat, mfn. pr. p. P. fr. \sqrt{gam} , q. v.

गज gaj (for \sqrt{garj}), cl. I. P.^o *jati* (Dhātup. vii, 72), to sound, roar, Bhaṭṭ. xiv, 5; (derived fr. *gaja*) to be drunk or confused, Dhātup. vii, 72: cl. 10. P. *gajayati*, to sound, roar, ib. xxxii, 105.

Gaja, m. an elephant, ShadvBr. v, 3; Mn. &c. (ifc. f. *ā*, R. ii, 57, 7); (= *dig-g^o*) one of the 8 elephants of the regions, W.; (hence) the number 'eight,' Sūryas.; a measure of length (commonly Gaz, equal to two cubits = $1\frac{1}{2}$ or 2 Hastas), L.; a mound of earth (sloping on both sides) on which a house may be erected, Jyot.; = *puṭa*, q. v.; (in music) a kind of measure; N. of a man, MBh. vi, 3997; of an Asura (conquered by Śiva), KāśīKh. lxviii; of an attendant on the sun, L.; (*ā*), f. = *vīthi*, VarBrS. ix, 1 ff., Sch.; (*ī*), f. a female elephant, BhP. iv, 6, 26; x, 33, 23. — **kanda**, m. (= *hasti-k^o*) a kind of bulbous plant, L. — **kanyā**, f. a female elephant, R. ii. — **karna**, m. 'elephant-ear,' N. of a Yaksha, MBh. ii, 397; (*ī*), f. a kind of bulbous plant, Bhpr. v, 9, 108. — **kūrmāśin**, m. 'devouring an elephant and a tortoise,' N. of Garuḍa (in allusion to his swallowing both those animals whilst engaged in a contest with each other, cf. MBh. i, 1413), L. — **kṛishnā**, f. Scindapsus officinalis, Bhpr. — **gati**, f. a stately gait like that of an elephant, W. — **gāminī**, f. a woman of a stately elephant-like walk, W. — **carman**, n. an elephant's skin; a kind of leprosy. — **cirbhata**, f. Cucumis maderaspatanus, L. — **cirbhita**, m. id., L.; (*ā*), f. another kind of gourd, L. — **cchāyā**, f. 'an elephant's shadow,' a particular constellation, Yājñ. i, 218; PSarv.; (cf. Mn. iii, 274). — **jham-pa**, m. (in music) a kind of measure. — **dhakkā**, f. a kettle-drum carried on an elephant, L. — **tā**, f. the state of an elephant, Kathās. lxxiv, 22; a multitude of elephants, Pāṇ. iv, 2, 43, Pat. — **tu-ranga-vilasita**, n., N. of a metre; (cf. *rishabha-gaja-v^o*). — **tva**, n. the state of an elephant, BhP. viii, 4, 12. — **daghna**, mfn. (cf. Pāṇ. v, 2, 37) as high or tall as an elephant, W. — **danta**, m. an elephant's tusk, ivory, VarBrS. lxxix, 19; a pin projecting from a wall, L.; N. of Ganēśa (who is represented with an elephant's head), L.; a particular position of the hands, PSarv.; *-phalā*, f. a kind of pumpkin, L.; *-maya*, m(*ī*n). made of ivory, MBh. ii, 1853; R. v, 27, 11. — **dāna**, n. the exudation from an elephant's temples, L. — **daitya-bhid**, m. 'conqueror of the Daitya (or Asura) Gaja,' N. of Śiva, Gal. — **dvayasa**, mfn. (cf. Pāṇ. v, 2, 37) = *daghna*, W. — **nakra**, m. 'elephant-crocodile,' a rhinoceros, Gal. — **nāsā**, f. the trunk of an elephant, R. ii, 30, 30. — **nimiličā**, f. (= *ibha-n^o*) 'shutting the eyes (at anything) like an elephant,' feigning not to look at anything, Rājat. vi, 73; inattention, carelessness, L. — **nimilita**, n. (= *likā*) feigning not to look at anything, Kād. iii, 1080. — **pati**, m. a lord or keeper of elephants, Sīhās.; a title given to kings (e.g. to an old king in the south of Jambu-dvīpa), Rasik. vii, 3; a stately elephant, Śīś. vi, 55. — **pādapa**, m. 'elephant-tree,' *Bigonia suaveolens*, Bhpr. — **pippali**, f. = *krishnā*, Suśr. vi, 40, 36. — **pumgava**, m. a large elephant, Bhartṛ. — **puṭa**, m. a small hole in the ground for a fire (over which to prepare food or medicine), Bhpr. — **pura**, n. the town called after the elephant (i.e. Hāstina-pura), MBh. xiii, 7711. — **pushpa-maya**, m(*ī*n). made of Gaja-pushpi flowers (as a wreath), R. iv, 12, 45. — **pushpi**, f., N. of a flower, ib. 46. — **priyā**, f. 'dear to elephants,' *Boswellia serrata*, L. — **bandhana**, n. a post to which an elephant is bound, L.; (*ī*), f. id., L. — **bandhinī**, f. id., L. — **bhakshaka**, m. 'elephant's (favourite) food,' *Ficus religiosa*, L. — **bhakshā**, f. (= *priyā*) the gum Olibanum tree, L. — **bhakshyā**, f. id., L. — **bhujamgama**, m. du. an elephant and a serpent, W. — **mandana**, n. the ornaments with which an elephant is decorated (especially the coloured lines on his head), L. — **mandalikā**, f. a ring or circle of elephants surrounding a car &c., W.

— mada, m. = *-dāna*, VarYogay. ix, 18. — **malla**, m., N. of a man. — **mācalā**, m. = *kari-m^o*, q.v., L. — **mātra**, mfn. as tall as an elephant, W. — **muk-tā**, f. pearl supposed to be found in the projections of an elephant's forehead, L. — **mukha**, m. 'elephant-faced,' Gaṇēśa, VarBrS. lviii, 58. — **mo-cana**, m. = *-moṭana*, W. — **moṭana**, m. = *-mā-cala*, L. — **maukti**, n. = *-muktā*, Kir. xii, 41. — **yāna-vid**, mfn. expert in managing an elephant, W. — **yūtha**, n. a herd of elephants, Hit. — **yo-dhin**, mfn. fighting on an elephant, MBh. v, 5959; vi; Hariv. 13514. — **rāja**, m. 'king of elephants,' a noble elephant, W.; *-muktā*, f. = *gaja-m^o*. — **reva**, m., N. of an author of Prākrit verses, Hāl. — **lila**, m. (in music) a kind of measure. — **vat**, mfn. furnished with elephants, Ragh. ix, 10. — **va-dana**, m. = *-mukha*, Kathās. c, 44. — **vara**, m. the choicest or best of elephants, Jain. — **vallabhā**, f. = *-priyā*, L.; a kind of Kadali (growing on mountains), L. — **vāja**, n., g. *rājadantāddi* (Kāś.). — **vi-kāsi**, f. a variety of nightshade, Gal. — **vilasitā**, f., N. of a metre, W. — **vīthi**, *°thī*, f. 'the course of the elephant' or that division of the moon's course in the heavens which contains the signs Rohini, Mṛiga-siras, and Ārdrā, or (according to others) Punar-vasu, Tishya, and Āśleshā, AV. Paris. lli; VarBrS. ix, 1 f. — **vraja**, mfn. walking like an elephant, W.; n. the pace of an elephant, W.; a troop of elephants, W. — **sāstra**, n. a work treating of elephants or the method of breaking them in, Comm. on Pratāpar. — **śikshā**, f. the knowledge or science of elephants, elephant-lore, MBh. i, 4355. — **sīras**, m. 'elephant-headed,' N. of an attendant in Skanda's retinue, MBh. ix, 2562; N. of a Dānava, Hariv. 12934. — **sīrsha**, m. 'elephant-headed,' N. of a Nāga, Buddh. L. — **sāhvaya**, n. (= *-pura*) 'named after an elephant,' the city Hāstina-pura, MBh. iii, 9 & 1348; Kathās. xv, 6. — **sinha**, m., N. of an author of Prākrit verses; of a prince; *-caritra*, n., N. of a work. — **sukumāra-caritra**, n., N. of a work. — **skandha**, m. 'having shoulders like an elephant,' N. of a Dānava, Hariv. 12934; 'having a stem like an elephant's trunk,' Cassia Alata or Tora, L. — **sthāna**, n. a place where elephants are kept, elephant's stall, Yājñ. i, 278; N. of a locality, Romakas. — **snāna**, n. 'ablution of elephants,' unproductive efforts (as elephants, after squirting water over their bodies, end by throwing dust and rubbish), W. — **Gajākhyā**, m. 'named after an elephant (cf. *gaja-skandha*),' Cassia Alata or Tora, L. — **Gajāgrāni**, m. 'the most excellent among the elephants,' N. of Indra's elephant Airāvata, L. — **Gajājīva**, m. 'getting his livelihood by elephants,' an elephant-keeper or driver, L. — **Gajāṇḍa**, n. 'an elephant's testicle,' a kind of carrot, L. — **Gajādāna**, v.l. for *°jāṣana*. — **Gajādi-nāmā**, f. 'named by gaja and other names of an elephant,' = *°ja-pippali*, Suśr. iv, 18, 43. — **Gajādhipati**, m. = *°ja-rāja*, W. — **Gajādhyaksha**, m. the master of the elephants, VarBrS. lxxxvi, 34; Pañcat. iii, 87. — **Gajānana**, m. = *°ja-mukha*, GaṇP.; Sīhās. — **Gajānika**, m. 'having an army of elephants,' N. of a man, MBh. vii, 7011; Kathās. lviii. — **Gajāpasada**, m. a low-born elephant, Pañcat. i, 15, 2. — **Gajāyurveda**, m., N. of a medical work on the elephants. — **Gajāri**, m. (= *°ja-mācalā*) 'enemy of elephants,' a lion, L.; N. of a tree, L. — **Gajārūḍha**, mfn. riding on an elephant, W. — **Gajāroha**, m. 'riding on an elephant,' an elephant-driver, R. iii, v. — **Gajāśana**, m. = *°ja-bhakshaka*, L. (v.l. *°jāḍana*); (*ā*), f. = *°ja-priyā*, Suśr. vi, 40, 150; hemp, L.; a lotus-root, L. — **Gajāsura**, m. the Asura Gaja (slain by Śiva), Bālar. ii, 34; *-dveshin*, m. = *°ja-daitya-bhid*, L. — **Gajāsuhrid**, m. 'enemy of Gaja,' id., L. — **Gajāṣaya**, m. = *°ja-mukha*, L. — **Gajāhvā**, n. = *°ja-sāhvaya*, L.; (*ā*), f. = *°ja-pippali*, L. — **Gajāhvaya**, n. = *°ja-sāhvya*, MBh. iii, 279; BhP. i, 15, 38; m. pl. the inhabitants of Hāstina-pura, VarBrS. xiv, 4. — **Gajī-bhūta**, mfn. one who has become an elephant, Kathās. — **Gajēkshana**, m. 'elephant-eyed,' N. of a Dānava, Hariv. 12934. — **Gajēndra**, m. = *°ja-rāja*, MBh. i; Nal. xii, 40; *-karṇa*, m. 'having ears like the chief among elephants,' N. of Śiva, MBh. xii, 10351. — **nātha**, m. a very princely elephant, W.; *-mokshana*, n. 'liberation of the elephant (into which a Gandharva had been transformed),' N. of VāmP. lxxxiv (also said to be the N. of a part of MBh.); *-vikrama*, mfn. having the valour of an excellent elephant, W. — **Gajēshṭā**, f. 'dear to elephants,' Batatas paniculata, L. — **Gajōdara**, m. 'elephant-

bellied,' N. of an attendant in Skanda's retinue, MBh. ix, 2562; of a Dānava, Hariv. 12934. — **Gajō-shanā**, f. = *°ja-pippali*, L.

— **Gajin**, mfn. riding on an elephant, MBh. vi, 3301; BhP. x, 54, 7.

गजनवी gajanavī = غزنوي.

गज gañj, cl. I. P.^o *jati*, to sound, give out a particular sound, Dhātup. vii, 73.

1. **Gañja**, as, m. disrespect, L.

2. **Gañjana**, mfn. ifc. 'contemning,' excelling, Git. i, 19; x, 7; xii, 19; Sāh. iii, 59, Sch.; m. for *grīñj*^o.

गज 2. **gañja**, m. n. = كنج a treasury, jewel room, place where plate &c. is preserved, Rājat. iv f., vii; Kathās. xlivi, 30; lxxv, 30; (*as*, *ā*), m. f. a mine, L.; (*as*), m. a cowhouse or station of cowherds, L.; a mart, place where grain &c. is stored for sale, W.; (*ā*), f. a tavern, Rājat. viii, 3028; a drinking-vessel (esp. one for intoxicating liquors), L.; hemp, Bhpr. v, 1, 233; a hut, hovel, abode of low people (*pāmara-sadman*), W.; for *guñjā* (Abrus precatorius), W.; cf. *gagana*-, *dharma*. — **vara**, m. = كنجور a treasurer, Rājat. v, 176.

3. **Gañjājikā**, f. hemp, Npr.

4. **Gañjākini**, f. the points of hemp, Dhūrtas. ii, 11.

5. **Gañjikā**, f. a tavern, L.

गज gad, cl. I. P.^o *dati*, to distil or drop, run as a liquid, Dhātup. xix, 15: cl. 10. P. *gaḍa-yati*, to cover, hide, xxxv, 84.

6. **Gada**, as, m. a kind of gold-fish (the young of the Ophiocephalus Lata or another species, *Cyprinus Garra*), L.; a screen, covering, fence, L.; a moat, ditch, L.; an impediment, L.; N. of a district (part of Malva, commonly Garha or Garha Maṇḍala), L.; (*ā*), f. (in music) a kind of Rāginī; (cf. *trina-g^o*, *payo-g^o*). — **deśa-ja**, n. 'coming from the district Gada (in the province of Ajmīr)', rock or fossil salt, L. — **lavanya**, n. id., L. — **Gadākhya**, n. id., Bhpr. v, 1, 242. — **Gadōttha**, n. id., L.

7. **Gadaka**, as, m. (= *qa*) a kind of gold-fish, L.; (cf. *pānka-g^o*).

8. **Gadayanta**, as, m. (fr. pr. p.) 'covering,' a cloud, Un. iii, 128; (cf. *gaṇḍ*^o).

9. **Gadayitnu**, us, m. id., L.; (cf. *garday*^o).

10. **Gadera**, m. id., Un.; a torrent, Gaṇar. 34, Sch.

11. **Gaderaka**, m., N. of a man, Gaṇar. 34.

12. **गडि** gadī, m. = *gali* (a young steer), Kpr.

13. **गडिक** gadika, g. *sutamgamādi*.

14. **गडु** gadu, us, m. an excrescence on the neck (goitre or bronchocele), hump on the back, Pāṇ. ii, 2, 35, Vārtt. 3; i, 3, 37, Kāś.; any superfluous addition (to a poem), Kpr. (cf. Sāh. x, 13); a hump-backed man, L.; a javelin, spear, L.; an earthworm, L.; a water-pot, W.; (cf. *dor-g^o*). — **kan-thā**, mfn. having a goitre, Pāṇ. ii, 2, 35, Vārtt. 3, Pat. & Kāś.; Gaṇar. 91, Sch. — **sīras**, mfn. having an excrescence on the head, ib. — **Gadv-ādi**, a Gana of Pāṇ. ii, 2, 35, Vārtt. 3 (Gaṇar. 91).

15. **Gaduka**, m. a water-pot, W.; a finger-ring, W.; N. of a man, (pl.) his descendants, g. *upakādi*.

16. **Gadura**, mfn. hump-backed, L.

17. **Gadula**, m(*ī*, g. *gaurāḍdi*)n. (gaṇas sidhmāḍdi, brāhmaṇāḍdi, [in comp. or ifc.] *kaḍārāḍdi*) hump-backed, ShadvBr. iv, 4; (cf. *gaṇḍula*).

18. **Gadduka**, as, m. a kind of water-jar, L.; a vessel used for boiled rice, Bhagavati xvi, 4, 1, Sch.

19. **Gaddūka**, as, m. a kind of water-jar, L.

20. **गडर** gadera, *°raka*. See *√gad*.

21. **गडोल** gadola, as, m. (= *gaṇḍ*^o; *√gad*, Un.) raw sugar, Un. i, 67; a mouthful, L.

22. **गडारिका** gaddārikā, f., N. of a river with a very slow current (of which the source and course are unknown), Kpr., Sch.; a single ewe going in front of a flock of sheep, ib.

23. **Gaddālikā**, f. id. (only in comp.) — **pravāhena**, instr. ind. 'like the current of the Gaddālikā river,' very slowly, Sāh. vi, 212 ॥.

24.