

चूत् cyūta, v.l. for cūta, the anus, W.

चौत् cyautnā. See √2. cyu.

च CHA.

च 1. cha, the 7th consonant (aspirate of the preceding). — kāra, m. the letter or sound cha.

च 2. cha, m. (√cho) dividing, L.; a fragment, L. — mandala, n. = pradeśa-viśeṣha, L.

च 3. cha, mfn. pure, clean, L.; tremulous, unsteady, L.; (ā), f. covering, concealing (cf. √chad), L.; a mark, sign, L.; cf. chā.

चगा chaga, m. = chāga, a he-goat, L.

Chagalā, m. id., TS. v, 6, 22, 1; Suśr.; (Pāṇ. iv, 1, 117) N. of a muni, VāyuP. i, 23, 198; of a locality, g. takhaśilādi; pl. N. of a family, Pravar. iii, 1; n. blue cloth, L.; (ā), f. N. of a woman, g. bā-hvādi; = °lāntrikā, L.; (ī), f. id., L.; a she-goat, Car. i, 3, 21 (-payas, n.) Chagalāṅghrī, v.l. for °lāntrī, L., Sch. Chagalāṅda, n. 'goat-testicle,' N. of a Tirtha, MatsyaP. xiii (v.l. chāg°); (ī), v.l. for °lāntrī, L., Sch. Chagalāntrikā, f. Argyreia speciosa or argentea (ajāntrī), L. Chagalāntrin, m. 'having goats in the bowels,' a wolf, L. Chagalāntrī, f. = °trikā, Suśr. i, 38, 26 & 39, 2; 46, 4, 39.

Chagalaka, m. a he-goat, L.; (īkā), f. a she-goat, Divyāv. xviii, 136. Chagalin, m. N. of a teacher (pupil of Kalāpi, Pāṇ. iv, 3, 104, Kāś.), 109.

चगणा chagana (fr. śakn- of śakrit), m. [n., L.] dried cow-dung, Pañcad. iv, 9; cf. chāg°.

चगल् chagalā, &c. See chaga.

चच्छिका chacchikā, butter-milk, Bhpr. v.

चज्जु chajjū, m. N. of a man, Kathārṇ. xxx.

चटा chatā, f. a mass, lump, assemblage, number, Śiś. i, 47; Kathās.; Rājat. v, 332; Prasannar.; Sāh.; a collection of rays, lustre, Pañcar.; Dhūrtas.; Rājat. iv, 127; Prab.; Sāh.; = chātī, L.; N. of a Comm. on Vop. (also chātā). — phala, m. the betel-nut tree, L. Chatābhā, f. lightning, L.

Chadī, f. a kind of palm, L.

चडुलका chaddalikā, N. of a metre, Sāh.

चत्र chattra, &c. See √1. chad.

चट् 1. chad, cl. 1. °dati, to cover, Dhātup. xxxii, 41 (v.l.): Caus. (or cl. 10) chādā-yati (once chad°, AitBr. i, 30; chand° [fr. √1. chand], Dhātup. xxxii, 41; ep. also Ā., pf. chā-dayām cakre, R. iv, 58, 7; p. °yāna, MBh. vi, 2430), to cover, cover over, clothe, veil, RV. vi, 75, 18; AV. ix, 3, 14; TS. ii, v; ŚBr. &c.; to spread as a cover, AitBr. i, 30; to cover one's self, ChUp. i, 4, 2; to hide, conceal, keep secret, MBh.; R. v, 90, 16; to protect, SāṅkhGr. iii, 11; PārGr. iii, 9, 6 (KāṭhGr. 47): Caus. Desid. cicchādayishati, Pāṇ. vii, 4, 83, Vārtt. 2, Pat.; [cf. Goth. scadus.]

Chattra, m. (Pāṇ. vi, 4, 97; often spelt chatra) a mushroom, L.; Andropogon Schoenanthus, L.; a parasol-shaped bee-hive, W.; n. a parasol, Chattar (ensign of royal or delegated power, Jain.; Rājat. v, 18; PSarv.), Kātyār. xxi, 3, 6; Gobh.; Kauś.; ĀśvGr. iii, 8; AdbhBr.; Mn. &c. (ifc. f. ā, MBh. xii, 933); an umbrella, Cāp.; a particular constellation, VarBr. xii, 8; Laghuj. x, 8; 'shelter (of pupils)', a teacher (a meaning derived fr. chāttra), Pāṇ. iv, 4, 62, Pat.; (ā), f. N. of a plant growing in Kaśmir, Suśr. i, 19, 27; iv, 30; Anethum Sowa, L.; Asteracantha longifolia, L.; Rubia Munjista, L.; a mushroom, L.; cf. ati-, ahi-, eka-, gomaya-sita-; ākṛiti-cchatrā. — gucca, m. 'umbrella-clustered,' Scirpus Kysoor, L. — griha, n. the room in which the parasol (or badge of royalty) is kept, MBh. v, 3544. — grāhini, f. a female parasol-bearer, Kād. — cakra, n. (in astrol.) a kind of diagram. — dhānya, n. coriander, L. — dhāra, m. (Pāṇ. vi, 2, 75, Kāś.) a parasol-bearer, R. iii, 58, 3; Pañcat. (-tva, n. abstr., i, 10, 2). — dhārana, n. carrying or using a parasol, Mn. ii, 178 (ifc.); Pāṇ. iv, 4, 62, Pat. — dhārin, mfn. bearing a parasol, Mṛicch. v, 1½; m. N. of a son of Horila-singha. — pa, m. = -pati, W. — pati, m. the officer watching over the royal parasol, Sīhās. xxiii, 2. — pattra, m. 'parasol-leaved,' Hibiscus mutabilis, L.; Betula

Bhojpatra, Npr. — parṇa, m. 'parasol-leaved,' Alstonia scholaris, L. — pushpaka, m. 'parasol-flowered,' the Tilaka tree, Bhpr. — bhāṅga, m. destruction of the royal parasol, loss of dominion, L.; anarchy (svātantrya), L.; widowhood, L. — mukhā, f. 'parasol-faced,' N. of a Nāga virgin, Kāraṇḍ. i, 48. — yuktī, f. 'use of the parasol,' N. of a chapter of Bhoja's Yukti-kalpa-taru. — vat, mfn. furnished with a parasol, Suśr. i, 10, 1; (ī), f. N. of a town (Ahi-cchatra, Sch.), MBh. i, 6348.

— vriksha, m. Pterospermum suberifolium, Bhpr.

— sāla, m. N. of prince Sabhā-singha's father. — sin-

ha, n. N. of a Tirtha, Rasik. xi, 38. — haya, m. pl. N. of a family, Pravar. ii, 3, 6; v. i. Chattrākāra-

sīras, mfn. having a parasol-shaped head, Divyāv.

Chattrāticchattrā, m. a fragrant grass, L.; (ā), f. id., L. Chattrādi, a Gaṇa of Pāṇ. (iv, 4, 62).

Chattrōpānaha, n. sg. (Pāṇ. v, 4, 106, Kāś.) the

parasol and the shoes, Mn. ii, 246; MBh. xiii, 4641.

Chattraka, m. a parasol-shaped temple in honour of Śiva, L.; a parasol-shaped bee-hive (cf. chāttrō), W.; Asteracantha longifolia, L.; a mushroom, L.; a kingfisher, L.; n. a parasol, Hcat. i, 7, 268; (īkā), f. a parasol, 323 & 1446; a small parasol, Kād. vi, 177; a mushroom, L.; candied sugar, Npr.

Chattrāka, m. a plant akin to Acacia arabica, L., n. a mushroom, ShadvBr. v, 6; Mn. v, 19; Yājñ. i, 176; BhP. x, 25, 19; (ī), f. the ichneumon plant, L.

Chattrika, m. = °ttra-dhara, g. purohitāddi.

Chattrīna, m. N. of a man, Pravar. ii, 3, 5.

Chattrin, mfn. furnished with a parasol, MBh. xiii, 739; Hariv. 14205; R. i, iii; m. a barber, L.

Chattrī-nyāya, m. 'the manner of applying the term chattrin to a king,' permitted synonym, MBh. iii, 19, Sch.; TāṇḍyaBr. xiv, 11, 3, Sch.

Chattrī, ind. in comp. for °ttra. — √kṛi, to use as a parasol, Kād. iii, 983; Kathās. Ixix, 150.

Chattvara, m. a house, Un. iii, 1; a bower, ib.

2. Chad, mfn. ifc. (Pāṇ. vi, 4, 97) 'covering,' see dhāma- & (?) bhūte-cchād, mallikā-; cf. ā-

Chada, mfn. ifc. covering, BhP. x, 83, 36; m.

a cover, covering (ifc.), R. vii, 23, 4, 32; cf. alpa-, uttara-, uraś-, ghana-, tanu-, danta-, daśana-, vadana-; (ifc. f. ā) a wing, Nal. ix, 12; a leaf, MBh.; R.; Pañcat.; BhP.; Prab. iv, 27; cf. a-yuk-, kara-, karkasa-, &c.; asra-bindu- & āyata-cchādā; the lip, L.; Xanthochymus pictoriis, L.; the plant granthi-parna, L.; n. feathers, Bālar. v, 13.

— pattra, m. a kind of birch, L.

Chadana, n. a cover, covering, Hariv. 12671;

R. ii, 56, 32 (ifc. f. ā); cf. mallikā-; a sheath, W.

; a wing, MBh. iii, 11595; a leaf, Suśr.; the leaf of

Laurus Cassia, L. Chadi, mfn. ifc. covering, BhP. vii, 14, 13; 'a roof,' see nāva-.

Chadin, mfn. ifc. covering, xii, 8, 44; 'having leaves,' see daśa-;

having wheels (pattra = dhārā, Sch.), iii, 21, 18.

Chadis, n. (Pāṇ. vi, 4, 97) a cover, roof of a

carriage, roof (griha, Naigh. iii, 4), RV. x, 85, 10;

AV. iii, 7, 3; VS. v, 28; TS. vi; AitBr. i, 29; ŚBr.

iii; Yājñ. i, 2, 22; iii; Kathās. ii, 49; cf. chādīsheya.

Chādir-darsā, m. appearance of roofs, MaitrS. ii, 2, 3; ĀpŚr. vi, 25, 6; (a-cch°, neg.) xv, 20,

2 & 8; 21, 3 & 10; cf. ĀśvGr. iv, 8, 12. Chā-

dish-mat, mfn. having a cover or roof (a carriage), ĀpŚr. x, 24, 2. Chādīh-sammita, mfn. corresponding to a cover, ŚBr. iii, 5, 3, 9.

Chadma, in comp. for °dman. — gati, f. ap-

proaching clandestinely, Nyāyam. ix, 1, 9, Sch.

— ghātin, mfn. killing deceitfully, Kathās. lxiv,

87. — tāpasa, m. a pretended ascetic, L. — dyūta,

n. deceitful playing at dice, MBh. i, 146. — rūpin,

mfn. disguised as (in comp.), 1792; R. vi, 11, 32.

— rūpena, instr. ind. in disguise, W. — vallabha,

m. the perfume coraka, Npr. — vesha, m. a decep-

tive dress, disguise, W. — veshin, mfn. of a pre-

tended appearance, BhP. vii, 5, 27; a cheat, W.

— stha, m. (Prākrit chāuma-ttha) 'remaining in

error,' a common man or ascetic (not possessing the

knowledge of a kevalin), Jain. — sthita, mfn. ifc.

pretending to practise (austerity, tapas-), Pañcat. iii.

Chadman, n. (Pāṇ. vi, 4, 97) a roof, ĀśvGr. iii,

8; Lāty. i, 7, 15; external covering, deceptive dress,

disguise, pretext, pretence, deceit, fraud, Mn.; MBh.

; R.; Pañcat. iii, 15, ½; Ragh. xii, 2; (in dram.) de-

ceitful intelligence or tidings, Daśar. i, 38; cf. kūṭa-

Chadmikā, f. Cocculus cordifolius, L.

Chadmin, mfn. ifc. disguised as, MBh. iii.

Chadvara, m. a tooth, W.; a bower, W.

1. Chanda, mfn. = °nna, L., Sch.

1. Chandas, n. 'roof,' see brihāc-; deceit, Un.

Channa, mfn. covered, covered over, MBh. iii, 800; R. i f.; Megh.; BhP. &c. (ifc., cf. Pāṇ. vi, 2, 170); obscured (the moon), MBh. i, 2699; Sūryas. iv, 10 & 22; hidden, unnoticed by (dat.), secret, clandestine, disguised, MBh. iii f.; R. ii, v; BhP.; Kathās.; Rājat.; (am), ind. secretly, Mn. ix, 98 & 100; Mṛicch.; Daśa.; (in comp. °nna-) Rājat. v, 467; (with √gai, to sing) privately, in a low voice, Lāty. iii, 1, 12 ff.; (e), loc. ind. secretly, Hariv. 8686.

Chāttra, m. (fr. chattrā [q.v.], Pāṇ. iv, 4, 62)

'sheltered,' a pupil, scholar, Pañcat.; Rājat. vi, 87;

Vop.; n. a kind of honey, Suśr. i, 45, 8, 2 & 6;

BhP. v, 21, 14. — gāndā, m. a bad scholar (knowing only the beginnings of verses), L. — gomin,

mfn. any one attendant on pupils, W. — tā, f. pu-

pilage, Pañcat. i, 4, ½. — darśana, n. 'looked at

by pupils,' fresh butter, L. — nilaya, m. 'pupils'

abode,' a college, Gal. — priya, mfn. dear to pupils, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 16, Kāś. — mitra, m. 'pupils' friend,'

N. of a grammarian, Un. iii, 70, Sch. — vyānsaka,

m. a knavish pupil, g. mayūra-vyānsakāddi.

Chāttra, n. = °ra-tā, g. manojñāddi; = °ra, a kind of honey, L.

Chāttri, Pāṇ. vi, 2, 86. — sāla, n., ib. (Kāś.); (ā), f., ib.

Chāttry-ādi, a Gaṇa of Pāṇ., ib.

Chāttrikya, n. the office of a parasol-bearer (chattrika), g. purohitāddi.

Chāda, n. (irr., Pāṇ. vi, 4, 96) a roof, L.

Chādaka, mfn. covering, Priy. i, 7; any ob-